CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR DOWNTOWN SIDEWALK IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT LIBERTY, TEXAS

CITY COUNCIL

MAYOR PROTEM:

DIANE DRIGGERS

COUNCIL MEMBER:

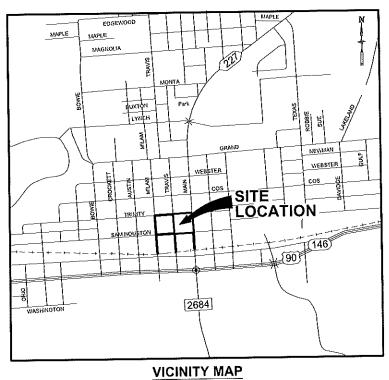
LIBBY SIMONSON DAVID ARNOLD, DDS

COUNCIL MEMBER: COUNCIL MEMBER:

DENNIS REASLEY

COUNCIL MEMBER: COUNCIL MEMBER:

NEAL THORNTON



SCALE: 1"=1,000'

INTERIM SUBMITTAL DOCUMENT SUBMITTED FOR REVIEW ONLY, NOT FOR BIDDING, OR CONSTRUCTION. ENGINEER: JEFF D. LEAVINS P.E. NO. 111537 DATE: 4/8/2021

JEFFERY D. LEAVINS, P.E. P.E. #111537

DATE

WHITELEY & OLIVER ENGINEERING, LLC

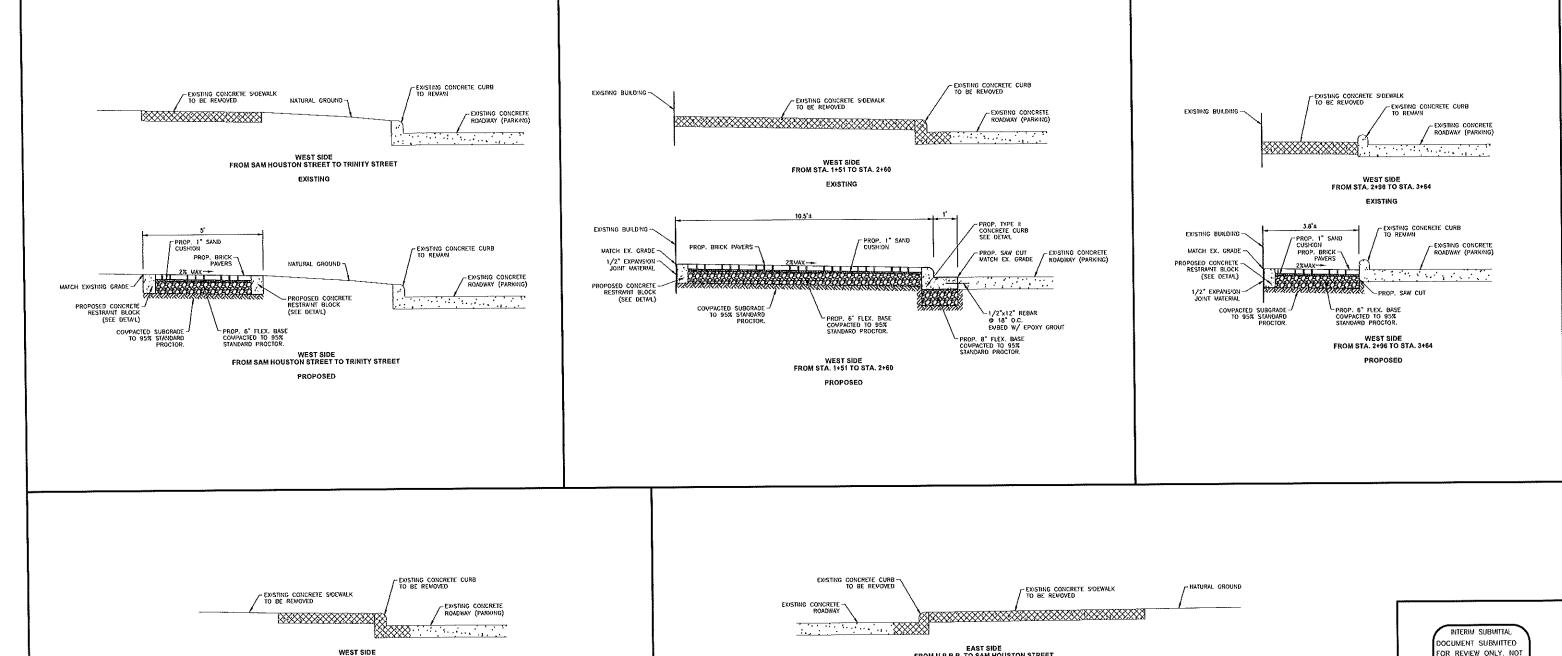
TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM NO. F-22257 3250 EASTEX FWY, BEAUMONT, TEXAS 77703 409-892-0421 MWWASSOC.COM

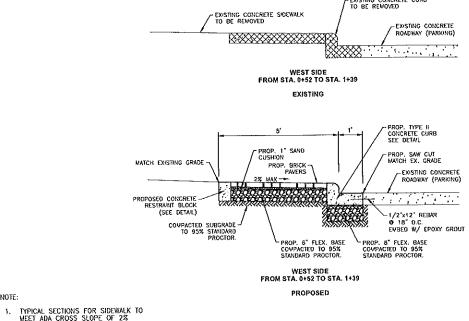
APRIL 2021

DATE CARL PICKETT

CITY MANAGER

MAYOR





2. SHOULD ONSITE CONDITIONS NOT WARRANT TYPICAL SECTIONS, THE ENGINEER WILL DETERMINE THE METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION TO MEET ALL AGENCY STANDARDS.

3. SEE SHEETS 48 & 49 FOR DETAILS NOT SHOWN HERE.

EXISTING

PROP. TYPE II
CONCRETE CURB
SEE DETAIL
PROP. SAW CUT
MATCH EX. SRADE

EXISTING CONCRETE
ROADMAY

1/2'x12' REBAR
9 18' O.C.
EMBED W/ PROY. 80UT
PROP. 8' FLEX. BASE
COMPACTED TO 95%
STANDARD PROCTOR.

EAST SIDE
FROM U.P.R.R. TO SAM HOUSTON STREET
PROPOSED

FROM U.P.R.R. TO SAM HOUSTON STREET
PROPOSED

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JEFF D. LEAVINS P.E. NO. 111537
DATE: 4/8/2021

WHITELEY + OLIVER ENGINEERING, LLC

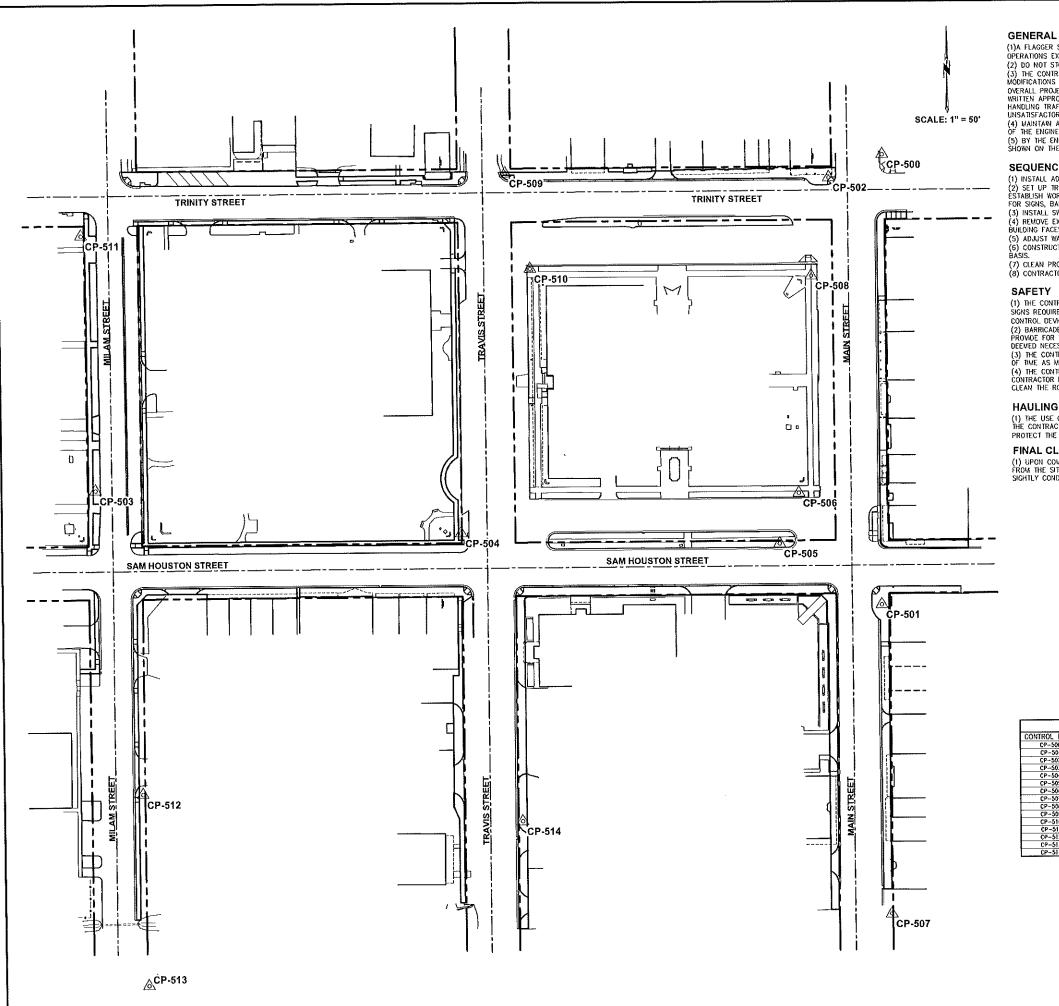
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CITY OF LIBERTY

DOWNTOWN SIDEWALK
IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT
TRAVIS STREET
TYPICAL SECTIONS

DR BY: THC	CK BY: SAW	APP BY: JOL		
VER: ACAD 2019	SCALE: SHEET NO:			
DATE: APR. 2021	N.T.S. 4			
JOB NO.	#/2020/20-1277 Liberty Sciencific/ REV			
20-1277	Constructor Para/20-1277 Constructor Parades 0			



(1)A FLAGGER SHALL BE STATIONED WHERE ANY EQUIPMENT IS IN OPERATION ON THE ROAD, WHERE ANY OTHER HAZARDS DUE TO CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS EXIST AND/OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. THIS WORK IS SUBSIDIARY TO THE BID ITEMS.

(2) DO NOT STORE ANY CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL OR EQUIPMENT AT ANY LOCATION THAT WILL CONSTITUTE A HAZARD OR WILL ENDANGER TRAFFIC.

(3) THE CONTRACTOR MAY PROPOSE/RECOMMEND MODIFICATIONS TO THE SEQUENCE OF WORK FOR CONSIDERATION BY THE ENGINEER. MAJOR MODIFICATIONS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INCLUDE ALL CHANGES TO THE RESPECTIVE PAY ITEMS, MAPACT TO TRAFFIC, EFFECT OF OVERALL PROJECT IN TIME AND COST, ETC. DO NOT PROCEED WITH CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS BASED ON A RECOMMENDED PHASE/SEQUENCE UNTIL WRITTEN APPROVAL IS OBTAINED FROM THE ENGINEER. IF AT ANY TIME DURING CONSTRUCTION THE CONTRACTORS PROPOSED PLAN OF OPERATION FOR HANDLING TRAFFIC DOES NOT PROVIDE FOR SAFE AND CONFORTABLE MOVEMENT, IMMEDIATELY ADJUST THE OPERATION TO CORRECT FOR THIS UNISASSEACIORY CONDITION.

UNSAIISFACTORY CONDITION.

(4) MAINTAIN ACCESS TO ALL ADJACENT PROPERTIES THROUGHOUT ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION, ADEQUACY OF ACCESS WILL BE AT THE DISCRETION OF THE ENGINEER. SAFE ENTRANCE AND EXIT TO ALL DRIVEWAYS SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH A MINIMUM OF INCONVENIENCE.

(5) BY THE END OF EACH WORK DAY, DURING ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN ALL CHANNELIZING DEVICES AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR ACCORDING TO MUTCD.

SEQUENCE OF WORK

(1) INSTALL ADVANCED WARNING SIGNS AND BARRICADES IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARDS FOR THE LIMITS OF THE PROPOSED SIDEWALK CONSTRUCTION.

(2) SET UP TRAFFIC CONTROL IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE TCP STANDARDS. CLOSE PARKING SPACES WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE WORK AND ESTABLISH WORK ZONE ROAD CLOSURE TRAFFIC CONTROL FROM THE LIMITS OF THE PROPOSED SIDEWALK CONSTRUCTION. SEE APPLICABLE STANDARDS FOR SIGNS, BARRICADES AND ALL OTHER TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.

FOR SIGNS, BARRICADES AND ALL DIFFER TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.

(3) INSTALL SWIP MEASURES AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

(4) REMOVE EXISTING SIDEWALKS, CURB AND GUTTER AND STREET SIGNS. PROTECT EXISTING WATER METERS, WATER VALVES, FIRE HYDRANT AND ALL BUILDING FACES AND APPURTENANCES. CONTRACTOR TO MAINTAIN ACCESS TO BUILDING ENTRANCES ON A DAILY BASIS.

(5) ADJUST WATER METERS AND WATER VALVES AS APPROVED BY THE CITY OF LIBERTY.

(6) CONSTRUCT PROPOSED SIDEWALKS AND RELATED APPURTENANCES. CONTRACTOR TO MAINTAIN ACCESS TO THE BUILDING ENTRANCES ON A DAILY

(3) CLEAN PROJECT TO OPEN TO TRAFFIC.

(8) CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE THE CITY OF LIBERTY 48 HOURS NOTICE PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK ON NEW LOCATIONS.

(1) THE CONTRACTOR WILL PROVIDE, CONSTRUCT AND MAINTAIN BARRICADES AND SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE STANDARDS BC(1-12)-13. ANY

(1) THE CONTRACTOR WILL PROVIDE, CONSTRUCT AND MAINTAIN BARRICADES AND SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE STANDARDS BC(1-12)-13. ANY SIGNS REQUIRED THAT ARE NOT DETAILED IN THE STANDARD SHEETS SHALL BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR STREET AND HIGHWAYS'S AND THE "STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS".

(2) BARRICADES AND WARRING SIGNS SHALL BE PLACED AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS. THIS SHALL BE CONSIDERED THE MINIMUM REQUIRED TO PROVIDE FOR THE SAFETY OF TRAFFIC DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN OTHER SUCH BARRICADES AND SIGNS DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE ENGINEER OR AS DIRECTED BY FIELD CONDITIONS TO PROVIDE FOR THE PASSAGE OF TRAFFIC IN SAFETY AT ALL TIMES.

(3) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN FLAGGERS AS DIRECTED/APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER, AT SUCH POINTS, AND FOR SUCH PERIODS OF TIME AS MAY BE REQUIRED, TO PROVIDE FOR THE SAFETY OF THE TRAVELING PUBLIC AND THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE FOR THE SAFETY OF THE TRAVELING PUBLIC AND THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SEPT THE ROBOWAY CLEAN, AND FREE OF DIRT OR OTHER MATERIALS DURING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS. IF THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EEP THE ROBOWAY, THEY SHALL CEASE ALL CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS, WHEN DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER TO CLEAN THE ROADWAY TO THE SAFTISFACTION OF THE ENGINEER.

HAULING EQUIPMENT

(1) THE USE OF RUBBER-TRED EQUIPMENT WILL BE REQUIRED FOR MOVING DIRT OR OTHER MATERIALS ALONG OR ACROSS PAVED SURFACES. WHERE THE CONTRACTOR DESIRES TO MOVE ANY EQUIPMENT NOT LICENSED FOR OPERATION ON PUBLIC HIGHWAYS, ON OR ACROSS PAVEMENT, THEY SHALL PROTECT THE PAVEMENT FROM DAMAGE AS DIRECTED/APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

(1) UPON COMPLETION OF THE WORK AND BEFORE FINAL ACCEPTANCE AND FINAL PAYMENT IS MADE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CLEAR AND REMOVE FROM THE SITE ALL SURPLUS AND DISCARDED MATERIALS AND DEBRIS OF EVERY KIND AND LEAVE THE ENTIRE PROJECT IN A SMOOTH, NEAT AND

CONTROL POINT COORDINATES 5,252.01 5,289.15 4,707.79 4,508.57 4,677.58

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WHITELEY + OLIVER ENGINEERING, LLC

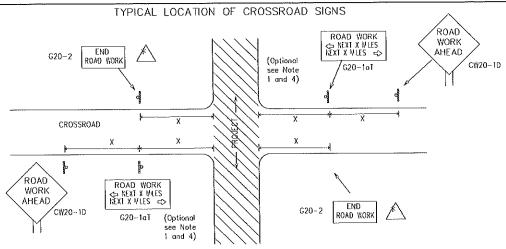
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CITY OF LIBERTY

DOWNTOWN SIDEWALK IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT SEQUENCE OF WORK & SURVEY CONTROL LAYOUT

			_
DR BY: THC	CK BY: SAW	APP BY:	JDI
VER: ACAD 2019	SCALE:	SHEET N	O:
DATE: APR 2021	1"-50	4,)
JOB NO.	#/2020/20-1277 Literty	Side#alks/	RE
	Combactor Ham (30a 1277 Com		



May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- 1. The typical minimum signing on a crossrood approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance worning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume. This information shall be shown
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered port of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

ROAD WORK ROAD WORK NEXT X VLES ⇔ G20-16TR \triangleleft 1000'-1500' - Hwy INTERSECTED 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow CSJ 80' G20-5oP ZONE Limit G20-5aP TRAFFIC R20-5T G20~51 FINES R20-5T DOUBLE ##£9 #0**£8\$ P\$_F#£\$!\$1 R20-5aTF G20-6T R20-5aTP CONTRACTOS ROAD WORK G20-2

T-INTERSECTION

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS

2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-16TL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING

SIZE

Conventional Expressway/ Number Road Freeway or Series CW204 CW21 CW22 48" x 48" 48" x 48 CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, 36" x 36" 48" x 48' CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14 CW3. CW4. CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" 48" x 48' CW8-3. CW10, CW12

Sign Posted Spacina Feet

SPACING

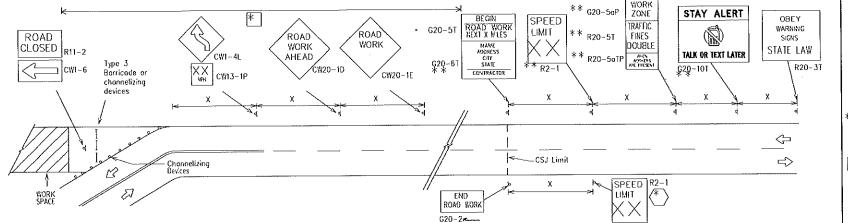
- st For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- A Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design

WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS G20-9TP* WORK SPEED STAY ALERT R4-1 PASS ROAD TIMIT TRAFFIC OBEY R20−51* WORK * * G20-51 FINES WARNING ROAD WORK CW1-4I AHEAD DOUBL MEK MATERIAL ME PERSYI STATE LAW anorogriate) NAVE ADDRESS CITY STATE CW20-10 ROAD R20-5oTP* TALK OR TEXT LATER [¥] 82−1 CW13-1P ■ G20-61 ROAD WORK CW20-1D CW1_4R R20-3T* G20-10T** WORK AHEAD CONTRACTOR XXAHEAD Type 3 Borricode or NH CW13-1P CW20~10 channelizing devices $\langle \neg$ $\langle \neg$ $\langle \neg$ <- \Rightarrow \Rightarrow Beginning of NO-PASSING SPEED WORK SPACE \Rightarrow \Rightarrow END R2~1 LIMIT WORK ZONE G20-261 line should Channelizing Devices CSJ Limit $\mathbb{A} \times \mathbb{X}$ 3X END coordinate ROAD WORK with sign When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional NOTES 620 - 2"ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20—1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizina devices.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(020-5T)sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE"(G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10 on BC(1). TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operations work.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \blacksquare \end{tabular}$ Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed fimit sign at the end of the work zone.

Type 3 Barricade	
000	Channelizing Devices
	Sign
Χ	See Typical Construction Worning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.

SHEET 2 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

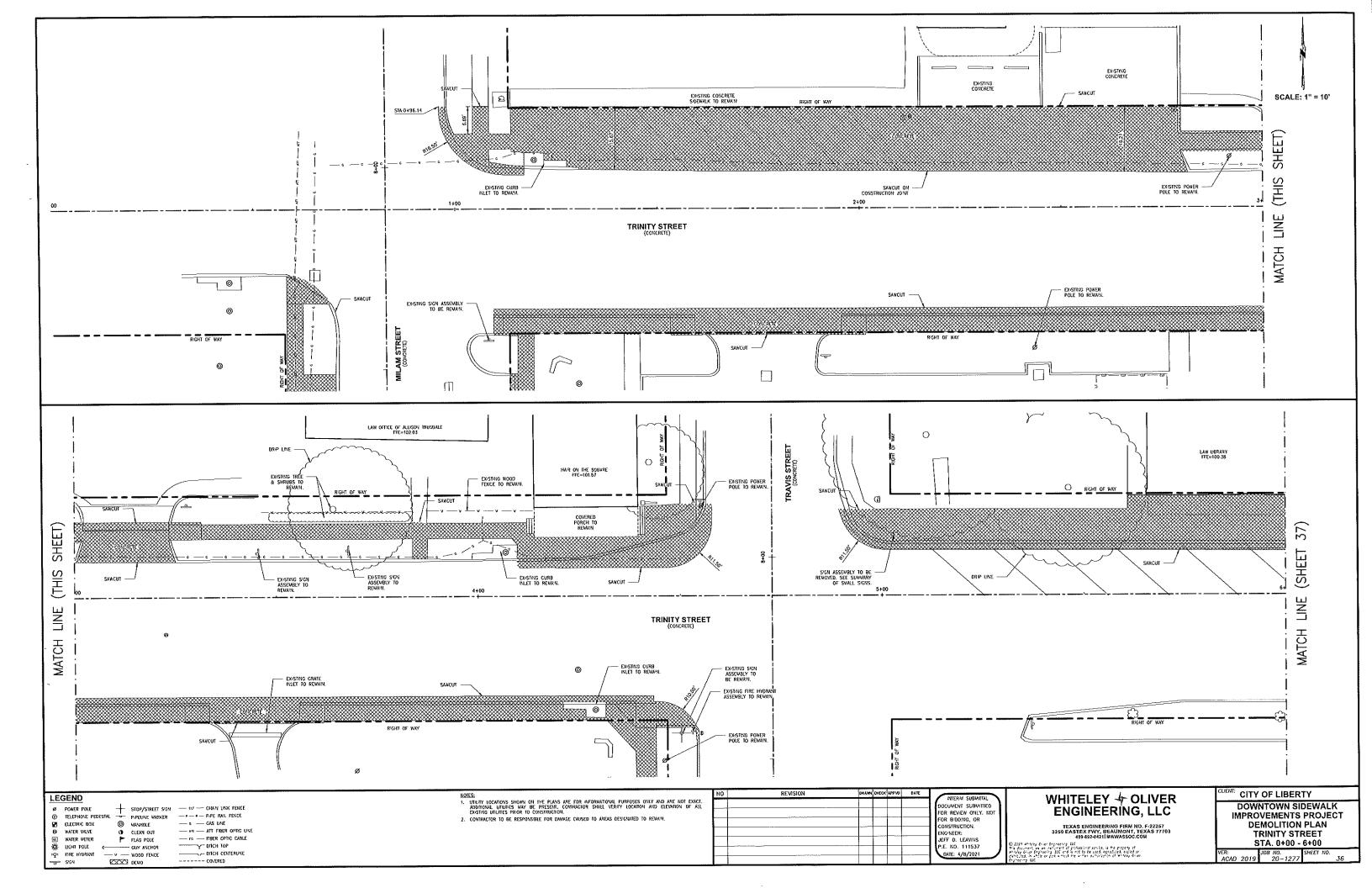
Traffic

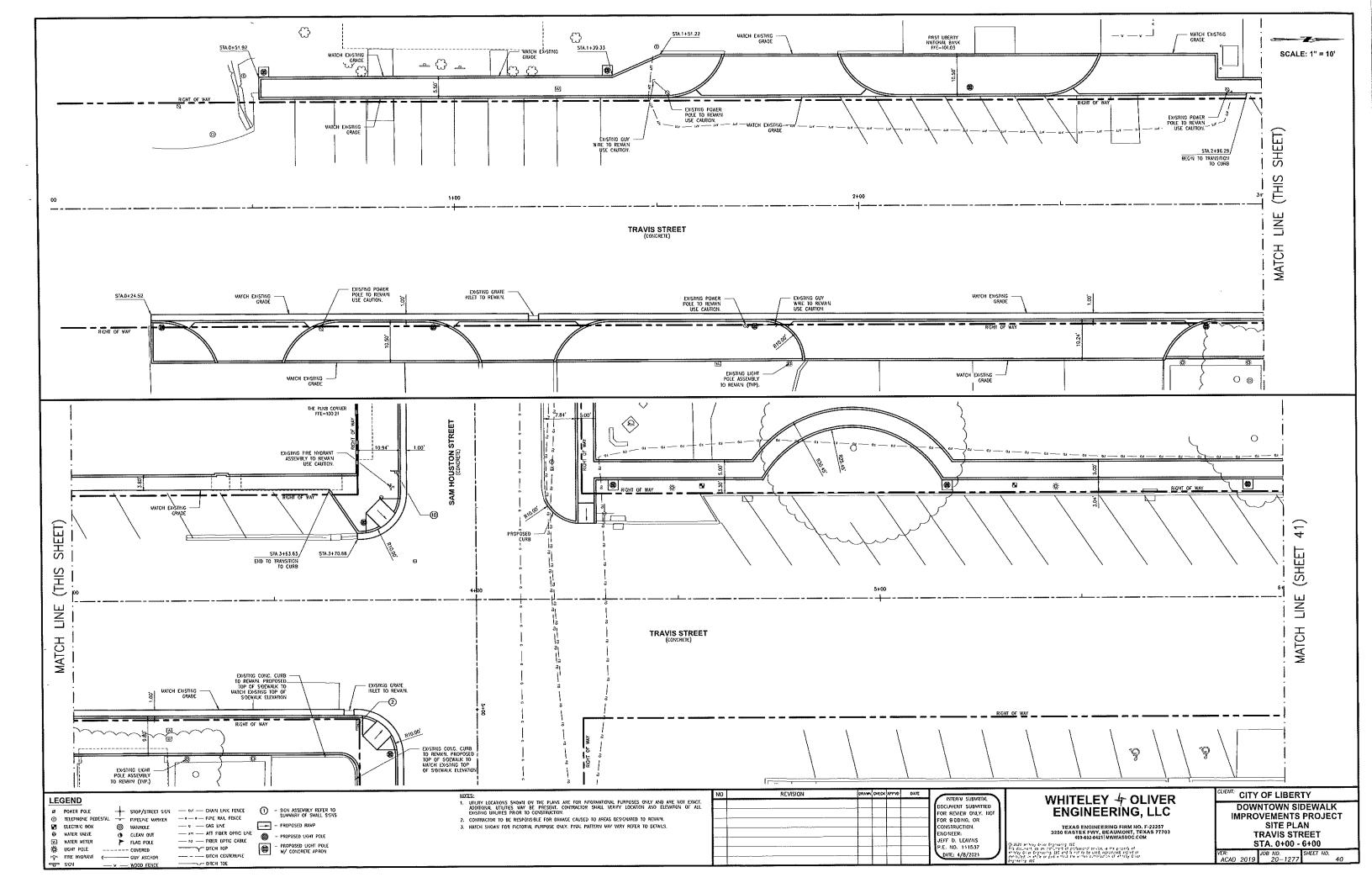
Operations

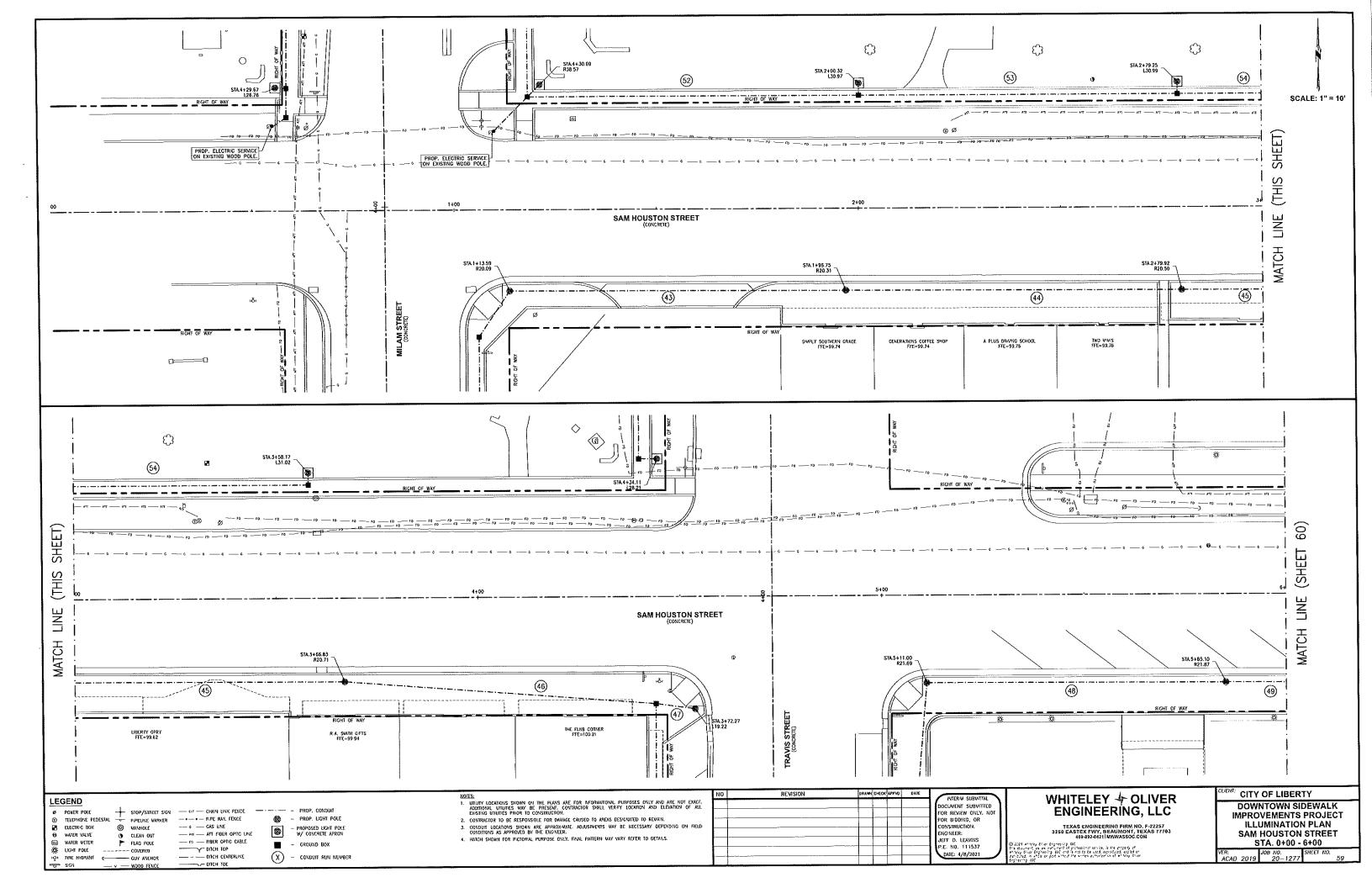
Division

BC(2)-14

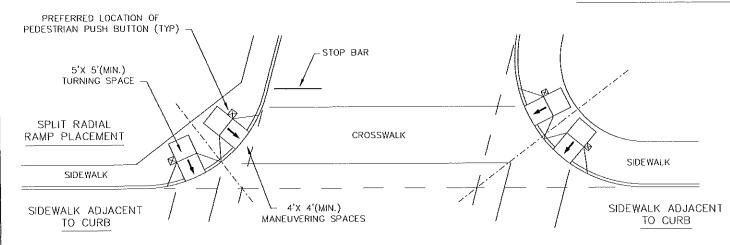
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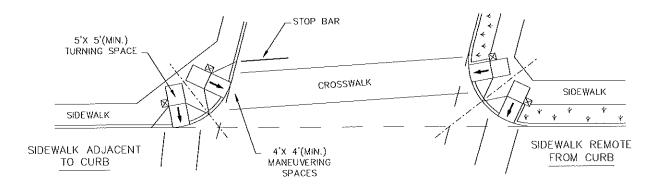




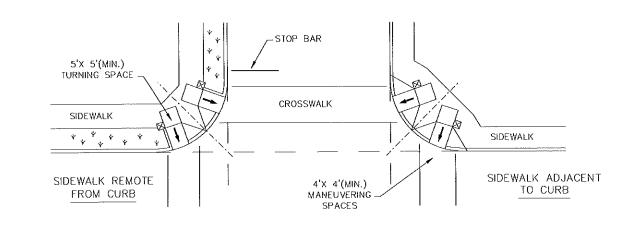
TYPICAL CROSSING LAYOUTS SEE SHEET 1 OF 4 FOR DETAILS AND DIMENSIONS



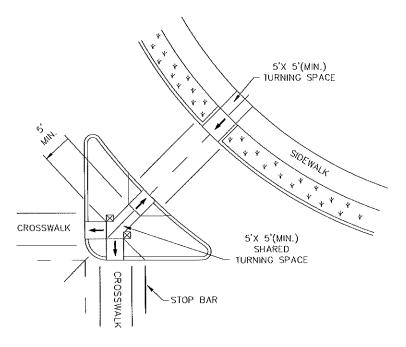
SKEWED INTERSECTION WITH "LARGE" RADIUS



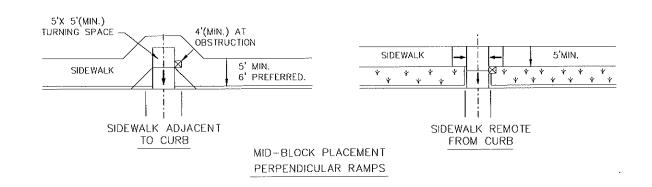
SKEWED INTERSECTION WITH "SMALL" RADIUS



NORMAL INTERSECTION WITH "SMALL" RADIUS



AT INTERSECTION W/FREE RIGHT TURN & ISLAND



 \boxtimes

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SHEET 4 OF 4



PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES CURB RAMPS

Design Division Standard

PFD-18

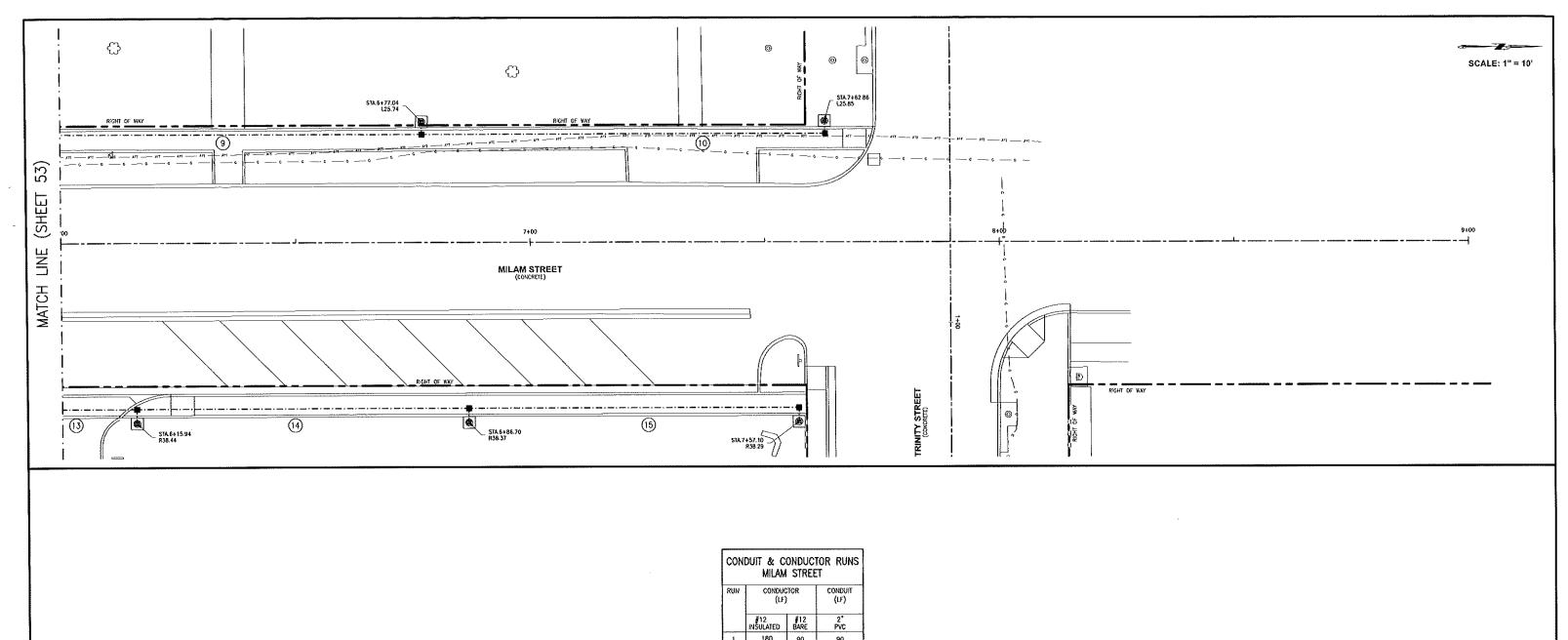
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CONT	SECT	309		H:GHWAY
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			D-51 COUNT	100000000000000000000000000000000000000

LEGEND:

SHOWS DOWNWARD SLOPE.

DENOTES PREFERRED LOCATION OF PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON (IF APPLICABLE).

DENOTES PLANTING OR NON-WALKING SURFACE NOT PART OF PEDESTRIAN CIRCULATION PATH.



CONDUIT & CONDUCTOR RUNS MILAM STREET					
สบห	CONDUC (LF)	CONDUIT (LF)			
	∦12 Insulated	∦12 BARE	2" PVC		
1	180	90	90		
2	180	90	90		
3	160	80	80		
4	170	85	85		
5	30	15	15		
6	20	10	10		
7	160	80	80		
8	180	90	90		
9	160	90	90		
10	180	90	90		
11	30	15	15		
12	200	100	100		
13	200	100	100		
14	150	75	75		
15	160	80	80		

NOTES:

1. UTILITY LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND ARE NOT EXACT. ADDITIONAL UTILITIES MAY SE PRESENT, CONTRACTOR SHALL VERRY LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES FROM TO CONSTRUCTION.

2. CONTRACTOR TO BE RESPONSIBLE FOR INMAGE CAUSED TO AREAS DESIGNATED TO REVAN.

3. CONDUIT LOCATIONS SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE. ADJUSTMENTS WAY BE NECESSARY DEPENDING ON FIELD CONTRIBUTES APPROXICE ADJUSTMENTS WAY BE NECESSARY DEPENDING ON FIELD CONTRIBUTES APPROXICE OF THE EXISTING. CITY OF LIBERTY WHITELEY & OLIVER ENGINEERING, LLC LEGEND DOWNTOWN SIDEWALK IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT ILLUMINATION PLAN DOCUVENT SUBVITTED FOR REVIEW ONLY, NOT FOR BODING, OR CONSTRUCTION.
ENGINEER:
JEFF D. LEAMNS
P.E. NO. 111537 PROP. LIGHT POLE ELECTRUSE FEAT

ELECTRUSE BOX

WATER VALVE

WATER VALVE

WATER VALVE

WATER VETER

UGHT POLE

POLE

POLE

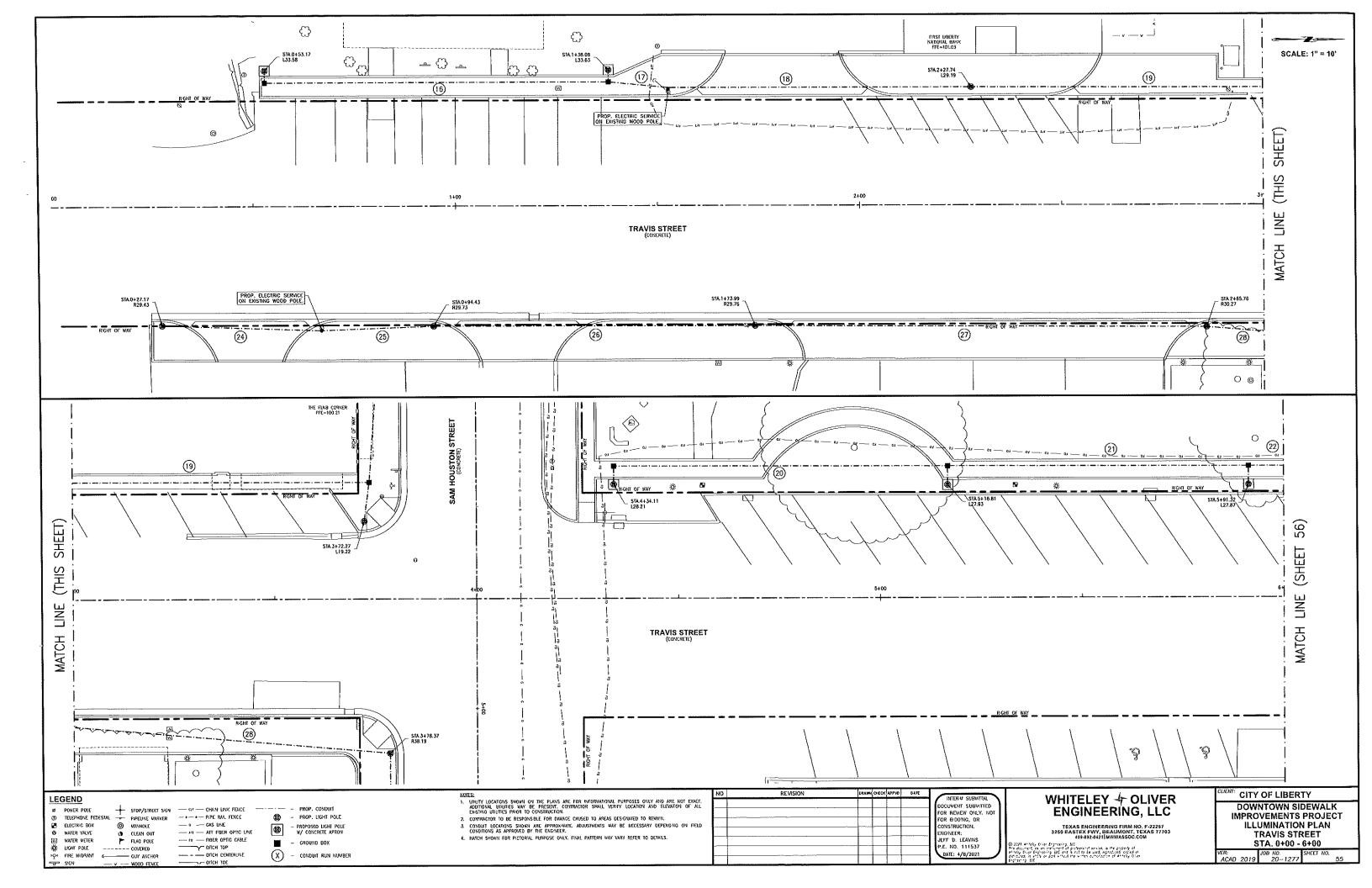
SON — a — GAS LINE — at — AT FIBER OPTIC LINE CLEAN OUT MILAM STREET — 10 — FIBER DPTIC CABLE

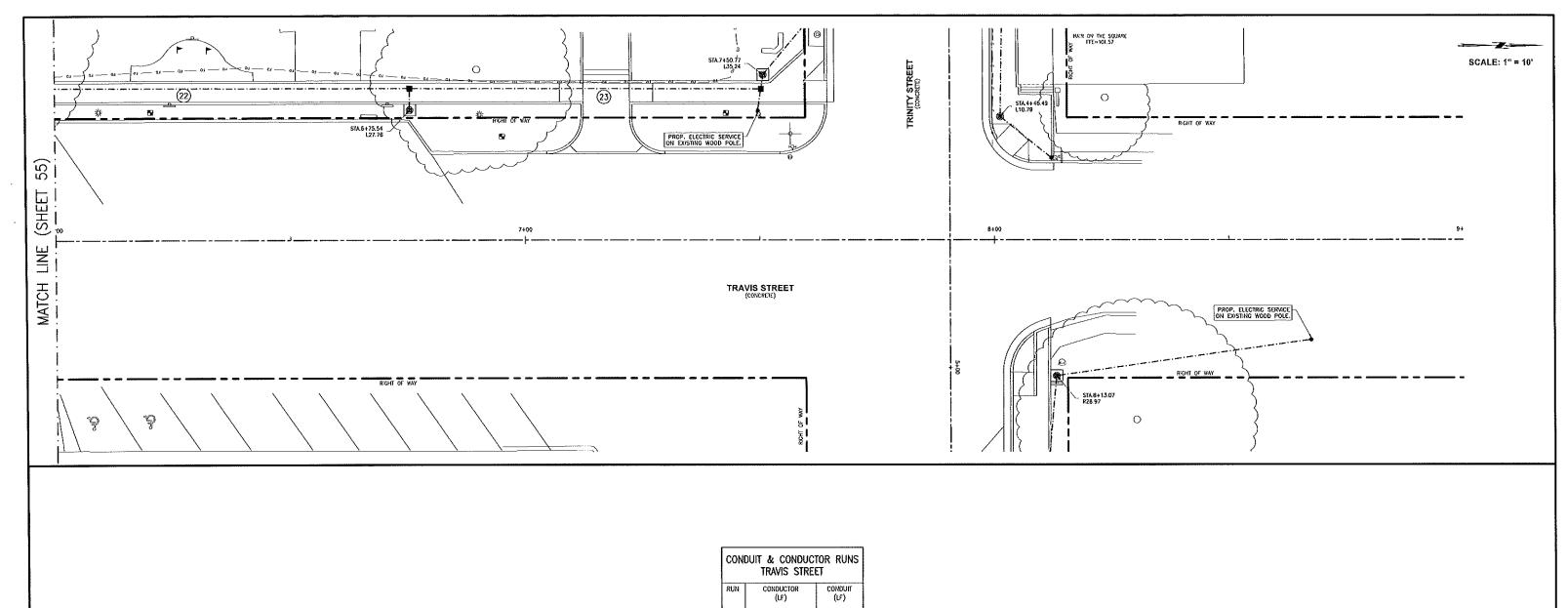
— DITCH TOP

— DITCH CENTERUNE

— DITCH TOE - GROUND BOX STA. 6+00 - 9+00 C----- COVERED

GUY ANCHOR





CONDUIT & CONDUCTOR RUNS TRAVIS STREET						
RUN	CONDUC (LF)	CONDUIT (LF)				
	#12 Insulated	∦12 BARE	2° PVC			
16	180	90	90			
17	40	20	20			
18	150	75	75			
19	300	150	150			
20	180	90	90			
21	160	80	80			
22	180	90	90			
23	160	80	80			
24	80	40	40			
25	60	30	30			
26	160	80	80			
27	230	115	115			
28	190	95	95			

LEGEND	HOTES:	NO	REVISION	ORAWN CH	CCX APPV	DATE	INTERIO SUBVITTAL	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	CLIENT: CITY OF LIBERTY
# POKER POLE	 UTILITY LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLAYS ARE FOR INFORMADIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND ARE NOT EXACT, ADDITIONAL UTILITIES WAY BE PRESENT, CONTRACTIONS SHALL VERPT LOCATION OF ELEVATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES HAVE BY PRESENT, CONTRACTION TO BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGE CAUSED TO AREAS DESIGNATED TO REWAY. CONDITIONAL DESTRUCTION ARE APPROXIMATE. ADJUSTIVENTS WAY BE NECESSARY DEPENDING ON FIELD CONSTITUTES AS APPROVED BY THE ENONIER. HATCH SHOWN FOR PICTORYAL PURPOSE ONLY, FINAL PATTERN WAY WARY REFER TO DETAILS. 						DOCUMENT SUBMITTED FOR REVIEW ONLY, NOT FOR BIDDING, OR CONSTRUCTION. EXPERIED: JEFF D. LEAVINS		DOWNTOWN SIDEWALK IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT ILLUMINATION PLAN TRAVIS STREET STA. 6+00 - 9+00 VER: ACAD 2019 JOB NO. SHEET NO. 56

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION I. GENERAL TITLE SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS TYPICAL SECTIONS GENERAL NOTES & ESTIMATED QUANTITIES 3 - 7II. TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SEQUENCE OF WORK BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS BC(1)-14 THRU BC(12)-14 10-21 22 TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK TCP(2-1)-18 TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE—WAY TWO—WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL TCP(2-2)-18 PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES CURB RAMPS STANDARDS PED-18 23 24-27 III. ROADWAY DETAILS DEMOLITION PLAN 28 - 3738-47 SITE PLAN MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS 48-49 IV. TRAFFIC ITEMS SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES AND DETAILS SMD(GEN)-08 50 51 52 SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIP BASE DETAILS SMD(SLIP-1)-08 SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIP BASE SYSTEM SMD(SLIP-2)-08 V. ILLUMINATION ITEMS ILLUMINATION PLAN 53-62 MISCELLANEOUS ILLUMINATION DETAILS 63 ELECTRICAL DETAILS CONDUITS & NOTES ED(1)-14 64 65 ELECTRICAL DETAILS CONDUIT SUPPORTS ED(2)-14 66 ELECTRICAL DETAILS CONDUCTORS ED(3)-14 67 ELECTRICAL DETAILS GROUND BOXES ED(4)-14 ELECTRICAL DETAILS SERVICE NOTES & DATA ED(5)-14 68 69 ELECTRICAL DETAILS SERVICE ENCLOSURE AND NOTES ED(6)-14 ELECTRICAL DETAILS SERVICE SUPPORT TYPES GC, OC & TP ED(10)-14 70 ELECTRICAL DETAILS BATTERY BOX GROUND BOXES ED(12)-14 71

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TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM NO. F-22257 3250 EASTEX FWY, BEAUMONT, TEXAS 77703 409-892-0421|MWWASSOC.COM

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CITY OF LIBERTY

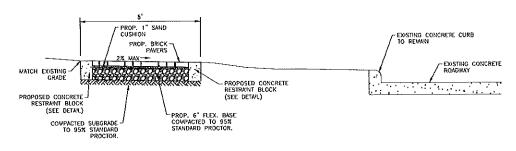
DOWNTOWN SIDEWALK
IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT

INDEX OF SHEETS

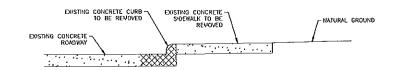
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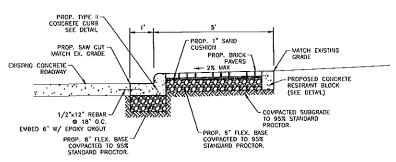
WEST SIDE FROM SAM HOUSTON STREET TO TRINITY STREET EXISTING



WEST SIDE FROM SAM HOUSTON STREET TO TRINITY STREET PROPOSED



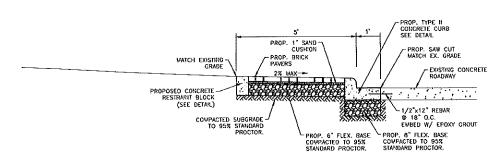
EAST SIDE FROM SAM HOUSTON STREET TO TRINITY STREET EXISTING



EAST SIDE FROM SAM HOUSTON STREET TO TRINITY STREET PROPOSED



WEST SIDE FROM U.P.R.R. TO SAM HOUSTON STREET



WEST SIDE FROM U.P.R.R. TO SAM HOUSTON STREET

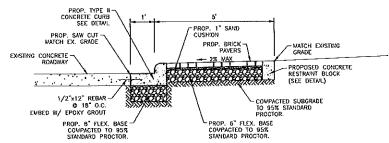
PROPOSED

EAST SIDE FROM U.P.R.R. TO SAM HOUSTON STREET PROPOSED



EAST SIDE FROM U.P.R.R. TO SAM HOUSTON STREET

EXISTING



WHITELEY + OLIVER ENGINEERING, LLC

INTERIM SUBVITTAL DOCUMENT SUBMITTED

FOR REVIEW ONLY, NOT FOR BIDDING, OR

CONSTRUCTION. ENGINEER: JEFF D. LEAVINS P.E. NO. 111537 DATE: 4/8/2021

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CITY OF LIBERTY

DOWNTOWN SIDEWALK **IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT MILAM STREET**

TYPICAL SECTIONS OR BY: THC CK BY: SAW APP BY: JDI

N.T.S. /2020/20-1277 Liberty Sidewalks/ structor Pam/20-1277 Constructor Pamaling

2. SHOULD ONSITE CONDITIONS NOT WARRANT TYPICAL SECTIONS, THE ENGINEER WILL DETERMINE THE METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION TO MEET ALL AGENCY STANDARDS.

SEE SHEETS 48 & 49 FOR DETAILS NOT SHOWN HERE.

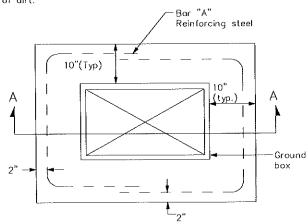
BATTERY BOX GROUND BOXES NOTES

A MATERIALS

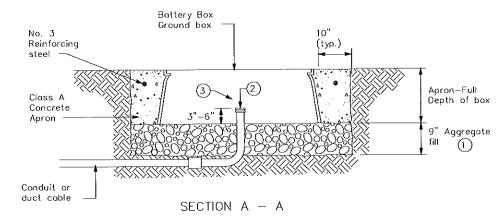
- Provide polymer concrete or fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) battery box ground box and cover in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11071 "Bottery Box Ground Boxes." Battery box will accommodate up to 4 batteries, each measuring 8 in. x 13.5 in. x 10 in. (W x L x D). Label battery box ground box cover in accordance with DMS 11071.
- Supply a marine grade batteries with covers. Secure the marine grade batteries with covers to the stainless steel rack in the bottom of the ground box with tie down strops.

B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- Ensure conduit entry will not interfere with placement of the batteries in the battery box ground box.
- 2. Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate and setting battery box ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure the aggregate bed is in place and is a minimum of 9 in, deep prior to setting the box. Install battery box ground box on top of aggregate.
- 3. Cast bottery box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth of concrete for the opron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed under the box. Battery box ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are subsidiary to battery box ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 4. Bolt covers down when not working in battery box ground boxes. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt.



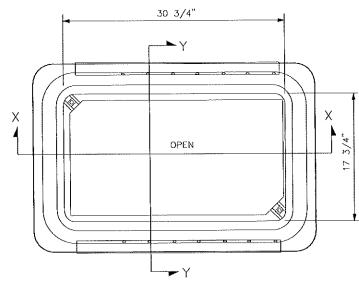
PLAN VIEW



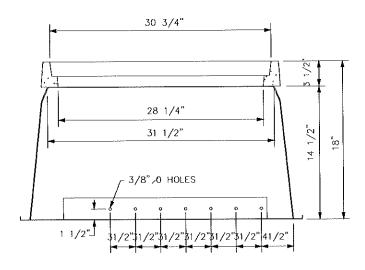
APRON FOR BATTERY BOX GROUND BOXES

- 1 Place aggregate under the box and not in the box.

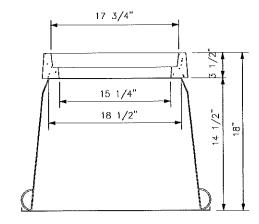
 Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (2) Install bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all ells
- (3) Install all conduits in a neat and workmanlike manner.



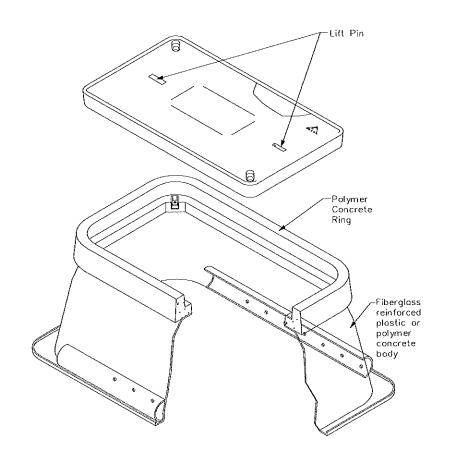
BATTERY BOX TOP VIEW



SECTION X-X



SECTION Y-Y



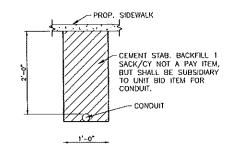


Traffic Operations Division Standard

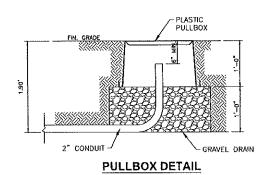
ELECTRICAL DETAILS
BATTERY BOX
GROUND BOXES

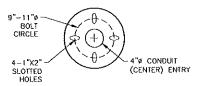
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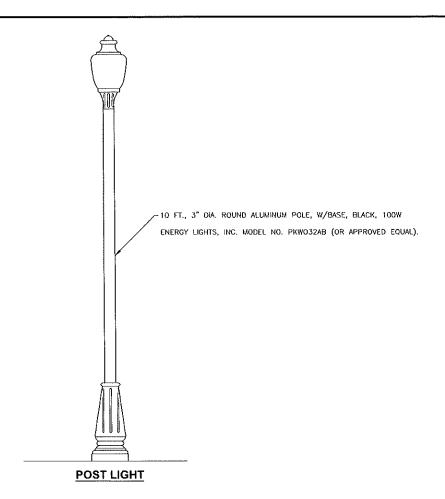


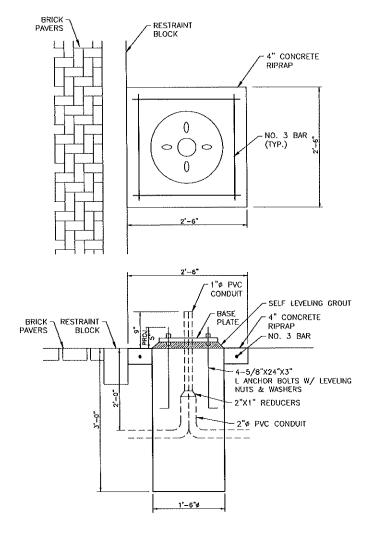
EXCAV. & BACKFILL FOR ELECTRICAL CONDUIT SECTION



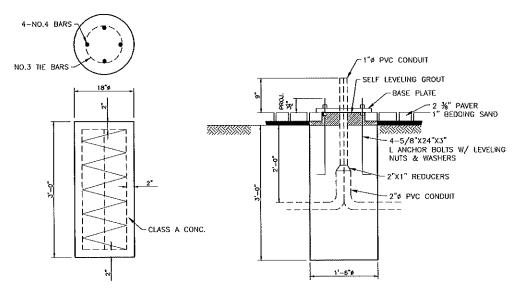


BASE PLATE DETAIL





## ILLUMINATION FOUNDATION W/CONCRETE APRON



## ILLUMINATION FOUNDATION ALL CONDUIT FITTINGS ARE SUBSIDIARY TO CONDUIT FITTINGS

## NOTES

- CONFIRM ALL DIMENSIONS & REINF, AND ANCHORAGE DETAIL REQUIREMENTS WITH POLE MANUFACTURER.
- CODROINATE WITH ELECTRICAL UTILITY PROVIDER ALL REQUIREMENTS RELATED TO ELECTRICAL SERVICE & PAY ALL UTILITY COMPANY FEES/CHARGES. COORDINATE THE PART OF THIS SERVICE INSTALLATION, CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING METERING PROVISIONS. (WIRE TO BE SIZED BY ELECTRICAL UTILITY PROVIDER)
- ALL ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS MUST COMPLY WITH THE MOST RECENT VERSIONS OF ALL APPLICABLE LAWS, RULES, REGULATIONS, & ORDINANCES OF ALL GOVERNING CODES & AUTHORISTICS.

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DOCUMENT SUBMITTED
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FOR BIDDING, OR
CONSTRUCTION.
ENGINEER:
JEFF D. LEAVINS
P.E. NO. 111537
DATE: 4/8/2021

# WHITELEY & OLIVER ENGINEERING, LLC

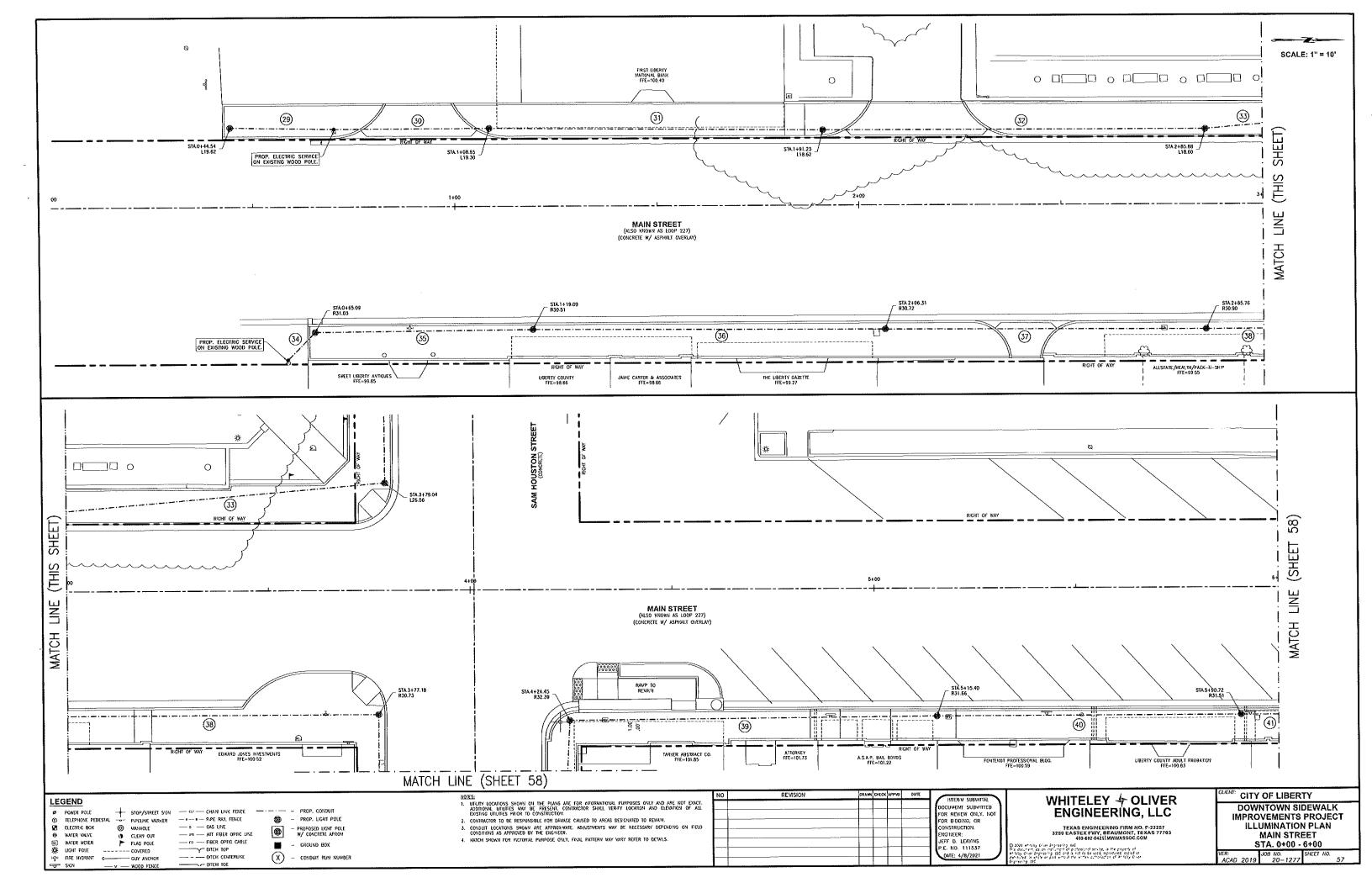
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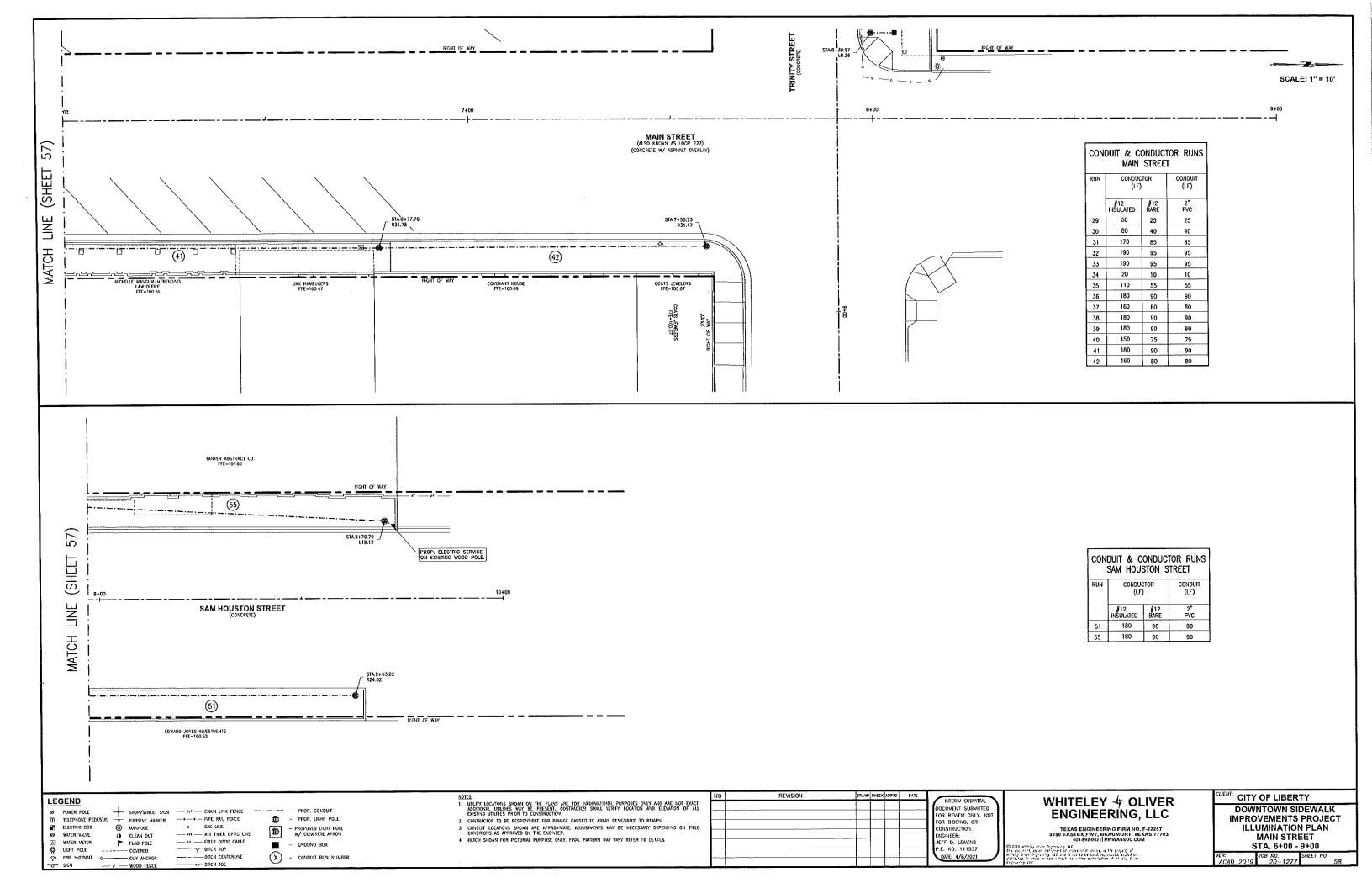
O 20th Whiley their Inglitudes LLC. The document on a subserver of protections tracker, as the property of whitey from Inglitudes and the total anguer produced, registed or strictled, in white or part which the writer exhibition of the left this fortunal LLC.

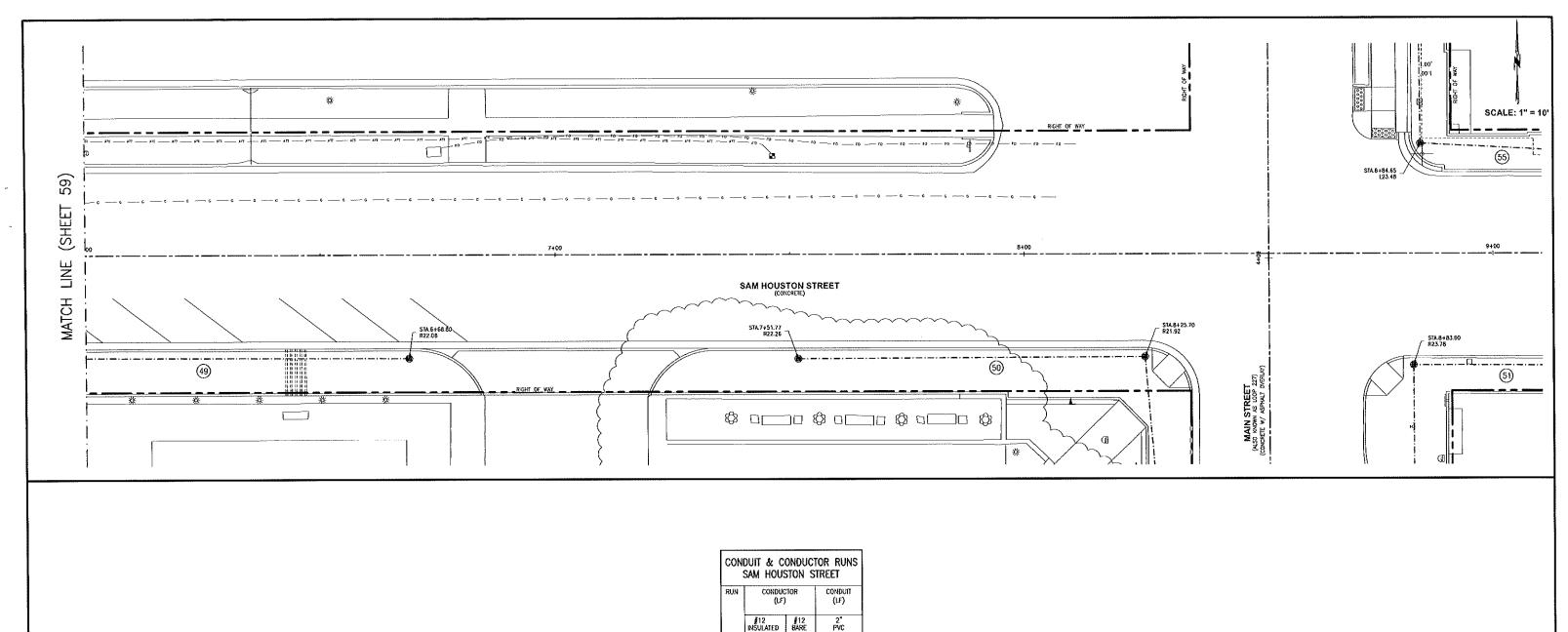
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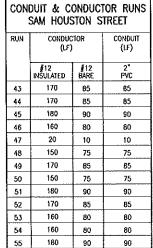
DOWNTOWN SIDEWALK
IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT
MISCELLANEOUS
ILLUMINATION DETAILS

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		SCALE: N.T.S.		
		#/2020/20-1277 Liberty Sidewolls/		REV.









HOTES:

1. UTILITY LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND ARE NOT EXACT.

ADDITIONAL UTILITIES WAY BE PRESENT, CONTRACTOR SHALL VERFY LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF ALL

EXISTING UTILITIES PROOF TO CONSTRUCTION

2. CONTROLOTOR TO BE RESPONSEDLE FOR SOMEACE CAUSED TO AREAS DESCONATED TO REMAIN.

3. CONDUCT LOCATIONS SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE ADJUSTMENTS WAY BE NECESSARY DEPENDING ON FIELD

CONDITIONS AS APPROVED BY THE EXISTING.

THE CONTROLOTOR SHOWN AND PURPOSE ONLY, FIVEL PATTERN WAY YARY REFER TO DETAINS. CITY OF LIBERTY WHITELEY & OLIVER ENGINEERING, LLC LEGEND POATR POLE

TELEPHONE PEDESTAL

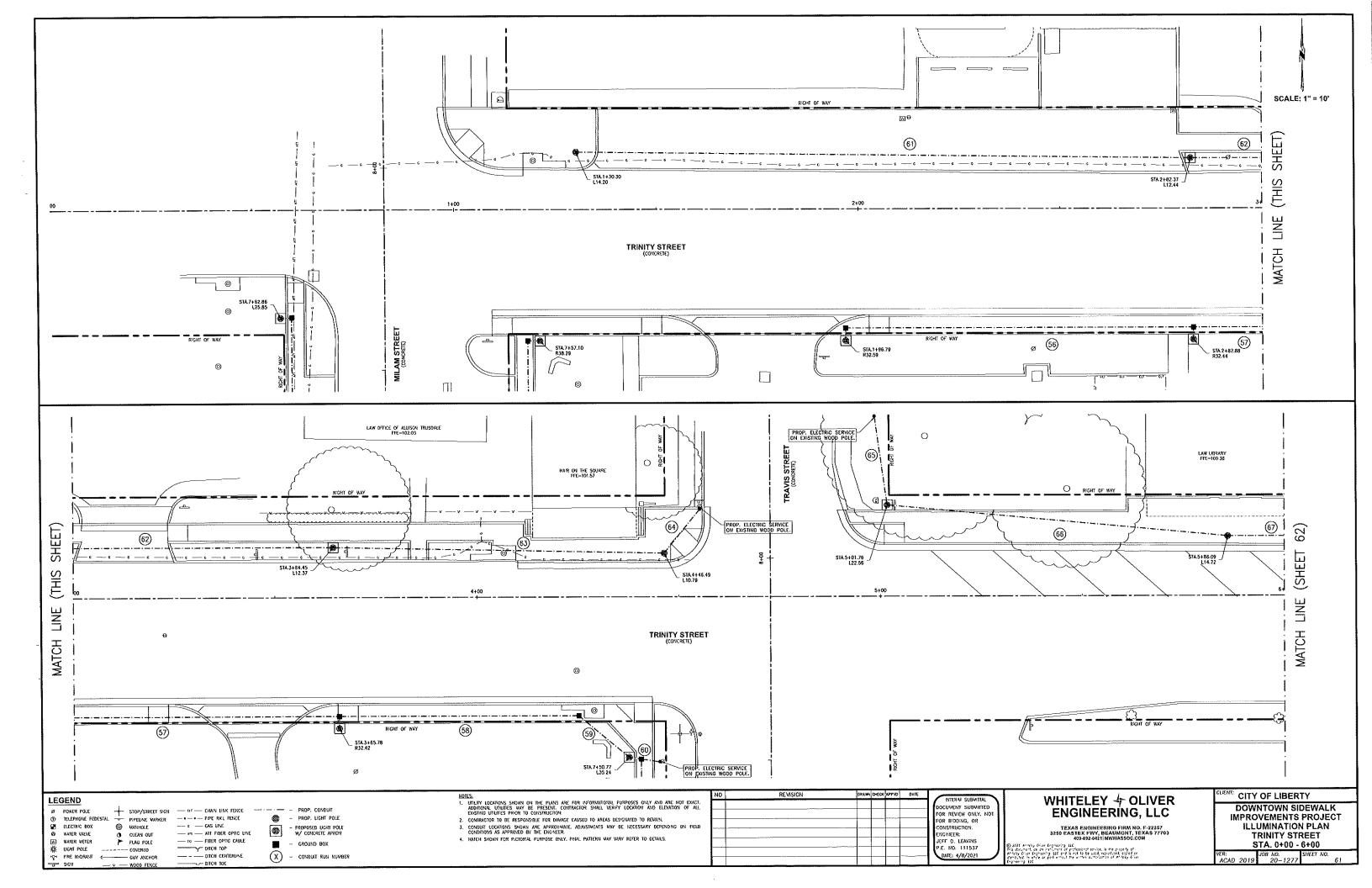
PRELIE WARKER

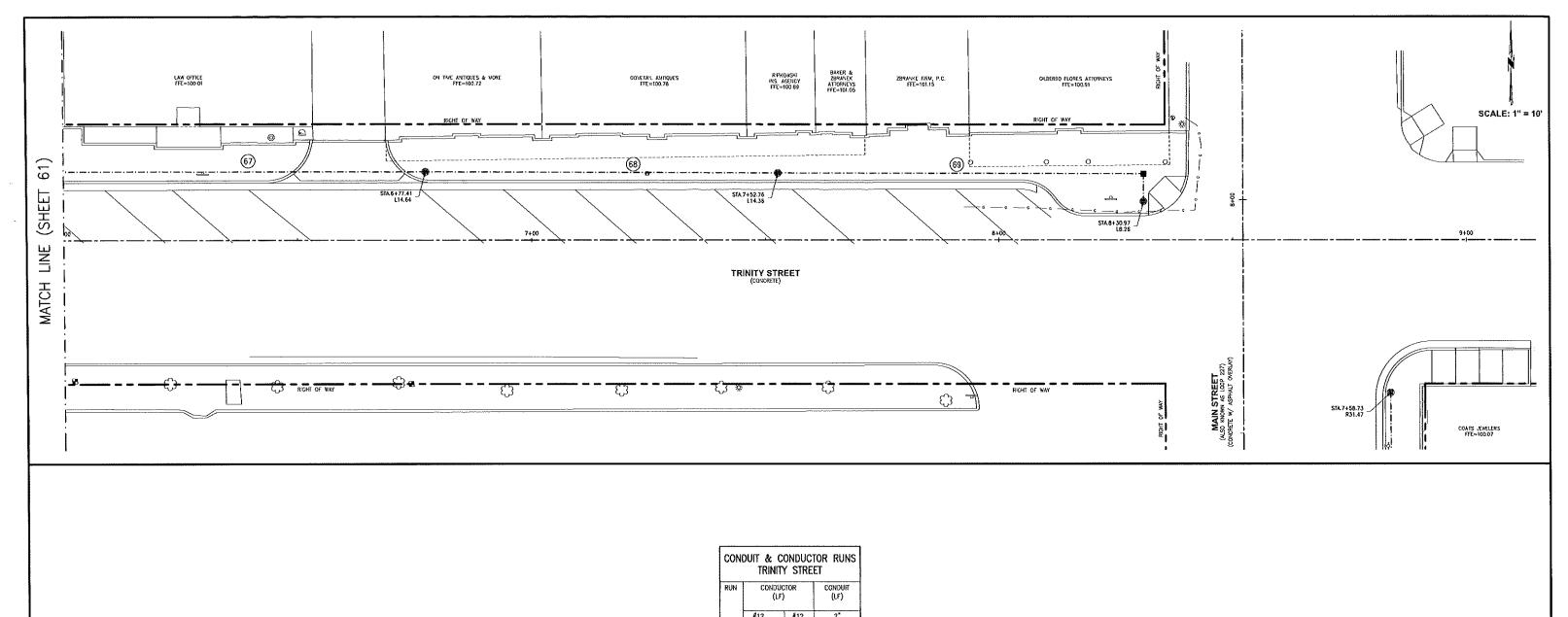
PRELIE WARKER

WARROUE

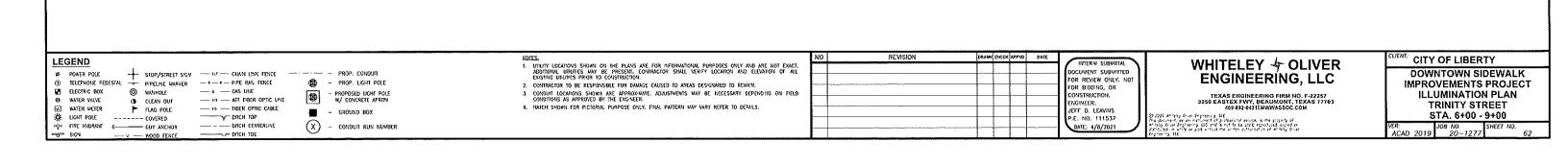
WATER VALVE

TO ACCOUNT. NITERY SUBULTIAL
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ENGINEER:
JEFF D. LEAMINS
P.E. NO. 111537 DOWNTOWN SIDEWALK - cu - Chain Link Fence - • - • • Pape Rul Fence ---- - PROP. CONDUST IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT PROP. LIGHT POLE --- GAS UNE ILLUMINATION PLAN PROPOSED LIGHT POLE W/ CONCRETE APRON TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM NO. F-22257 3250 EASTEX FWY, BEAUMONY, TEXAS 77703 409-492-0421 MWWASSOC.COM CLEAN OUT - AT - ATT FIBER OPTIC DISE SAM HOUSTON STREET 4. HATCH SHOWN FOR PICTORIAL PURPOSE ONLY, FINAL PATTERN WAY VARY REFER TO DETAILS. WATER VETER STA. 6+00 - 9+00 — — DITCH TOP HOH FIRE HYDRANT - CONDUIT RUM NUVBER C GUY ANCHOR TOT HOTE





CONDUIT & CONDUCTOR RUNS TRINITY STREET					
RUN	CONDUC (LF)	CONDUIT (LF)			
	#12 Insulated	#12 BARE	2" PVC		
56	180	90	90		
57	170	85	85		
58	130	65	65		
59	40	20	20		
60	10	5	5		
61	300	150	150		
62	160	80	80		
63	160	80	80		
64	30	15	15		
65	130	115	115		
66	270	135	135		
67	180	90	90		
68	150	75	75		
69	170	85	85		



## GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL ELECTRICAL WORK

- 1. The location of all conduits, junction boxes, ground boxes, and electrical services is diagrammatic and may be shifted to accommodate field conditions.
- 2. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TXDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association (CSA), Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Where reference is made to NEMA listed devices, International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) listed devices will not be considered an acceptable equal to a NEMA listed device. Acceptable devices may have both a NEMA and IEC listing. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Replace or reinstall rejected material or equipment at no additional cost to the Department.
- 3. Miscellaneous nuts, bolts and hardware, except for high strength bolts, may be stainless steel when plans specify galvanized, provided the bolt size is 1/2 in. or less in diameter.
- Provide the following test equipment as required by the Engineer to confirm compliance with the contract and the NEC: voltmeter, ammeter, megohm meter (1000 volt DC), ground resistance tester, torque wrenches, and torque screwdrivers. Ensure all equipment has been properly calibrated within the last year. Provide calibration certification to the Engineer upon request. Operate test equipment during inspection as requested by the Engineer.
- 5. Install grounding as shown on the plans and in accordance with the NEC. Ensure all metallic conduits; metal poles; luminaires; and metal enclosures are bonded to the equipment grounding conductor. Provide stranded bare copper or green insulated grounding conductors. Ground rods, connectors, and bonding jumpers are subsidiary to the various bid Items.
- When required by the Engineer, notify the Department in writing of materials from the Material Producers List (MPL) intended for use on each project. Prequalified materials are listed on the MPL on TxDOT's website under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." No substitutions will be allowed for materials on this list.

## CONDUIT

## A. MATERIALS

- Provide conduit, junction boxes, fittings, and hardware as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11030 "Conduit" and Item 618 "Conduit" of TxDOT's "Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges, latest edition. Provide roi construction and maintenance or Highways, Streets, And Bridges, Idest edition. Provide conduits listed under Item 618 on the MPL under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." Provide conduit types according to the descriptive code or as shown on the plans. Do not substitute other types of conduits for those shown. Provide liquiditight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) when flexible conduit is called for an galvanized steel rigid metallic conduit (RMC) systems. Provide liquiditight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC) when flexible conduit is called for an polydial chloride (PMC) extense. called for on polyvinyl chloride (PVC) systems.
- 2. Provide galvanized steel RMC for all exposed conduits, unless otherwise shown on the plans.
- 3. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, provide junction boxes with a minimum size as shown in the following table, which applies to the greatest number of conductors entering the box through one conduit with no more than four conduits per box. When a mixture of conductor sizes is present, count the conductors as if all are of the larger size. For situations not applicable to the table, size junction boxes in accordance with NEC.

A₩G	3 CONDUCTORS	5 CONDUCTORS	7 CONDUCTORS
#1	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"	16" x 16" x 4"
#2	8" x 8" x 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	12" x 12" x 4"
#4	8" x 8" x 4"	10" x 10" x 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
#6	8" x 8" x 4"	8" x 8" x 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
#8	8" x 8" x 4"	8" x 8" x 4"	8" x 8" x 4"

- 4. Junction boxes with an internal volume of less than 100 cu. in. and supported by entering raceways must have threaded entries or hubs identified for the intended purpose and supported by connection of two or more rigid metal conduits. Secure condult within 3 ft. of the enclosure or within 18 in. of the enclosure If all conduit entries are on the same side. Mechanically secure all junction boxes with an internal volume greater than 100 cu. inches.
- 5. Provide hot dipped galvanized cost iron or sand cast aluminum outlet boxes for junction boxes containing only 10 AWG or 12 AWG conductors. Do not use die cast aluminum boxes. Size outlet boxes according to the NEC.
- 6. Do not use intermediate metal condult (IMC) or electrical metallic tubing (EMT) unless specifically required by the plan sheets. When EMT is called for, provide function boxes made from galvanized steel sheeting, listed and approved for outdoor use, unless otherwise noted on the plans. Size all galvanized steel junction boxes In accordance with the NEC. Provide junction boxes for IMC conduit systems that meet the same requirements for junction boxes used with RMC systems.
- 7. Provide PVC junction boxes intended for outdoor use on PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise noted on the plans.

- 8. Provide PVC elbows in PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the PVC conduit system. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are specifically called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18 in., ground the RMC elbow by means of a grounding bushing on a rigid metal extension. Grounding of the rigid metal eibow is not required if the entire RMC elbow is encased in a minimum of 2 in. of concrete. PVC extensions are allowed on these concrete encosed rigid metal elbows. RMC or PVC elbows are subsidiary to various bid items.
- 9. When required, provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit with factory installed internal conductors according to item 622 "Duct Cable." At the Contractor's request and with approval by the Engineer, substitute HDPE conduit with no conductors for bored schedule 40 or schedule 80 PVC conduit bid under Item 618. Ensure bored HDPE substituted for PVC is schedule 40 and of the same size PVC called for in the plans. Ensure the substituted HDPE meets the requirements of Item 622, except that the conduit is supplied without factory-installed conductors. Make the transition of the HDPE conduit to PVC (or RMC elbow when required) at the bore pit. Provide conduit of the size and schedule as shown on the plans. Do not extend substituted conduit into ground boxes or foundations, Provide PVC or gaivanized steel RMC elbows as called for at all ground boxes and
- 10. Use two-hole straps when supporting 2 in, and larger condults. On electrical service poles, properly sized stainless steel or hot dipped galvanized one-hole standoff straps are allowed on the service riser conduit.

## B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Provide and install expansion joint conduit fittings on all structure-mounted conduits at the structure's expansion joints to allow for movement of the conduit. In addition, provide and install expansion joint fittings on all continuous runs of galvanized steel RMC conduit externally exposed on structures such as bridges at maximum Intervals of 150 ft. When requested by the project Engineer, supply manufacturer's specification sheet for expansion joint conduit fittings. Repair or replace expansion joint fittings that do not allow for movement at no additional cost to the Department. Provide the method of determining the amount of expansion to the Engineer upon request. Do not use LFMC or LFNC as a substitute for the required expansion condult fittings.
- 2. Space all conduit supports at maximum intervals of 5 ft. Install conduit spacers when attaching metal conduit to surface of concrete structures. See "Conduit Mounting Options" on ED(2). Install conduit support within 3 ft. of all enclosures and conduit terminations.
- 3. Do not attach conduit supports directly to pre-stressed concrete beams except as shown specifically in the plans or as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, jack or bore conduit placed beneath existing roadways, driveways, sidewalks, or after the base or surfacing operation has begun. Backfill and compact the bare pits below the conduit per Item 476 "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box" prior to installing conduit or duct cable to prevent bending of the connections
- 5. When placing conduit in the sub-grade of new roadways, backfill all trenches with excavated material unless otherwise noted on the plans. When placing conduit in the sub-base of new roadways, backfill all trenches with cement—stabilized base as per requirements of Items 110 "Excavation", 400 "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", 401 "Flowable Backfill", 402 "Trench Excavation Protection", and 403 "Temporary Special Shoring.
- 6. Provide and place warning tape approximately 10 in. above all trenched conduit as per Item 618.
- 7. During construction, temporarily cap or plug open ends of all conduit and raceways immediately after installation to prevent entry of dirt, debris and animals. Temporary caps constructed of durable duct tape are allowed. Tightly fix the tape to the conduit opening. Clean out the condult and prove it clear in accordance with item 618 prior to installing any conductors.
- 8. Ensure conduit entry into the top of any enclosure is waterproof by installing conduit sealing hubs or using boxes with threaded bosses. This includes surface mounted safety switches, meter cans, service enclosures, auxiliary enclosures and junction boxes. Grounding bushings on water tight segling hubs are not required.
- 9. Fit the ends of all PVC conduit terminations with bushings or bell end fittings. Provide and install a grounding type bushing on all metal conduit terminations.
- 10. Install a bonding jumper from each grounding bushing to the nearest ground rod, grounding lug, or equipment grounding conductor. Ensure all bonding jumpers are the same size as the equipment grounding conductor. Bonding of condult used as a casing under roadways for duct cable is not required. If the duct extends the full length through the casing.
- 11. At all electrical services, install a 6 AWG solid copper grounding electrode conductor.
- 12. Place conduits entering ground boxes so that the conduit openings are between 3 in. and 6 in. from the bottom of the box. See the ground box detail on sheet ED(4).
- 13. Seal ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or by other methods approved by the Engineer. Seal conduit immediately after completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a
- 14. File smooth the cut ends of all mounting strut and conduit. Before installing, paint the field cut ends of all mounting strut and RMC (threaded or non-threaded) with zinc rich paint (94% or more zinc content) to alleviate overspray. Use zinc rich paint to touch up galvanized material as allowed under item 445 "Galvanizing." Do not paint non-galvanized material with a zinc rich paint as an alternative for materials required to be galvanized.

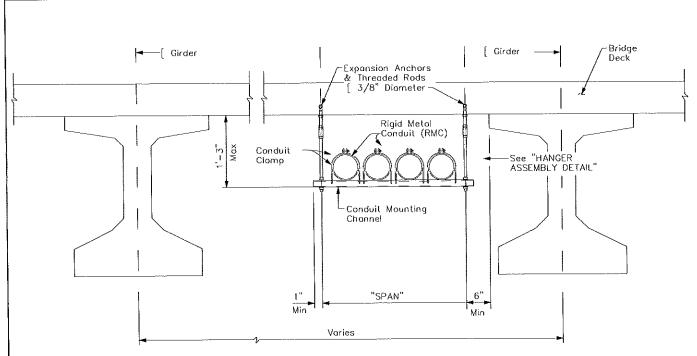


FIECTRICAL DETAILS CONDUITS & NOTES

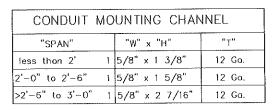
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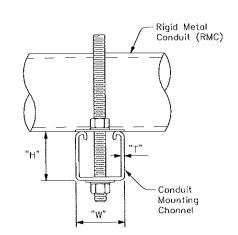
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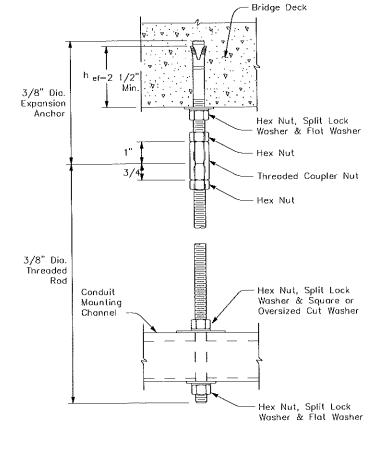


## CONDUIT HANGING DETAIL



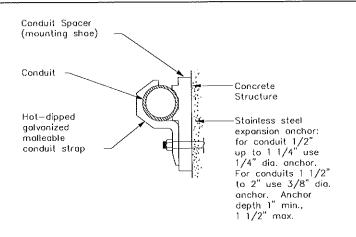
Channels with round or short slotted hole patterns are allowed, if the load carrying capacity is not reduced by more than 15%.

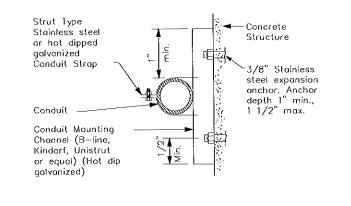




HANGER ASSEMBLY DETAIL

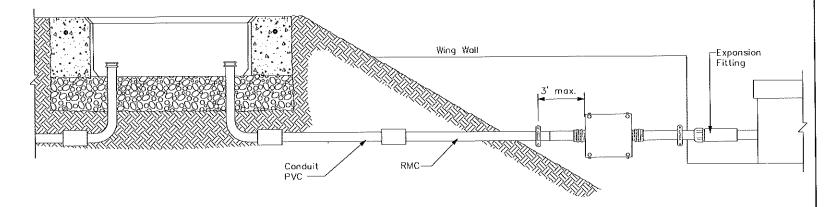
ELECTRIC CONDUIT TO BRIDGE DECK ATTACHMENT





## CONDUIT MOUNTING OPTIONS

Attachment to concrete surfaces See ED(1)B.2



TYPICAL CONDUIT ENTRY TO BRIDGE STRUCTURE DETAIL

## EXPANSION ANCHOR NOTES FOR BRIDGE DECK ATTACHMENT

- Use torque controlled mechanical expansion anchors that are approved for use in cracked concrete by the International Code Council, Evaluation Service (ICC-ES). The chosen anchor product shall have a designated ICC-ES Evaluation Report number, and its approval status shall be maintained on the ICC-ES website under Division 031600 for Concrete Applics
- Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer: do not use adhesive anchors; do not use expansion anchors that are not included in the ICC—ES approval list; and do not use expansion anchors that are only approved for use in uncracked concrete.
- 3. Use anchors manufactured with stainless steel expansion wedges. Anchors manufactured with carbon steel expansion wedges are not allowed. Anchor bodies can be either zinc-plated carbon steel or stainless steel. For application in marine environment, both the anchor body and expansion wedge shall be stainless steel.
- 4. Install anchors as shown on the plans and in accordance with the anchor manufacturer's published installation instructions. Arrange a field demonstration test to evaluate the procedures and tools. The test shall be witnessed and approved by the Engineer prior to furnishing anchors on the structure.
- 5. Prior to hole drilling, use rebar locator to ensure clearing of existing deck strands or reinforcement. Install anchors to ensure a minimum effective embedment depth, ( et), as shown. Increase ( ef)as needed to ensure sufficient thread length for proper torqueing and tightening of anchors.
- 6. Use anchors of minimum 1600 Lbs tensile capacity (minimum of steel, concrete breakout, and concrete pullout strengths as determined by ACI 318 Appendix D) at the required minimum embedment depth ( ef). No lateral loads shall be introduced after conduit installation.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

ELECTRICAL DETAILS CONDUIT SUPPORTS

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DATE FILE:

## ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS

## A. MATERIAL INFORMATION

- Provide Type XHHW insulated conductors in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS))1040 "Conductors" and Item 620 "Electrical Conductors." Provide conductors as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies" Item 620. Color code insulated conductors in conformance with the NEC. Identify grounded (neutral) conductors with white insulation, Identify grounding conductors (ground wires) with green insulation or bare conductors. Identify ungrounded (hot) conductors with any color insulation except green, white, or gray. Keep color scheme consistent throughout the wiring system. Identify conductors 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG) and smaller by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. When identifying conductors with colored tape, mark at east 6 in, of the conductor's insulation with half laps of tape.
- 2. Provide a solid copper 6 AWG grounding electrode conductor to bond the electrical service equipment to the concrete encased grounding electrode or the ground rod at the service location. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the ground rod with a UL listed connector in accordance with DMS 11040. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the concrete encased grounding electrode as shown in the
- 3. Where two or more circuits are present in one conduit or enclosure, permanently identify the conductors of each branch circuit by attaching a non-metallic tag around both circuit conductors at each accessible location. Provide tags with two straps, large enough to indicate circuit number, letter, or other identification as shown in the plans, Print circuit identification on the tag with a permanent marker.
- 4. Use listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors for splicing as specified in DMS 11040. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Provide UL listed gel-filled insulating splice covers. Splicing materials, insulating materials, breakoway disconnects, splice covers, and fuse holders are subsidiary to various bid items.

## B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the conduit system. After installing conductors in conduit, perform conductor pull test. If a conductor cannot be freely pulled, make any needed alterations or repairs at no additional cost to the department. Perform insulation resistance tests in accordance with Item 620. Coordinate with the Engineer to witness the tests.
- 2. Leave 2 ft. minimum, 3 ft. maximum tength for each conductor up to the splice in ground boxes. Leave 3 ft. minimum, 4 ft. maximum length of conductor in ground boxes when pulled through with no splice. Leave 1 ft. minimum, 1.5 ft. maximum length of conductor at enclosures, weatherheads and pole bases.
- 3. Make splices only in junction boxes, ground boxes, pole bases, or electrical enclosures and use only listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors. Insulate splices with heavy wall heat shrink tubing or gel—filled insulating splice covers to provide a watertight splice. Overlap conductor insulation with heat shrink tubing a minimum of 2 in. past both sides of the splice. Where heat shrink tubing may not shrink sufficiently to provide a watertight seal around the individual conductors, prior to heating the tubing, increase the diameter of the conductor insulation using hot melt adhesive tape to provide a watertight seal between the individual conductors and the heat shrink tubing. Ensure the tape extends post the heat shrink tubing. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Heat shrink tubing that appears to have been burned, or overheated, is considered defective and must be replaced.
- 4. Size and install gel-filled insulating splice covers according to monufacturer's specifications when used in place of heat shrink tubina
- 5. Wire nuts with factory applied waterproof sealant may be used for 8 AWG or smaller conductors in above ground junction boxes, but not in pole boses or ground boxes. Install wire nuts in an upright position to prevent the accumulation of water
- 6. Support conductors in illumination poles with a J-hook at the top of the pole.
- 7. When terminating conductors, remove the insulation and jacketing material without nicking the individual strands of the conductor. Conductors with nicked individual conductor stronds or removed stronds will be considered damaged.
- 8. Replace conductors and cables that are damaged beyond repair or that fail an insulation resistance test at no additional cost to the department.
- 9. Do not repair damaged conductors with duct tape, electrical tape, or wire nuts. Use only approved splicing methods.
- 10. Do not terminate more than one conductor under a single connector, unless the connector is rated for multiple conductors. Do not exceed the pressure connector's listing for maximum number and size of conductors allowed.
- 11. Install breakaway connectors on conductors bid under Item 620 whenever those conductors pass through a breakaway support device. Follow manufacturer's instructions when terminating conductors to breakaway connectors. Properly torque threaded connections. Proper terminations are critical to the safe operation of breakaway devices. Trim waterproofing boots on breakaway connectors to fit snugly around the conductor to ensure waterproof connection. Only one conductor may enter a single opening in a boot. Provide waterproof boots with the correct number of openings. Leave unused openings factory sealed. Use prequalified breakaway connectors as shown on the MPL

12. Provide and install a separate stranded equipment grounding conductor (EGC) in all conduits that contain circuit wiring of 50 volts or more. Unless shown elsewhere, size the EGC to be the same size as the largest current carrying conductor contained in the conduit. Ensure all EGCs are bonded together at every accessible location. For traffic signal installations, provide a minimum size 8 AWG EGC. The EGC is paid for

### C. TEMPORARY WIRING

- Install temporary conductors and electrical equipment in accordance with the NEC article "Temporary Installations" and Department standard sheets.
- 2. Provide a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) for power outlets for portable electrical equipment, power tools, ice machines, ice storage bins and refrigerators located outdoors at grade. GFCI may be any one of the following: molded cord and plug set, receptacle, or circuit breaker type.
- 3. Use listed wire nots with factory applied sealant for temporary wiring
- 4. Enclose conductor splices within a listed enclosure or ground box, or ensure the splices are more than 10 ft. above grade vertically and more than 5 ft. horizontally from any metal structure. Where installing temporary conductors in areas subject to vehicle traffic or mobile construction equipment, ensure the vertical clearance to ground is at least 18 ft. when measured at the lowest point. Ground messenger wires that support power conductors in conformance with the NEC.
- 5. Protect and when necessary repair any existing electrical conduits uncovered during the construction process in a timely manner and in conformance with

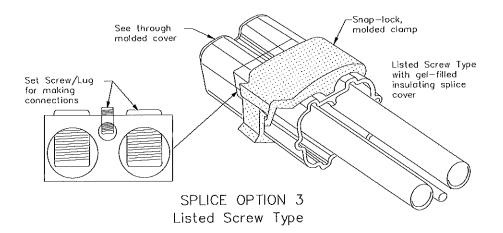
## GROUND RODS & GROUNDING ELECTRODES

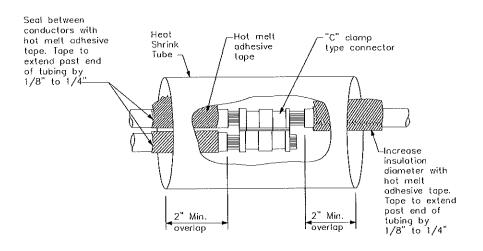
## A. MATERIAL INFORMATION

 Provide and install a grounding electrode at electrical services. Provide ground rads according to DMS 11040 and the plans. Larger diameter or longer length rods may be called for in some specific locations, see the individual plans sheets. Concrete encased grounding electrodes may be called for in specific locations including electrical service, see individual plan sheets.

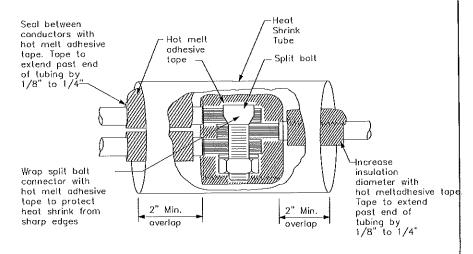
### B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Furnish auxiliory ground rods for lightning protection and install in soil, concrete, or both, as called for in the plans. For ground rods installed in concrete, ensure the connection of the conductor to the ground rod is readily accessible for inspection or repairs. For ground rods installed in soil, ensure that the upper end is between 2 to 4 in below finished grade.
- 2. Do not place ground rods in the same drilled hole as a timber pole.
- 3. Install ground rods so the imprinted part number is at the upper end of the rod
- 4. Remove all non-conductive coatings such as concrete splotter from the rod
- 5. Route all conductors as short and straight as possible for connection to lightning protection ground rods. When a bend is required, ensure a minimum radius bend of four inches for these conductors
- 6. Unless otherwise called for in the plans, protect grounding electrode conductors with non-metallic conduit. When protecting grounding electrode conductors with metal conduit, provide and install a grounding type bushing and properly sized bonding jumper on each end of the metal conduit
- 7. Written authorization is required before installing a ground rod in a horizontal trench for rocky soil or a solid rock bottom.





SPLICE OPTION 1 Compression Type



SPLICE OPTION 2 Split Bolt Type



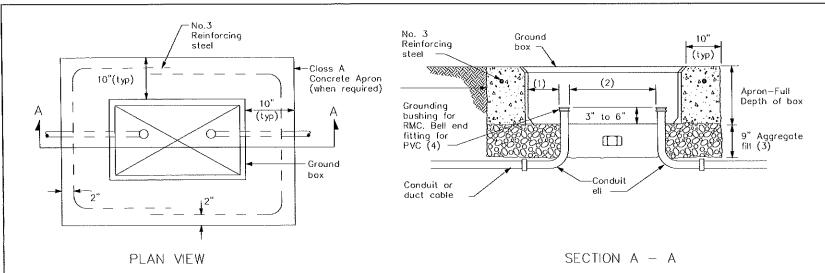
FLECTRICAL DETAILS CONDUCTORS

Traffic

Division

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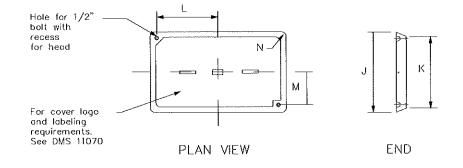


## APRON FOR GROUND BOX

- (1) Uniformly space ends of conduits within the ground box. Position ends of conduits so that ground box walls do not interfere with the installation of grounding bushings or bell end littings.
- (2) Maintain sufficient space between conduits to allow for proper installation of bushing.
- (3) Place aggregate under the box, not in the box. Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (4) Install a grounding bushing on the upper end of all RMC terminating in a ground box. Ground RMC elbows when any part of the elbow is less than 18 in. below the bottom of the ground box. Install a PVC bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all PVC conduits terminating in a ground box.

GRO	JND BOX DIMENSIONS
TYPE	OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS (INCHES) (Width x Length X Depth)
Α	12 X 23 X 11
В	12 X 23 X 22
С	16 X 29 X 11
D	16 X 29 X 22
E	12 X 23 X 17

GROUND BOX COVER DIMENSIONS									
TYPF	DIMENSIONS (INCHES)								
I TPE	Н	ı	J	K	L	М	Ν	Р	
A, B & E	23 1/4	23	13 3/4	13 1/2	9 7/8	5 1/8	1 3/8	2	
C & D	30 1/2	30 1/4	17 1/2	17 1/4	13 1/4	6 3/4	1 3/8	2	



GROUND BOX COVER

## GROUND BOXES

## A. MATERIALS

- Provide polymer concrete ground boxes measuring 16x30x24 in. (WxLxD) or smaller in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11070 "Ground Boxes" and Item 624 "Ground Boxes."
- 2. Provide Type A, B, C, D, and E ground boxes as shown in the plans, and as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 624.
- 3. Ensure ground box cover is correctly labeled in accordance with DMS 11070.
- 4. Provide larger ground boxes in accordance with Item 624 and as shown in the plans.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate ond setting ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure aggregate bed is in place and at least 9 inches deep, prior to setting the ground box. Install ground box on top of aggregate.
- Cast ground box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed under the box. Ground box oprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are subsidiary to ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 3. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt. Bolt covers down when not working in ground boxes.
- Install all conduits and ells in a neat and workmanlike manner. Uniformly space conduits so grounding bushings and bell end fittings can easily be installed.
- 5. Temporarily seal all conduits in the ground box until conductors are installed.
- 6. Permanently seal conduits immediately after the completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Permanently seal the ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or other method as approved. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone coulk as a sealant.
- 7. When a ground rod is present in a ground box, bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground rod with listed connectors.
- 8. When a type 8 or D ground box is stacked to meet volume requirements, it is allowable to cut an appropriately sized hale for conduit entry in the side wall at least 18 inches below grade.
- 9. If an existing ground box in the contract has a metal cover, bond the cover to the equipment grounding conductor with a 3 ft. long stranded bonding jumper the same size as the grounding conductor. The bonding jumper is subsidiary to various bid items. Verify existing ground boxes with metal covers are shown on the plans, with notes fully describing the work required.
- 10. If other ground boxes with metal covers are within the project limits but are not part of the contract, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to bond the metal covers, identifying the specific boxes in writing. This work will be paid for separately.

H

SIDE

11. Bond metal ground box covers to the grounding conductor with a tank ground type lug.



Traffic Operations Division On Standard

ELECTRICAL DETAILS
GROUND BOXES

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## ELECTRICAL SERVICES NOTES

- 1.Provide new materials. Ensure installation and materials comply with the applicable provisions of the National Electrical Code (NEC) and National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) standards. Ensure material is Underwriters Laboratories (UL) listed. Provide and install electrical service conduits, conductors, disconnects, contactors, circuit breaker panels, and branch circuit breakers as shown on the Electrical Service Data chart in the plans. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties and quarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish these to the State.
- 2.Provide electrical services in accordance with Electrical Details standard sheets, Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11080 "Electrical Services,"DMS 11081 "Electrical Services—Type A." DMS 11082 "Electrical Services—Type C." DMS 11083 "Electrical Services—Type T." DMS 11084 "Electrical Services—Type T." DMS 11085 "Electrical Services—Pedestal (PS)", and Item 628 "Electrical Services" of the Standard Specifications. Provide electrical service types A, C, and D, as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Provide other service types as detailed on the plans.
- Provide all work, moterials, services, and any incidentals needed to install a complete electrical service as specified in the plans.
- 4.Coordinate with the Engineer and the utility provider for metering and compliance with utility requirements. Primary line extensions, connection charges, meter charges, and other charges by the utility company to provide power to the location are paid for in accordance with Item 628. Get approval for the costs associated with these charges prior to engaging the utility company to do the work. Consult with the utility provider to determine costs and requirements, and coordinate the work as approved.
- 5. The enclosure manufacturer will provide Master Lock Type 2 with bross tumblers keyed #2195 for all custom electrical enclosures. Installing Contractor is to provide Master Lock #2195 Type 2 with brass tumblers for "off the shelf" enclosures. Master Lock #2195 keys and locks become property of the State. Unless otherwise approved, do not energize electrical service equipment until locks are installed.
- 6.Enclosures with external disconnects that de-energize of equipment inside the enclosure do not need a dead front trim. Protect incoming line terminations from incidental contact as required by the NEC.
- 7. When galvanized is specified for nuts, screws, bolts or miscellaneous hardware, stainless steel may be used.
- 8.Provide wiring and electrical components rated for 75°C. Provide red, black, and white colored XHHW service entrance conductors of minimum size 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG), Identify size 6 AWG conductors by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors sized 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tope. Mark at least 6 inches of the conductor's insulation with half laps of colored tape, when identifying conductors. Ensure each service entrance conductor exits through a separately bushed non-metallic opening in the weatherhead. The lengths of the conductors outside the weatherhead are to be 12 Inches minimum, 18 inches maximum, or as required by utility.
- 9.All electrical service conduit and conductors attached to the electrical service including the riser or the elbow below ground are subsidiary to the electrical service. For an underground utility feed, all service conduit and conductors after the elbow, including service conduit and conductors for the utility pole riser when furnished by the Contractor, will be paid for separately.
- 10.Provide rigid metal conduit (RMC) for all conduits on service, except for the 1/2 in. PVC conduit containing the electrical service grounding electrode conductor. Size the service entrance conduit as shown in the plans. Ensure conduit for bronch circuit entry to enclosure is the same size as that shown on the layout sheets for branch circuit conduit. Extend all rigid metal conduits a minimum of 6 inches underground and then couple to the type and schedule of the conduit shown on the layout for that porticular branch circuit. Install a grounding bushing on the RMC where it terminates in the service enclosure.
- 11.Use of liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) is allowed between the meter and service enclosure when they are mounted 90 to 180 degrees to each other. Size the LFMC the same size as service entrance conduit. LFMC must not exceed 3 feet in length. Strap LFMC within 1 foot of each end. LFMC less than 12 inches in length need not be strapped. Each end of LFMC must have a grounding bushing or be terminated with a grounding fitting. The LFMC must contain a grounded (neutral) conductor. Ensure any bend in LFMC never exceeds 180 degrees. A pull test is required on all installed conductors, with at least six inches of free conductor movement demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
- 12.Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services conform to utility company specifications.
- 13.For all electrical service enclosures listed under Item 628 on the MPL, the UL 508 enclosure manufacturers will prepare and submit a schematic drawing unique to each service. Before shipment to the job site, place the applicable laminated schematic drawings and the laminated plan sheet showing the electrical service data chort used to build the enclosure in the enclosure's data pocket. The installing contractor will copy and laminate the actual project plan sheets detailing all equipment and bronch circuits supplied by that service. The laminated plan sheets are to be placed in the service enclosure's document pocket. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8 1/2 in. x 11 in. before laminating. If the installation differs from the plan sheets, the installing contractor is to redline plan sheets before laminating.
- 14. When providing on "Off The Shelf" Type D or Type T service, provide laminated plan sheets detailing equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8 1/2 in. x 11 in before laminating. Deliver these drawings before completion of the work to the Engineer, instead of placing in enclosure that has no door pocket.
- 15.Do not install conduit in the back wall of a service enclosure where it would penetrate the equipment mounting panel inside the enclosure. Provide grounding bushings on all metal conduits, and terminate bonding jumpers to grounding bus. Grounding bushings are not required when the end of the metal conduit is fitted with a conduit sealing hub or threaded bass, such as a meter base hub.

## SERVICE ASSEMBLY ENCLOSURE

1.Provide threaded hub for all conduit entries into the top of enclosure.

- 2.Type galvanized steel (GS) enclosures may be used for Type C panelboards and for Type D and T services that do not use an enclosure mounted photocell or lighting contactor. Provide GS enclosures in accordance with DMS 11080, 11082, 11083, and 11084.
- 3.Provide aluminum (AL) and stainless steel (SS) enclosures for Types A, C, and D in accordance with DMS 11080, 11081, 11082, 11083, and 11084. Do not point stainless steel.
- 4.Provide pedestal service (PS) enclosures in accordance with ED(9) and DMS 11080 and 11085. Do not provide GS pedestal services. If GS is shown in the PS descriptive code, provide an AL enclosure.

## MAIN DISCONNECT & BRANCH CIRCUIT BREAKERS

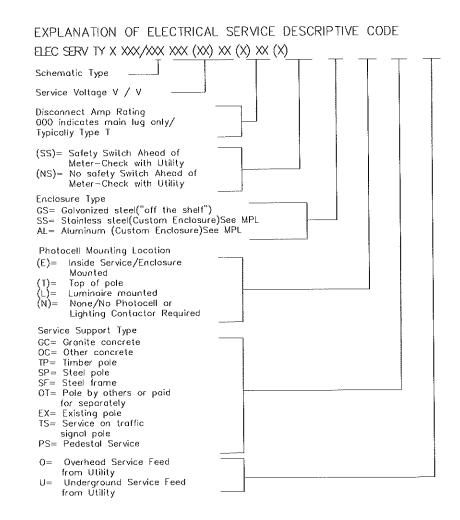
- 1.Field drill flonge—mounted remote operator handle if needed, to ensure handle is lockable in both the "On" and "Off" positions.
- 2. When the utility company provides a transformer larger than 50 KVA, verify that the available fault current is less than the circuit breaker's ampere interrupting capacity (AIC) rating and provide documentation from the electric utility provider to the Engineer.

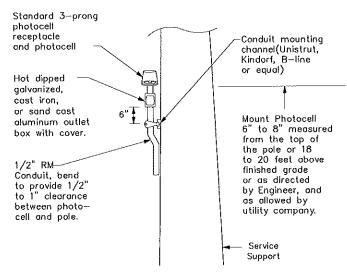
## PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROL

1.Provide photocell as listed on the MPL. Move, adjust, or shield the photocell from stray or ambient night time light to ensure proper operation. Mount photocell facing north when practical. Mount top of pole photocells as shown on Top Mounted Photocell Detail.

			* ELE	CTRICAL :	SERVIC	E DATA						
Elec. Service ID	Plan Sheet Number	Electrical Service Description	Service Conduit ** Size	Service Conductors No./Size	Safety Switch Amps	Main Cki. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Two-Pole Contractor Amps	Panelbd/ Loadcenter Amp Rating	Bronch Circuit ID	Branch Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Bronch Circuit Amps	KVA Load
SB 183	289	ELC SRV TY A 240/480 100(SS)AL(E)SF(U)	2"	3/#2	100	2P/100	100	N/A	Lighting NB	2P/40	26	28.1
05.00		- mone-					***************************************		Lighting SB	2P/40	25	
				1_000001					Underpass	1P/20	15	
NB Access	30	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)TS(0)	1 1/4"	3/#6	N/A	2P/60		100	Sig. Controller	1P/30	23	5.3
115 710000	1 00		~   - ' -	7.0			30		Luminaires	2P/20	9	
									CCTV	1P/20	3	
2nd & Main	58	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(N)SP(0)	1 1/4"	3/#6	N/A	N/A	N/A	70	Flashing Beacon 1	1P/20	4	1.0
2175 & 186/11	1-50			- 7 8 -			1 constants		Flashing Beacon 2	1P/20	4	

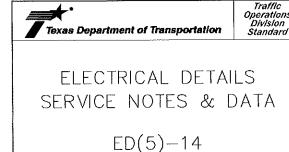
- * Example only, not for construction. All new electrical services must have electrical service data chart specific to that service as shown in the plans.
- ** Verify service conduit size with utility. Size may change due to utility meter requirements. Ensure conduit size meets the National ELectrical Code.





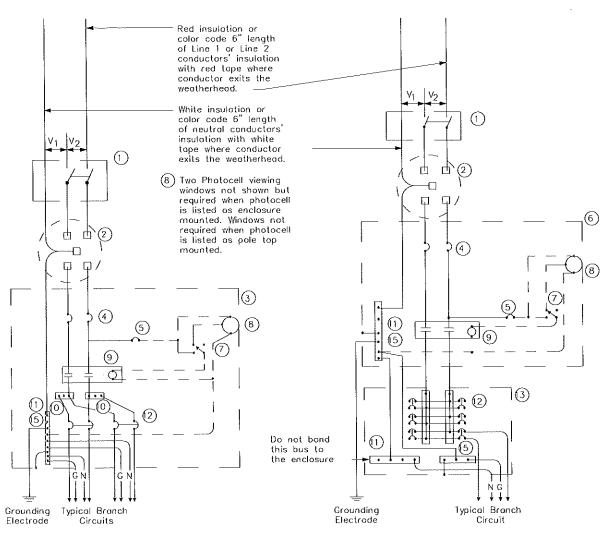
## TOP MOUNTED PHOTOCELL

Install conduit strap maximum 3 feet from box. 5 foot maximum spacing between straps supporting conduit.



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A F



SCHEMATIC TYPE A THREE WIRE

SCHEMATIC TYPE C THREE WIRE

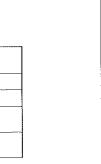
WIRING LEGEND

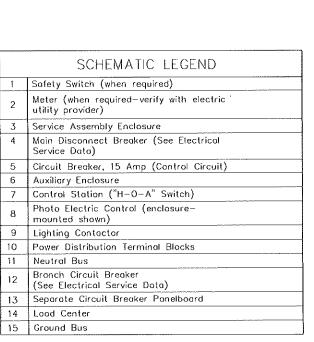
Equipment grounding conductor—always

Power Wiring

— Neutral Conductor

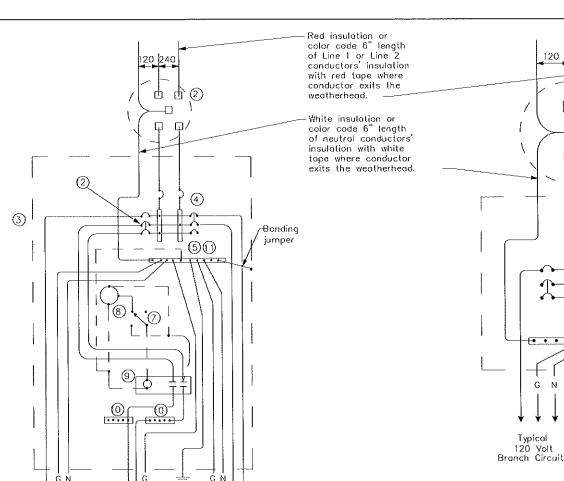
— — Control Wiring





Typical 120 Valt

Branch Circuit



Grounding

Typical 120 / 240 Volt

Branch Circuit

Electrode

Typical 240 Volt

Luminaire

SCHEMATIC TYPE D - CUSTOM

120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

only. When required install photocell top of the pole or on luminaire only, no lighting contractor will be installed.

/2

(2)

Typical

120 / 240 Volt Branch Circuit

**(5) (1)** 

Groundina Electrode

SCHEMATIC TYPE T

120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

Galvanized steel-"Buy Off The Shelf"

G N

4

Texas Department of Transportation

Operations Division Standard

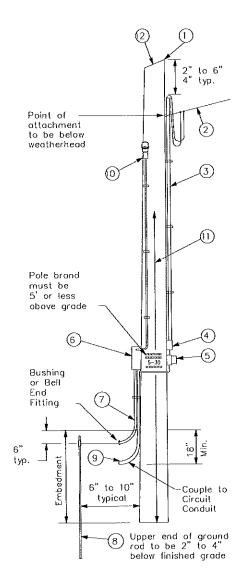
ELECTRICAL DETAILS SERVICE ENCLOSURE AND NOTES

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## TIMBER POLE(TP)SERVICE SUPPORT NOTES

- Ensure electrical service support is a class
   5 treated timber pole as per Item 627 "Treated
   Timber Poles." Embed timber pole to depth
   required in Item 627.
- Conduit and electrical conductors attached to the electrical service pole and underground within 12 in. of service pole are not paid for directly but are subsidiary to the electrial service.
- Install pole—top mounted photocell (T) on north side of pole, or in service enclosure (E) as required. See Electrical Service Data chart in plan set.
- Gain pole as required to provide flat surface for each channel. Gain timber pole to 5/8 in. max. depth and 1 7/8 in. max. height. Gain pole in a neat and workmanlike manner.
- 5. Mount meter and service equipment on stainless steel or galvanized channel (Unistrut, Kindorf, or equal). Provide channel sized 1 in. to 3 3/4 in. maximum depth, and 11/2 in. to 15/8 in. maximum width. File smooth the cut ends of galvanized channel and point with zinc rich paint before installing on pole. Secure each channel section to timber pole with two galvanized or SS lag bolts, 1/4 in. minimum diameter by 11/2 in. minimum length. Use a galvanized or SS flot wosher on each lag bolt. Do not stack channel.
- 6. When excess length must be trimmed from poles, trim from the top end only.
- (1) Class 5 pole, height as required
- (2) Service drop from utility company (attached below weatherhead)
- 3 Service conduit (RMC) and service entrance conductors One Red, One Black, One White (See Electrical Service Data)
- (4) Sofety switch (when required)
- (5) Meter (when required)
- (6) Service enclosure
- (7) 6 AWG bare grounding electrode conductor in 1/2 in. PVC to ground rod extend 1/2 in. PVC 6 in. underground.
- (8) 5/8 in. x 8 ft. Copper clad ground rod — drive ground rod to a depth of 2 in. to 4 in. below grode.
- (9) RMC same size as branch circuit conduit.
- O See pole-top mounted photocell detail on ED(5).
- When required by the serving utility provide bare 6 AWG copper conductor. Run wire from pole top to butt wrop or copper butt plate. Protect conductor with non-conductive material to a height of 8 ft. above finished grade.
- (2) When required by utility, cut top of pole at an angle to enhance rain run off.

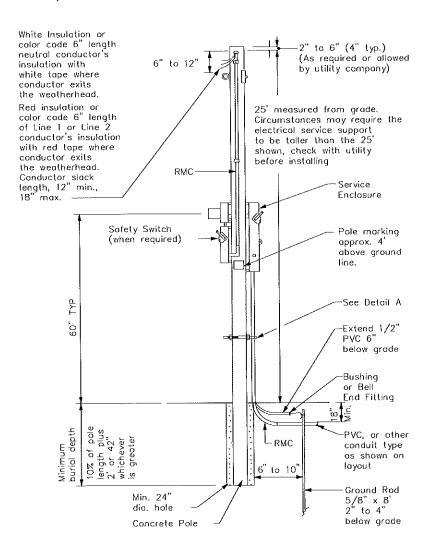


SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE TP (0)

## GRANITE CONCRETE(GC)& OTHER CONCRETE(OC)NOTES

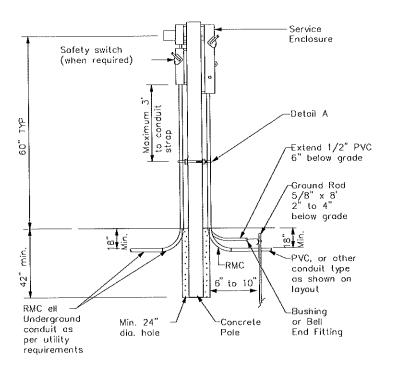
Ensure electrical service support structures bid as type Granite Concrete (GC) or Other Concrete (OC) meet the following requirements.

- Provide GC and OC poles that meet the requirements of DMS 11080 "Electrical Services."
- 2. Provide prestressed concrete poles suitable for direct embedment into the ground without special foundations.
- 3. Verify poles are marked as required on DMS 11080. Location of marking should be approximately 4' above final grade. Use the two-point pickup locations when handling pole in horizontal position, and one-point pickup location for use in raising the pole to a vertical position. These marks are small but conspicuous.
- 4. Embed poles 42 in. or 10% of the length plus 2 ft., whichever is greater.
- Ensure all installation details of services are in accordance with utility company specifications.
- Install a one point rack or eye bolt brocket 6 inches to 12 inches below the weatherhead as an overhead service drop anchoring point for the electric utility.
- 7. Furnish and install galvanized or stainless steel channel strut 1 1/2 in. or 1 5/8 in. wide by 1 in. up to 3 3/4 in. deep (Unistrut, Kindorf, B-line or equal). Attach channel strut with stainless steel concrete anchors (max. I" depth), square U-bolts or back to back channel strut with long bolts, or other secure mounting as approved by the Engineer. Ensure bolts are galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153. Do not stack channel struts.
- 8. Backfill the holes thoroughly by tamping in 6 in. lifts. After tamping to grade, place additional backfill material in a 6 inch high cone around the pole to allow for settling. Use material equal in composition and density to the surrounding area. Backfilling will not be paid for directly but is subsidiary to various bid items.

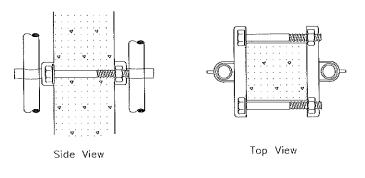


CONCRETE SERVICE SUPPORT

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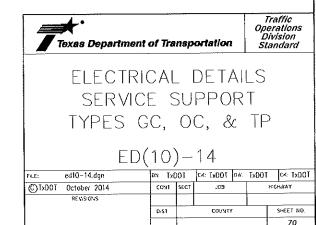
# CONCRETE SERVICE SUPPORT Underground(U)

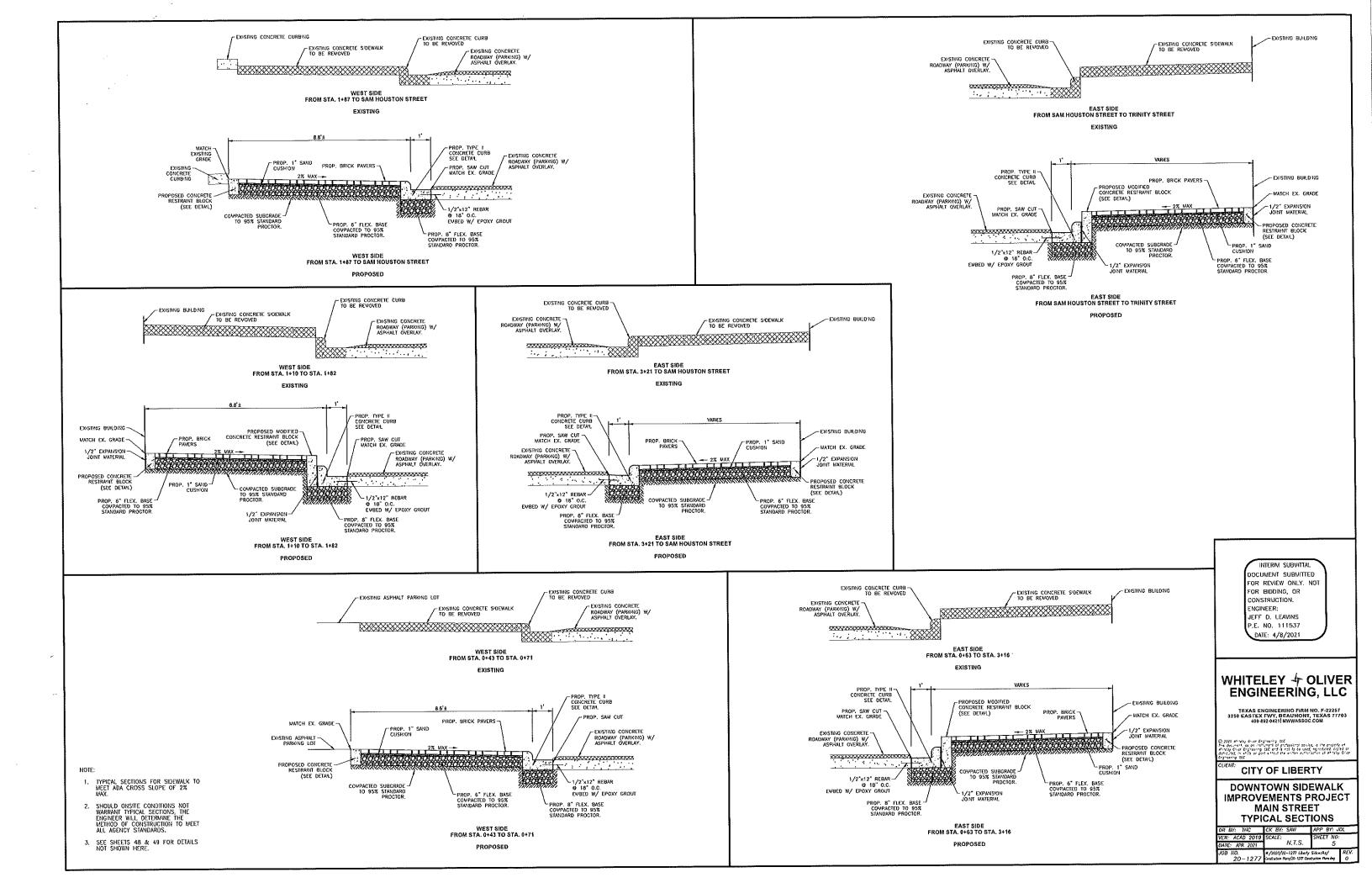


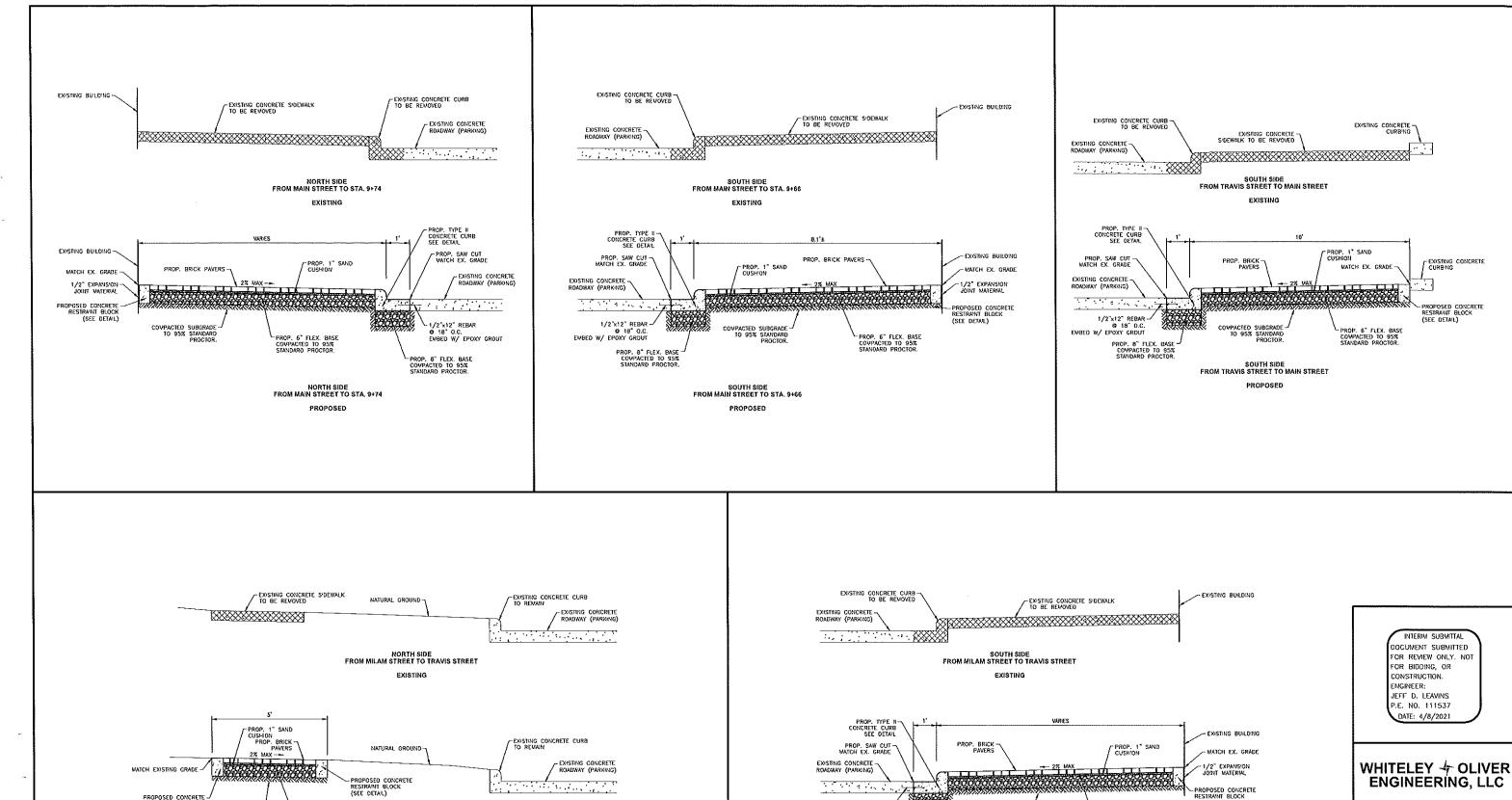
## DETAIL A

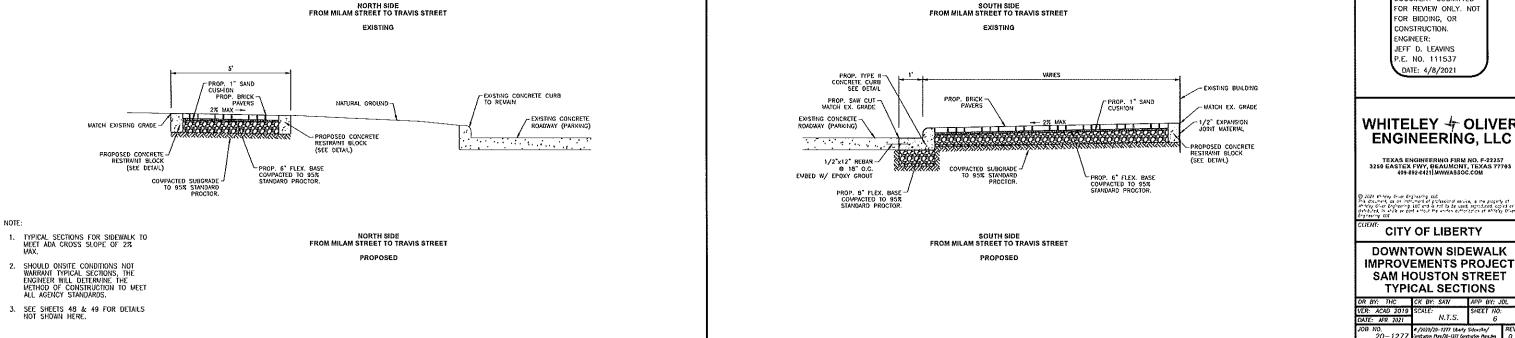
See Note 7. Before installing channel that has been cut, file sharp edges and paint with zinc—rich paint. Ensure there is no paint splatter on the pole.

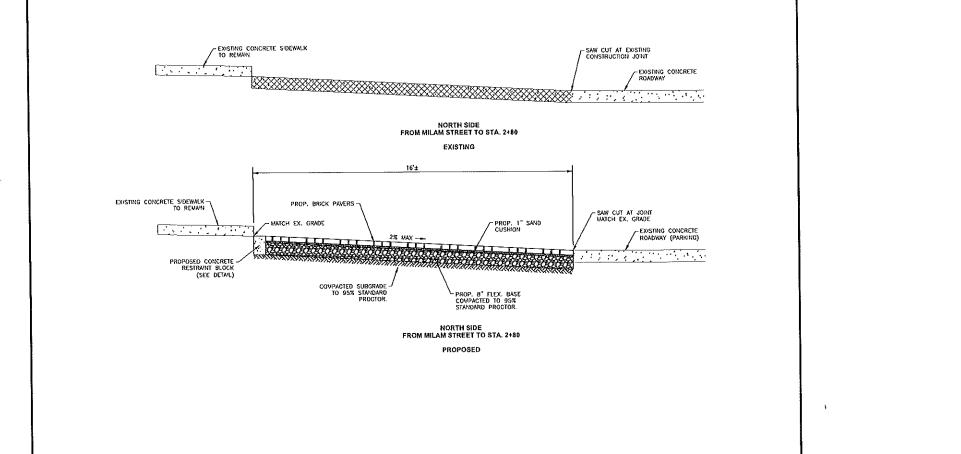
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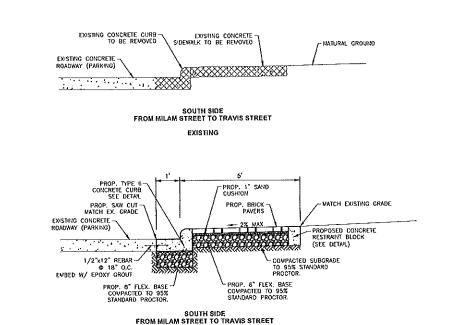




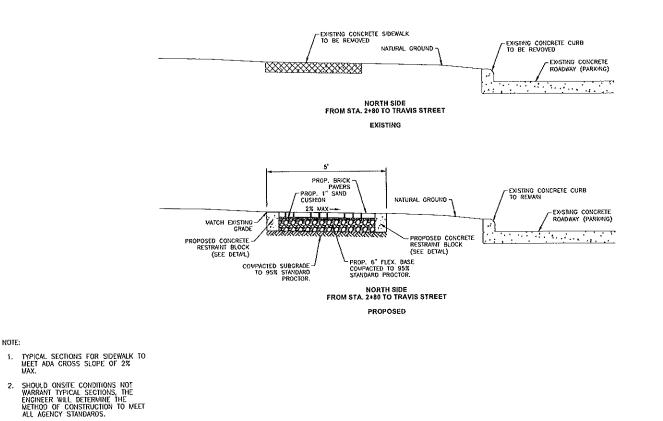




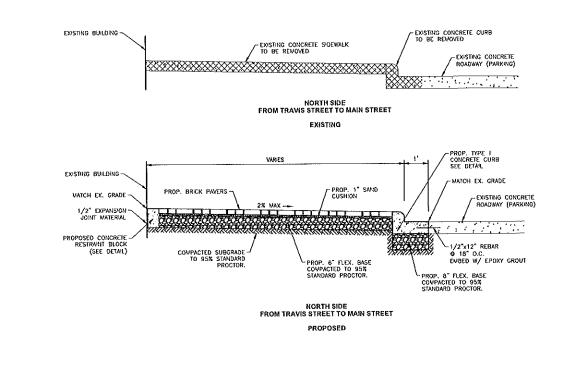




PROPOSED



 SEE SHEETS 48 & 49 FOR DETAILS NOT SHOWN HERE.



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ENGINEER:
JEFF D. LEAVINS
P.E. NO. 111537
DATE: 4/8/2021

# WHITELEY & OLIVER ENGINEERING, LLC

TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM NO. F-22257 3250 EASTEX FWY, BEAUMONT, TEXAS 77703 409-892-0421 MWWASSOC.COM

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CITY OF LIBERTY

DOWNTOWN SIDEWALK
IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT
TRINITY STREET
TYPICAL SECTIONS

0R BY: THC CK BY: SAW APP BY: JDL

VER: ACAD 2019 SCALE: SHEET NO:

DATE: APR 2021 N.T.S.

JOB NO. W/N20/Xc-1277 Weely Scheduly Rev.

20—1277 Sentent mar/X-1277 Contration from fer.

## GENERAL NOTES:

- EXISTING DOMINDERTS OF PROPERTY CORNERS SHALL NOT BE DISTURBED. THE CONTRACTOR WILL REPLACE AND ACCURATELY RELOCATE
  ALL REFERENCE POINTS AND CONSTRUCTION STAKES LOST, DESTROYED, OR WOVED SOLELY AT HIS EXPENSE.

  CONTRACTOR SHALL ASSIVE CONTRACTOR
- CONTRACTOR SHALL WANTAN ANY SUCH METHOD OR DEVACE, APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER, RECESSARY TO ENSURE CONTROL AND SAFETY OF THE STIE AT ALL THUES USE OF THE CONSTRUCTION SITE BY ANYONE OTHER THAN THE CITY, ENGINEER, CONTRACTOR OR IT'S SUBS AND UTILITY COUPANES SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED, UNLESS SPECIFIED BY THE CITY OR ENGINEER.
- REFERENCES TO MANUFACTURER'S TRADE NAME OR CATALOG NUMBERS ARE FOR THE PURPOSE OF IDENTIFICATION ONLY. SAMAR MATERIALS FROM OTHER MAJUFACTURERS ARE PERMITTED IF THEY ARE OF EQUAL QUALITY, COMPLY WITH THE SPECIFICATIONS FOR THIS PROJECT, AND ARE APPROVED.
- A MERVUM OF 48-HOUR NOTIFICATION TO THE OWNER AND ENGINEER IS NECESSARY PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF WORK.
- 9. ALL MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO CITY AND STATE STANDARDS, EXCEPT AS NOTED HEREM AND APPROVED BY THE PROCEDURES. INJUNCOS, INC. PROCEDURES. INJUNCOS, INC. PROCEDURES. INJUNCOS, INC. PROCEDURES. INJUNCOS, INC. PROCEDURES.
- 10. PROBESS AND EGRESS ADJACENT TO THE PROJECT SHALL BE WANTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT ALL TIMES. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE 4. VANIMAN INGRESS AND EGRESS TO TRIC ADJACENT PROPERTY AT ALL TIMES. CONSIDER THIS WORK TO BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BY THE CONTRACT.
- 1), CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP ONE COVPLETE SET OF PLANS AND SPEC-FICATIONS IN GOOD CONDITION ON THE JOB SITE AT ALL TIMES.
- 12. ALL AREAS DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY SHALL BE RESTORED TO AN EQUAL OR BETTER CONDITION AT THE EXPENSE OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- 13. ALL CULVERTS SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM DAMAGE DURNIG CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS, CULVER'S DAMAGED AS A RESULT OF CONTRACTOR'S NEGLIGIBLES SHALL BE REPLACED AT CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- 14. COMPACTOR SHALL FURNSH, ERECT, AND MANTAIN ALL BARROCADES, WARNING STORS, AND MARKINGS FOR HAZARDS NECESSARY TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC AND THE WORK SITE. WHEN USED DURING PERGOS OF DARKNESS, SUCH BARROCADES, WARNING STORS AND HAZARD MARKINGS SHALL RESURSERY LILLUPANDE. ALL RESPITE CONTROL DEVICES AND THEIR PLACEMENT SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST TEAMS MANUAL DILLUPANDE. ALL RESPITE CONTROL DEVICES AND THEIR PLACEMENT SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE.

  THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE EXPECTED TO SCHEDULE THIS WORK SO THAT THE BASE PLACEMENT OPERATIONS WILL BE EXPECTED TO SCHEDULE THIS WORK SO THAT THE BASE PLACEMENT OPERATIONS WILL BE EXPECTED TO SCHEDULE THIS WORK SO THAT THE BASE PLACEMENT OPERATIONS WILL BE EXPECTED TO SCHEDULE THIS WORK SO THAT THE BASE PLACEMENT OPERATIONS WILL BE EXPECTED TO SCHEDULE THIS WORK SO THAT THE BASE PLACEMENT OPERATIONS WILL BE EXPECTED TO SCHEDULE THIS WORK SO THAT THE BASE PLACEMENT OPERATIONS WILL BE EXPECTED TO SCHEDULE THIS WORK SO THAT THE BASE PLACEMENT OPERATIONS WILL BE EXPECTED TO SCHEDULE THIS WORK SO THAT THE BASE PLACEMENT OPERATIONS WILL BE CONTRACTOR WILL BE EXPECTED TO SCHEDULE THIS WORK SO THAT THE BASE PLACEMENT OPERATIONS WILL BE EXPECTED TO SCHEDULE THIS WORK SO THAT THE BASE PLACEMENT OPERATIONS WILL BE EXPECTED TO SCHEDULE THIS WORK SO THAT THE BASE PLACEMENT OPERATIONS WILL BE CONTRACTOR WILL BE EXPECTED TO SCHEDULE THIS WORK SO THAT THE BASE PLACEMENT OPERATIONS WILL BE CONTRACTOR WILL BE EXPECTED TO SCHEDULE THIS WORK SO THAT THE BASE PLACEMENT OPERATIONS WILL BE CONTRACTOR WILL BE EXPECTED TO SCHEDULE THIS WORK SO THAT THE BASE PLACEMENT OPERATIONS WILL BE CONTRACTOR WILL BE EXPECTED TO SCHEDULE THIS WORK SO THAT THE BASE PLACEMENT OPERATIONS WILL BE CONTRACTOR WILL BE EXPECTED TO SCHEDULE THIS WORK SO THAT THE BASE PLACEMENT OPERATIONS WILL BE CONTRACTOR WI
- WITH THE LATEST TEXAS MANUAL ON UNFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.

  3. THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE VALUE BY A CONTROL OF THE ASSOCIATED NOISHING-ENDERRY PELLANDAMS PRE-THE CONTROLOR WILL SAMPLE ALL CONCRETE AND VAKE AND TEST ALL BEAVS AND THE ASSOCIATED NOISHING-ENDERRY PELLANDAMS PROMITED FOR UNDER THE APPROPRIATE STANDARD SPECHICATIONS FOR THE VARIOUS REVS.

  1. PROVIDE FULL-DEPTH SAW CUTTING FOR REVOVAL OF EXISTING CONCRETE SDEWALKS AND CURBS AT LICENSESSIONARY TO THE VARIOUS BY THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL.

  2. PROVIDE FULL-DEPTH SAW CUTTING FOR REVOVAL OF EXISTING CONCRETE SDEWALKS AND CURBS AT LICENSESSIONARY TO THE VARIOUS BY THE CONTROL.
- 16. CITY FORCES WELL WANTAN THE EXISTING SECTION OF STREETS AND ITS APPURIEMANCES NOT A PART OF THIS PROJECT EXCEPT THAT THOSE SECTIONS DAVINGED BY THE CONTRACTOR'S FORCES SHALL BE REPAIRED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT HIS ENTIRE EXPENSE.

  17. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL WANTAN ADEQUATE DRAINAGE THROUGHOUT THE LIVITS OF THE PROJECT DURING ALL CONSTRUCTION PRASES.
- 18. ALL DRAWAGE STRUCTURES WITHIN THE PROJECT LIVITS SHALL BE CLEANED AND UNDESTRUCTED AT THE TIME OF ACCEPTANCE BY THE CONTRACTOR.

  CITY,
- 19. ALL MATERIALS, LABOR AND INCORDINALS REQUIRED FOR THE CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE FOR TRAFFIC ACROSS THE STREETS AND FOR TEMPORARY INCRESS AND ECRESS TO PRIVATE PROPERTY SHALL BE FURNISHED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE CITY AND SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS INCORDINAL TO THE VARIOUS BO HEVES IN THIS PROJECT.

  1. DO NOT WINDROW OR STOCKPULE MATERIAL NEXT TO DR ALONG THE ROADWAY. MOVE EXCESS MATERIAL FROM THE DETAILS SHOWN IN THE PLANS AND ALL WORK AND MATERIALS REQUIRED SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAILS SHOWN IN THE PLANS AND ALL WORK AND MATERIALS REQUIRED SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SECURITIONS SEDIMENTATION & ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS.
- 21. ALL JOINTS, INCLUDING EXPANSION JOINTS WITH REMOVABLE TACK STRIPS, SHALL BE SEALED WITH SELF-LEVELING JOINT SEALANT.

- 24. WHERE POSSIBLE, PROTECT AND PRESERVE PERMANENT SIGNS, WARKERS, AND DESIGNATIONS OF UNDERGROUND FACILITIES.

- 24. WHERE POSSIBLE, PROTECT AND PRESERVE PERMANENT SIGNS, MARKERS, AND DESCRIATIONS OF UNDERGROUND FACUTIES.

  25. CONTRICTOR SHALL ENSURE THERE IS POSTITUE DRAININGE FROM THE EXISTING BULENINGS OR EXISTING NATURAL, ROOUND TOMARDS THE ROOMANY CURB AND DUTTER WITH NO POSNON BY PAPED AREAS AND SHALL NOTHEY THE DROCKET IF ANY ORDING DISCREPANCES AND PROPOSED GRADES OR SUPES.

  26. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN ADEQUATE ACCESS TO PROPERTY AND BUSINESSES THROUGHOUT THE PROJECT, IT IS UPON THE CONTRACTOR ON NOTHEY AND CONDRIVATE WITH THE PROPERTY OWNERS. THIS WORK WILL NOT BE PAID SEPARATELY AND SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO WARDUS BOTTLESS. THIS WORK WILL NOT BE PAID SEPARATELY AND SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO WARDUS BOTTLESS.

  27. CONTRICTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROJECTING THE EXISTING STORM DRAIN PIPE LOCATED UNDER THE SOEWALK AND WITHIN THE CUBB. DAMAGE OR REPLACEMENT AS NECESSARY WILL BE AT THE CONTRACTORS EXPENSIVE. THIS WORK AND MAIRRALS PURNISHED. AND NO WITH EXCANDING AND EVERNISHED. AND NO WITH EXCANDING AND EVERNISHED. AND NO WITH EXCANDING THE VARIOUS BUSINESS.

  28. CONTRACTOR SHALL DEPOSITE OR PROJECTION.

  39. CONTRACTOR SHALL DEPOSITE OR SIDENALY.

  49. CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROJECTING THE EXISTING STORM DRAIN PIPE LOCATED UNDER THE SOEWALK AND WITHIN THE CONTRACTORS EXPENSIVE. THIS WORK AND MAIRRALS PURNISHED. AND NO WITH EXCANDING AND EVERNISHED.

  AND WITH EXCANDING THE WITHIN THE PROPERTY OWNERS. THIS WORK AND MAIRRALS PURNISHED.

  BE ADD CONTRACTOR THE WAVENUAL OF EXISTING SIDENALY. ETC. TO INSTALL THE FLEXBLE BASE TO THE WAVENUAL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO THIS 800 (TEN.) THE WAITERIL SHALL BE AN APPROVED (50/40) SELECT FILL.

  16M. 360 CONCRETE PAYEMENT.
- 28. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SUPPORT AND PROTECTION OF THE EXSTING COLUMNS IN THE SOEWALK WHLE SAM-CUTTING AROUND THEW. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROCEDURE IN PERFORMING THE WORK AROUND THE COLUMNS. THIS WORK SHALL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY AND SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO VARIOUS BID ITEMS.
- 29. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE CARE TO PREVENT TRACKING OF SEDIVENT ONTO ADJACENT PROPERTY, AND SHALL SKEEP AS NECESSARY 2. USE CLASS A CONCRETE TO REVIOUR ANY TRACKED VATERIAL.
- 30. IT IS NOT ANTICRATED THAT ANY EROSON, SEDVENTATION, OR ENANOVERHAL CONTROL DEVICES WILL BE NEEDED ON THIS PROJECT, ITEM 420 CONCRETE, STRUCTURES

  NI THE EVENT THAT SUCH CONTROLS ARE INCESSARY, THE SWAP FOR THIS PROJECT WILL CONSIST OF THE USE OF ANY TEMPORARY
  EROSON CONTROL MEXICES DEVEN THE EDITIONER AND AS APPROVED UNDER THIS TIEM. PAYMENT FOR THIS WORK 1, USE CLASS A CONCRETE FOR ALL PROPOSED STRUCTURES UNDER THIS CONTRACT.
  WILL BE DETERVINED AS PROVIDED IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS FOR CHANGE ORDERS.

- UTILITY LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLAYS ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES DRILY AND ARE NOT EXACT. THE ENGINEER AND THE JAN BEYONDED AND RESPONDENT FOR VARIATION IN LOCATION AND GRADES. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERRY LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF ENGINEER AND THE CONCRETE STRUCTURE RESTRUCTURE R
- THERE ARE EXISTING WATER VALVES, WATER VETERS, POWER POLES, GUY ANCHORS AND OTHER UTILITIES WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS.

  CONTRACTOR TO USE CAUSE NOT TO CAUSE DAMAGE.

  TEM 427 SURFACE FINISHES FOR CONCRETE
- CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CONTACTING ALL UTILITY COMPANES WITH EXISTING FACILITIES IN THE AREAS OF CONSTRUCTION 14. ALL EXPOSED CONCRETE SURFACES SHALL HAVE A BROOM/BRUSH FINISH.
  48 HOURS PROR TO CONSTRUCTION IN AREAS OF FOSSSIE UNDERGRAPOUND UTILITIES WHICH HAY OR NOT BE SHOWN ON DRAWING.
  CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR WANTON THE TEXAS ONE CALL. AND FOLLOWING ALL REQUIREVENTS FORTH INTROUGH THAT
  AGRICY. TEXAS ONE CALL, TOLL-FREE 1-800-245-4545. THIS ACTION DOES NOT RELIEVE THE CONTRACTOR OF THE RESPONSIBILITIES
  UNDER THE TEXAS ONE CALL, TOLL-FREE 1-800-245-4545. THIS ACTION DOES NOT RELIEVE THE CONTRACTOR OF THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS, DAMAGE CAUSED BY THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICATION SHALL
  BE REPARED AND RESTORED TO SERVICE IN A TIVELY MANNER AT NO EXPENSE TO THE COTT.

  1. ALL EXPOSED CONCRETE SURFACES SHALL HAVE A BROOM/BRUSH FINISH.

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  3. ALL EXPOSED CONCRETE SURFACES.

  3. ALL EXPOSED CONCRETE SURFACES.

  4. A
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSBLE FOR LOCATING AND PROTECTING ALL UTILITY LINES DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR
  SHALL BE RESPONSBLE FOR ANY DAMAGE TO EXIGING UTILITIES AND SHALL PROMPTLY REPAIR SAME OR MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR
  SUCH REPAIR WITH THE OWNER OF THE UTILITY INVOLVED.
- IN ALL CASES THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REFORM AND COORDINATE WORK WITH THE OWNERS OF THE VARIOUS UTILITIES SUFFICIENTLY IN 1.

  ADJANCE OF THE CONTRACTOR'S OPERATION TO ENABLE SUCH UTILITY OWNERS, IN ADJANCED of ANY WORK WHICH MIGHT DAVAGE, OF THE CONTRACTOR'S OPERATION TO HANDLE ADJANCED TO THE WORK, TO REPORT, TO REFORM THE OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE ADJANCED TO THE WORK, TO REPORT THE WORK OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE ADJANCED TO THE WORK, TO REPORT THE WORK WITH A SECURITY OF THE ADJANCED TO THE WORK OFFICE ADJANCED TO THE WORK OFFI THE WORK OFF
- CONTRACTOR SHALL COOPERATE WITH ALL UTILITY DANERS CONCERNED IN EFFECTING ANY UTILITY ADJUSTMENTS NECESSARY AND ALL NOT HOLD THE CONTRET OR ENGINEER LABLE FOR MY EXPENSES DUE TO DELAY OR ADDITIONAL WORK BECAUSE OF CONTUCTS. 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL ALLOW UTULTY ADJORD PAPELINE COMPANIES TO INTIRE THIS PROJECT TO ACCUPIENT SUCH WORK AS DURING FOR PLACEVENT OR PROTECTION OF THEIR SERVICES AND AS MAY BE DEEVED NECESSARY BY THE ENGINEER.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CONTINUING THE EXACT LOCATION OF LITELTY BINES AND OF ANY OTHERS WHICH MAY EXIST. IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DAVIAGE THAT OCCURS, WHERE THE CONTRACTOR EXCOLUMERS ADANOMED UNES THAT INTERFER WITH THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT, SUCH LISES SHALL BE REVOVED AND OSPOSED OF BY THE CONTRACTOR. THERE WILL BE NO DIRECT PAYMENT FOR THIS WORK AND IT SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS IN THE CONTRACTOR.
- 3. IF OVERHEAD OR UNDERGROUND POWER UNES NEED TO BE DE-ENERGYZED, CONTACT THE ELECTRICAL SERVICE PROVIDER TO PERFORM THIS WORK, COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH DE-ENERGYZHIG THE POWER LINES OR OTHER PROTECTIVE MEASURES REQUIRED ARE AT NO EXPENSE TO THE CITY.
- 9. IF WORKING NEAR POMER LINES, COVPLY WITH THE APPROPRIATE SECTIONS OF TEXAS STATE LAW AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE TYPE OF WORK INVOLVED.

  LOCATRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROTECTING ALL PUBLIC UTBITTES IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT. ALL MANHOLES, 6. CLEWI-OUTS, MATER VALVES, WATER VETTERS, BOXES, FIRE MIDDALYS, ETC. WIST BE ADJUSTED TO PROPER LINE AND GRADE BY THE CONSTRUCTION TO AND AFTER THE PLACKING OF FERWATERN PAYING. UTBLITIES WUST BE MAINTAINED TO PROPER LINE AND GRADE DURING CONSTRUCTION OF THE PAYING TOR THIS DEVELOPMENT.
- 11. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT ALL MANHOLE COVERS, VALVE COVERS, VALUE LIDS, FIRE HYDRAYIS, POWER POLES, GUY WIRES, AND TELEPHIONE BOXES THAT ARE TO REVAIN IN PLACE AND UNDISTURBED DURANG CONSTRUCTION.
- . THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSBLE FOR ALL UTILITY COORDINATION AND THERE WILL BE NO COST TO THE CAMER (CITY OF LIBERTY) FOR DELAYS RELATED TO ANY UTILITY ADJUSTMENTS.

### HEM 5 CONTROL OF THE WORK

- ALLOW STATE, CITY, OR COUNTY FORCES TO ENTER THIS PROJECT TO ACCOVPUSH SUCH WORK AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS (BY OTHERS) I. ANY EXPENDENCE CROSS-SECTIONS, COUPUTER PRINTOUTS, DATA FILES AND ANY OTHER INFORMATION FROM THE PROSPECT OF THE PROSPEC

- CONTRACTOR SHALL PROCURE ALL THE NECESSARY CITY AND/OR COUNTY PERVITS AND UCENSES. ANY PERVITS OR FEES REQUIRED BY THE CONTRACTOR.

  CONTRACTOR SHALL PROCURE ALL THE NECESSARY CITY AND/OR COUNTY PERVITS AND UCENSES. ANY PERVITS OR FEES REQUIRED BY THE CONTRACTOR.

  CONTRACTOR SHALL NATIONAL ANY SHALL PROCURE ALL THE NECESSARY TO ENSURE CONTRACTOR ANY OTHER ENTITY OF THE STATE ANY ANY OTHER ENTITY OF THE STATE ANY OTHER ENTITY OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER THAN THE CITY PLANATER CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE ANY OTHER
  - 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE COVPLETELY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INVESTATE REVOVAL OF ANY MATERIAL THAT GETS UPON ANY VEHICLE AS A RESULT OF THEIR OPERATION.
  - 3. PERSONAL VEHICLES OF THE CONTRACTOR'S EMPLOYEES SHALL NOT BE PARKED WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY AT ANY TIVE INCLUDING ANY SECTION CLOSED TO PUBLIC TRAFFIC, UNLESS THE VEHICLE IS BENG VITUZED FOR CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES. HOATVER, THE CONTRACTOR'S EMPLOYEES WAY PARK ON THE RIGHT-OF-WAY AT SITES NEARBY WHERE PUBLIC PARKING IS ALL TOWN.

- 22. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR OTHERWISE DIRECTED, COVVENCE WORK AFTER SURRISE AND ENSURE CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT IS OFF THE ROAD BY SUNSET.

  23. CONTRACTOR SHALL SCHEDULE WORK IN A MANNER THAT WILL CAUSE WINNUM INTERFERENCE WITH TRAFFIC AND TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC.

  24. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR OTHERWISE DIRECTED, COVVENCE WORK AFTER SURRISE AND ENSURE CONSTRUCTIONS OF THE FLEXIBLE BASE. IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO PERFORM PUBLIC.

  25. CONTRACTOR SHALL SCHEDULE WORK IN A MANNER THAT WILL CAUSE WINNUM INTERFERENCE WITH TRAFFIC AND TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC.

  26. CONTRACTOR SHALL SCHEDULE WORK IN A MANNER THAT WILL CAUSE WINNUM INTERFERENCE WITH TRAFFIC AND TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC.

  27. CONTRACTOR SHALL SCHEDULE WORK IN A MANNER THAT WILL CAUSE WINNUM INTERFERENCE WITH TRAFFIC AND TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC.

  28. CONTRACTOR SHALL SCHEDULE WORK IN A MANNER THAT WILL CAUSE WINNUM INTERFERENCE WITH TRAFFIC AND TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC.

  29. CONTRACTOR SHALL SCHEDULE WORK IN A MANNER THAT WILL CAUSE WINNUM INTERFERENCE WITH TRAFFIC AND TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC.

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- 2. WATERPROOFING SHALL BE PERFORMED NEXT TO THE EXISTING BUILDINGS. THE MATERIAL SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE EXISTENCE FOR APPROVAL. THIS WORK SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO CONCRETE STRUCTURES RESTRANT BLOCK, AND YELL OF BE PAID SEPARATELY.

  4. ALL PROPOSED SIGNS SHALL INCLUDE NEW FOUNDATIONS, SUPPORTS AND POLES BLOCK, AND YELL OF BEING PROPOSED SIGNS SHALL INCLUDE NEW FOUNDATIONS, SUPPORTS AND POLES.

ALL PIPES, SIGNS AND MATERIAL REMOVED FROM THE PROJECT, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS SHALL BECOVE THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTRACTION AND BE DISPOSED OF OFF THE RIGHT OF WAY UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED OF THE DISCRETE.

- THE CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE PERSON (CRP) FOR WORK ZONE TRAFTIC CONTROLS SHALL PISPECT AND INSURE ANY DEFICENCES ARE CORRECTED EACH AND EVERY DAY THROUGHOUT THE DURATION OF THIS CONTRACT. CAREFULLY WORNOR THE WORK SHE TO DISSURE THAT ALL DELINEATION DEVICES, SCHIS, AND PAREMENT MARKINGS ARE CLEMY, UPRICHT, IN COOD REPAIR, PROPERTY LOCATED, OPERATING EFFECTIVITY, AND IN AN OVERALL HIGHLY VISPILE CONSIDION, PROBLEUS BROUGHT TO THE CONTRACTOR'S ATTENTION SHALL BE CORRECTED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AND BY NO LABER THAN THE NEXT DAY. THIS SHALL INCLUDE CORRECTIONS NECESSARY DUE TO ACTS OF VANDAUSM OR ACCIDENTS.
- SIGNS AND BARRICADES SHOWN TO BE PLACED IN THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN SHEETS ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND MANTAINED FOR AS LONG AS THE RELEVANT CONDITION EXISTS.
- CONSTRUCT ALL WORK ZONE SIGNS, SIGN SUPPORTS, AND BARRCADES FROM MATERIAL OTHER THAN WOOD UNLESS APPROVED OHERANSE BY THE ENGNEER. WETAL POSTS, IF USED, AND TO BE GALVANZED. ALLUNNUM SIGNS, IF USED, SHALL USET THE FOLIAGNS OF MUMBER HECKNESS REQUIREMENTS: VINIVUM THICKNESS

SOURCE FEET UNIVOUN THICKNESS
LESS THAN 7.5 0.060 INCHES
7.5 TO 15 0.100 INCHES
OBEATER THAN 15 0.125 INCHES
CAREFULLY MONROR THE WORK SITE TO ENSURE THAT ALL BELIVEATION DEVICES, SICHS, AND PAVEUENT MARKINGS ARE
CLEM, UPPORTI, IN GOOD REPAR, PROPERTY LOCATED, OPERATING EFFECTIVILY, AND IN ALL OVERALL HIGHLY VISIBLE
CONDITION, PROBLEUS BROUGHT TO THE CONTRACTOR'S ATTENTION SHALL BE CORRECTED AS 500H AS POSSBILE AND
BY NO LATER THAN THE NEXT DAY. THIS SHALL INCLUDE CORRECTIONS NECESSARY DUE TO ACTS OF VANDALISM OR
ACCIDENTS.

### HEW 528 COLORED TEXTURED CONCRETE AND LANDSCAPE PAVERS

- 1. REMOVE EXSTING BRICK, CONCRETE, AND ANY UNDERLAYING STRUCTURES THAT WILL BE IN CONFLICT WITH THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE BRICK PARKER SPENKINS CONSTRUCTION LIUFS, INCLUDING THE RESTRANT BLOCK. REJAVALL OF THIS MAKERIAL WILL NOT BE PAIN FOR SEPARATELY AND SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO THIS 8D ITEU.
- THE BRICK PAVER COLORS SHALL CONSIST OF SUDKE GRAY BORDER AND CRAISON RED INLAY AS SHOWN ON THE DETAILS IN THE PLAYS. THE COLORS SHALL BE SUBVITTED AND APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 3. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE 1° SAND CUSHION AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS AS A LEVELING COURSE. THIS MATERIAL WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY AND SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO THIS BID ITEM.
- 4. WATER WETER BOXES SHALL BE REPLACED WITH NO. 37 METER BOX AND SHALL BE SET FLUSH WITH THE BRICK PAYERS, WATER VALVES SHALL BE ADJUSTED AS NEEDED TO WATCH BRICK PAYERS. WHERE NECESSARY, ADJUSTABLE VALVE BOXES SHALL BE RISTALLED. THERE WAL BE NO DEECT PAYVENT FOR THIS WORK AND IT SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIONARY TO THE VARIOUS BID ITEMS IN THE CONTRACT.

- . PROVIDE ROADWAY ILLUVINATION ASSEMBLIES IN ACCORDANCE WITH DETAILS SHOWN IN PLANS
- THE WORK PERFORMED AND MATERIAL FURNISHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS TIEM WILL BE PAID FOR AT THE UNIT PRICE BD FOR EACH ASSEMBLY. THIS PRICE IS FULL COMPENSATION FOR INSTALLING CONCRETE FOUNDATIONS, COMBUT AND CONDUCTORS INTERNAL TO THE FOUNDATION AND ASSEMBLY AS WELL AS FOR FURNISHING, HISTALLING AND TESTING ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLES, TEMPLATES, BRACKES, BASES, POLES, LUMMARIS; CONDUCTING SYSTEM PERFORMANCE ITSHING, AND VAITERAIS, LOBOR, TOLDS AND NECESTATION.

- 1. CAP, NOT GLUE, OPEN ENDS OF CONDUIT.
- 2. IF CASING IS REQUIRED TO PLACE BORED CONDUIT, CONSIDER THE CASING INCIDENTAL AND SUBSIDIARY TO THE CONDUIT
- 3. ENSURE OPEN TREACHES AND EXCAVATIONS ARE FILLED AT THE END OF EACH WORK DAY
- 4. WHEN BACKFILLING BORE PITS, ENSURE THAT THE CONDUIT DOES NOT BECOVE DAMAGED OWING INSTALLATION OR DUE TO ANY SETTING OF THE BACKFILL WATERFAL. COUPACT SELECT BACKFILL USE TYPE SV OR SC) IN THREE EQUAL LIFTS TO THE BOTTOW OF THE CONDUIT, OR IF SAND IS USED, IT VUST BE PLACED TO A PONT 2 INTERNAL BOLD THE CONDUIT, BACKFILL DENSITY SHALL BE EQUAL TO THE EXISTING SOIL EXERGSE DUE CARE TO PREVENT ANY WATERFAL FROM EXIDENCE THE CONDUIT.
- 5. PITS FOR BORING SHALL NOT BE CLOSER THAN 3 FEET FROM EDGE OF PAVEMENT UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED. WATER JETHING WILL NOT BE PERWITTED. AT THE CLOSE OF WORK EACH DAY, COVER ALL OPEN PITS AND BARRCADE FOR SAFETY.
- 6. WHEN CONDUIT IS LAID IN A TRENCH OR BORED, MANUAU DEPTH TO THE TOP OF THE CONDUIT SHALL BE 2 FEET WHERE OBSTRUCTIONS PREVENT LAYING CONDUIT AT THIS DEPTH, PLACE CONDUIT AT THE MAXIAUM DEPTH POSSIBLE.
- 7. CEVENT STABILIZED SAND BACKFILL SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO THIS ITEM

- , ALL CONDUCTORS ARE TO BE CONTINUOUS WITHOUT SPLICE FROM TERVINAL POINT TO TERVINAL POINT OR AS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. NO ALLWINUM CONDUCTORS WILL BE ALLOWED ON THIS PROJECT.
- ALL ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS MUST COUPLY WITH THE VOST RECENT VERSION OF ALL APPLICABLE EAWS, RULES, REGULATIONS, & ORDINANCES OF ALL GOVERNING CODES & AUTHORITIES.

- LOCATION AND ESTIMATED NUMBER OF GROUND BOXES ARE DIAGRAMMATIC ONLY AND MAY VARY TO ACCOMMODATE FIELD CONDITIONS AS DIRECTED.
- 2. THE CONCRETE APROH SHALL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY AND SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO THIS BID ITEM.

- CONSTRUCT ELECTRICAL SERVICES AS SHOWN ON THE ED SHEETS, WAXE ALL ARRANGEMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL SERVICES AND COMPLY WITH LOCAL STANDARDS FOR PROPER INSTALLATION.
- PROVIDE LOCKABLE SERVICE ENCLOSURE EQUIPPED WITH WASTER #2195 PADLOCK WITH TWO KEYS.

- 2. CONSTRUCT SIGN FOUNDATION TO BE BELOW BRICK PAVERS. CONSTRUCT BRICK PAVERS UP TO SIGN POST. 3. EXISTING SUPPORTS AND POLES SHALL NOT BE REUSED, AND SHALL BECOVE THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTRACTO

		00:111	,,,,,,	O 1111 11	0.0		
LOCATION (STREET)	SIGN NUMBER	SIGN TYPE	ACTION	EXISTING STA.	existing offset	PROPOSED SYA.	PROPOSED OFFSET
MILAM	1	STOP	REPLACE	3+67.07	23.20 RT	3+53.91	25.00'RT
TRAVIS		POLE	REMOVE	1+95.10	37.45°LT		
	2	STOP	REPLACE	3+70.33	30.98'RT	3+70.33	30.98'RT
	3	PARKING	REINSTALL	6+24.41	28.89'LT	6+24.41	28.89'LT
	4	PARKING	RENSTALL	6+70.79	28.81'LT	6+70.79	28.81'1.1
MAIN		POLE	REMOVE	0+70.90	18.63'LT		
		ADVERTISING	REMOVE	2+71.91	30.41'RT		
		ADVERTISING	REMOVE	2+93.93	30.29'RT		
	5	HISTORICAL	RENSTALL	3+59.50	37.51'RT	3+69.50	37.51'RT
	6	STREET	REINSTALL	4+22.09	32.79*RT	4+22.09	32.79'RI
		POLE	REMOVE	4+60.80	30.92'RT		
	7	PARKING	REPLACE	4+89.04	31.30'RT	4+89.04	31.30'RT
	8	PARKING	REPLACE	5+42.55	30.86'R7	5+42.55	30.86'RT
	9	PARKING	REPLACE	5+92.96	31.04'RT	5+92.96	31.04 RT
		POLE	REMOVE	7+32.82	30.94'RT	ļ .	
SAM HOUSTON		TRESPASSING	REMOVE	1+23.52	23.22'87		
	10	STOP	REPLACE	4+40.95	19.79'RT	4+40.95	19.79'R7
	1					<u> </u>	
TRINTY	11	STOP	REPLACE	5+02.83	14.55'LT	5+03.50	22.51°LT
	12	PARKING	REPLACE	6+29.80	14.28°LT	6+29.BQ	14.28'LT
	13	ONE WAY	REPLACE	8+23.97	8.86°LT	8+23.97	8.86'LT

SUMMARY OF SMALL SIGNS

QUANTITY SUMMARY TOTAL ITEM CODE DESC 6015 REMOVING CONCRETE/ASPHALT (SIDEWALKS)
6029 REMOVING CONCRETE (CURB AND GUTTER) 4,977 3,540 1,331 110 6001 EXCAVATION FL BS (CMP IN PLACE)(TY A GR 1-2)(FINAL POS) 869 6041 6003 CONCRETE STRUCTURES (RESTRAINT BLOCK) 375 420 500 6001 6001 BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING 12 502 6004 LANDSCAPE PAVERS 4,424 3,540 6004 CONC CURB & SUTTER (TY II) 529 6001 ILLUMINATION ASSEMBLY AND FOUNDATION 37 610 6002 ILLUMINATION ASSEMBLY AND FOUNDATION W/CONCRETE APRON 30 610 6023 CONDT (PVC) (SCHD 40)(2") 5,225 6003 ELEC CONDT (NO. 12) BARE 5,225 620 6004 ELEC CONDT (NO. 12) INSULATED 10,450 6001 GROUND BOX (TYPE A) 31 6001 ELC SRV TY A 120/240 628 
 644
 5001
 REPLACE SIGN

 644
 6075
 RE-INSTALL SIGN WITH NEW SUPPORT
 6076 REMOVE SIGN

INTERIM SUBVITTAL DOCUMENT SUBMITTED FOR REVIEW ONLY, NOT FOR BIDDING, OR CONSTRUCTION. ENGINEER: JEFF D. LEAVINS P.E. NO. 111537 DATE: 4/8/2021

## WHITELEY 👉 OLIVER ENGINEERING, LLC

TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM NO. F-22257 3250 EASTEX FWY, BEAUMONT, TEXAS 77703 409-892-0421 MWWASSOC.COM

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CITY OF LIBERTY

DOWNTOWN SIDEWALK IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT **GENERAL NOTES & ESTIMATED QUANTITIES** 

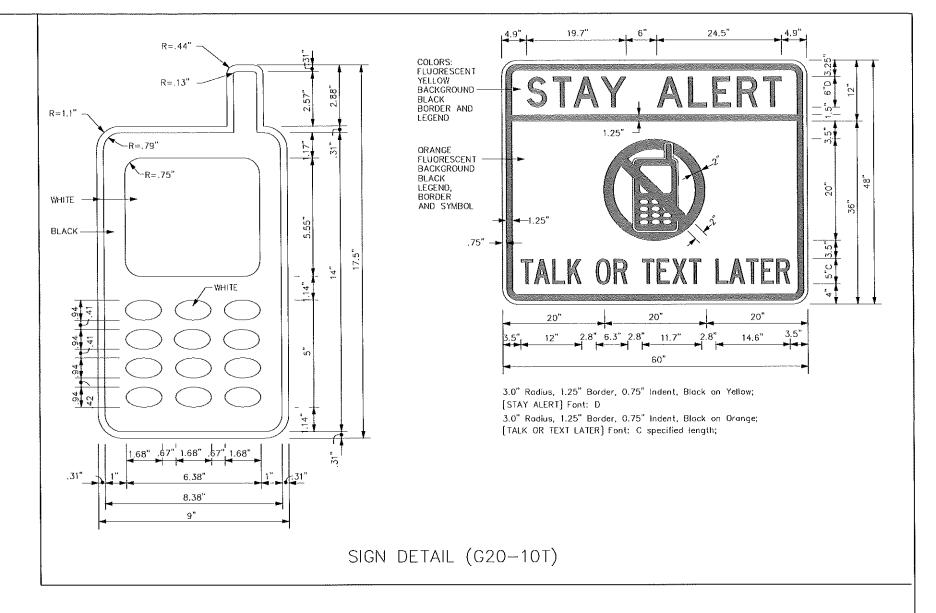
DR BY: THC CK BY: SAW APP BY: JDL VER: ACAD 2019 SCALE: N.T.S. 20-1277

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Troffic Control Plan (TCP)is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texos," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20—10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- 11. Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right—of—way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

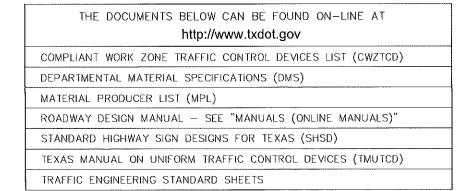
## WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

 Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right—of—way shall wear high—visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High—Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107—2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division — TE Phone (512) 416—3118



SHEET 1 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES

Traffic Operations

BC(1)-14

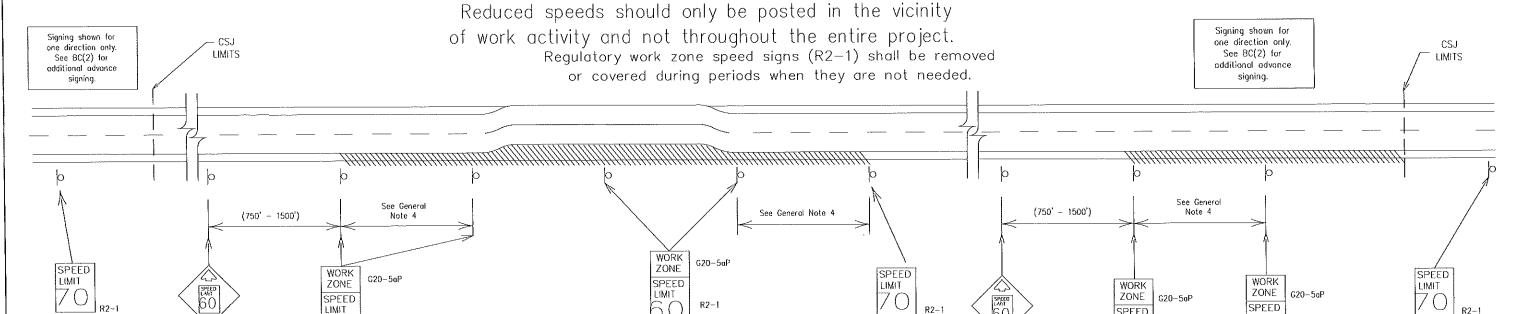
AND REQUIREMENTS

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DATE:

## TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



## GUIDANCE FOR USE:

## LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

LIMIT

R2-1

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged povement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- () other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

## SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

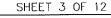
This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

## GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

  - 40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles
  - 35 mph and less
- 0.2 to 1 mile
- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign. "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1)signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
  - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
  - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
  - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
  - E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.



R2-1

Traffic

Operations Division Standard



SPEED

R2-1

LIMIT

SPEED

R2~1

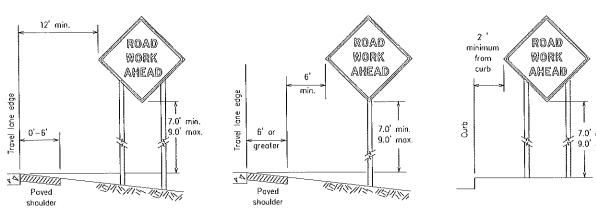
LIMIT

## BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-14

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)TxDOT	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGH WAY
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7-13						12

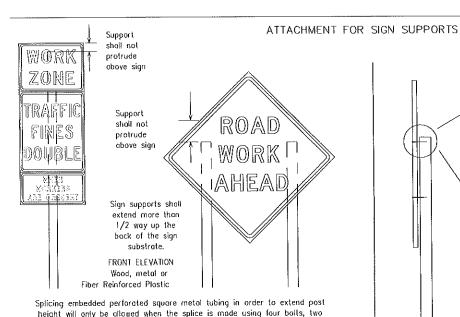
## TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS



When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb.

Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

When plaques are placed on dual—leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



obove and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and

of at least the same gauge material.

OR SIDE ELEVATION

Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

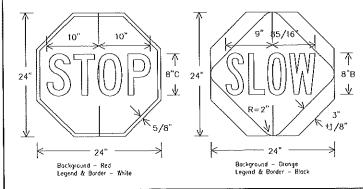
Nails shall NOT

be allowed.

Each sign
shall be attached
directly to the sign
support. Multiple
signs shall not be
joined or spliced by
any means. Wood
supports shall not be
extended or repaired
by splicing or
other means.

## STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
- When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be retroreflectorized.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



# CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

Permonent signs are used to give notice of traffic lows or regulations, call
attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations,
show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points
of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information.
Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route
quidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.

Wood

- When permonent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- 4. If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMO Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shawn on the BC sheets or the CYZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be poid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor
  or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the
  Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary
  to Item 502.

## GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- 1. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be pointed white.
- 3. Borricodes shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, worn, and guide the traveling public safety through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and howing both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- 6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Campliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- 7. The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- 8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

## DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of
  work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The
  Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in
  regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
  - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
- Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work tosting more than one hour.
- c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

## SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- 1. The bottom of Long-term/intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
- 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- 5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration. SIZE OF SIGNS
- 1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. SIGN SUBSTRATES
- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CNZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- 2. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign ponels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

## REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- i. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).

  2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B or Type & , shall be 45ed for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.
- All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway
  Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of
  first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

## REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when
  the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any
  intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- 5. Burlop shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- 6. Duct tope or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- 7. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

## SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used.
- The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
   Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber bollasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCO list.

  Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed
- along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.

  8. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

## FLAGS ON SIGNS

 Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be arrange or fluorescent red-arrange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any partian of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12



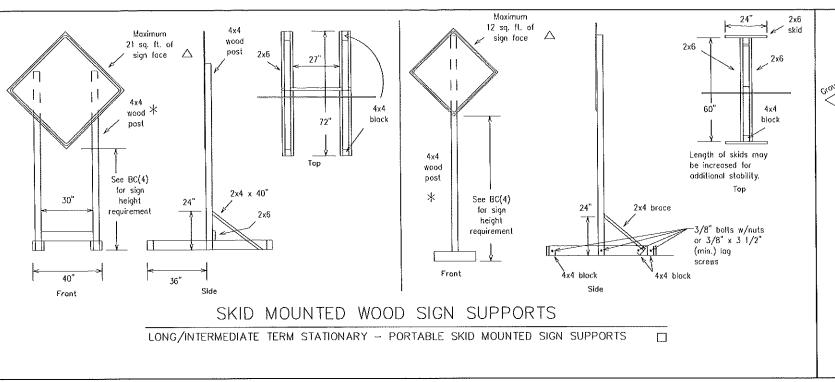
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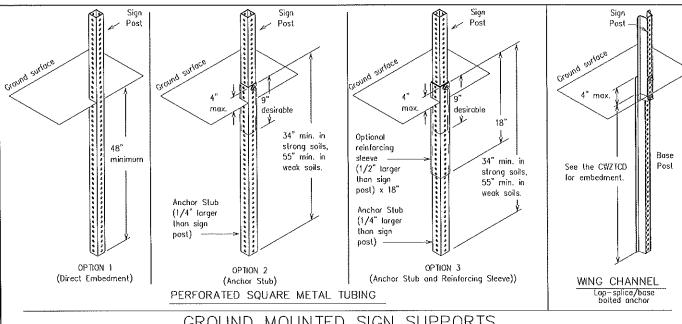
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

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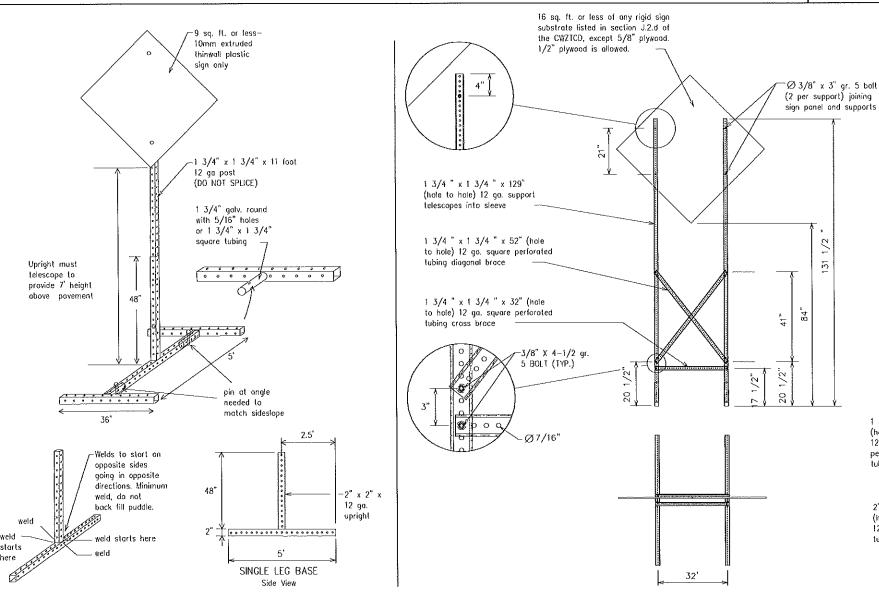
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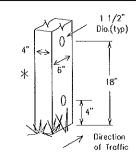




## GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.





Nominal	Number	Maximum	Minimum	Drilled
Post	of	Sq. feet of	Soil	Hole(s)
Slze	Posts	Sign Face	Embedment	Required
4 x 4	1	12	36"	100
4 x 4	2	21	36"	NO
4 x 6	- 1	21	36"	YES
4 x 6	2	36	36"	YES

WOOD POST SYSTEM FOR GROUND

## MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS -Ø3/8 " X 3" gr. 5 bolt 1 3/4 " x 1 3/4 " x 129" (hale to hale) 12 ga. square lubing upright Completely welded 2" x 2" x 59" around tubing (hole to hole) 12 ga. perforated 2" x 2" x 8" (hale to hale) 12 ga. squore perforated lubing sleeve welded to skid

perforated

tubing skid

## WEDGE ANCHORS

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square (eet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

## OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

## GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" bolts with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final connection.
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiory to Item 502.
  - See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
  - Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
  - See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate A See the CYZICU for the type of wight in the land can be used for each approved sign support.

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Division Standard

Traffic

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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

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SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

## PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "10," "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- 4. Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway, i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- 6. When in use the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be disployed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- 9. Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed. 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e.,
- keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line. 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phroses that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this fist should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mite and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not clarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Rood A	CCS RD	lojor MAJ	
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RIE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVO	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
Ahead		Road	RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	Š
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	F#Y BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Troffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH. VEHS
Hour(s)	HR, HRS	Worning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
I† Is	115	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMY
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		1 110111
Maintenance	MAINT	_i	

Readway designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

## RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

## Phase 1: Condition Lists

7	EDONITAGE	DOADWODK	DOAD
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD	RIGHT LN	RIGHT LN	TWO-WAY
CLSD AT	CLOSED	NARROWS	TRAFFIC
FM XXXX	XXX FT	XXXX FT	XX MILE
RIGHT X	RIGHT X	MERGING	CONST
LANES	LANES	TRAFFIC	TRAFFIC
CLOSED	OPEN	XXXX FT	XXX FT
CENTER	DAYTIME	LOOSE	UNEVEN
LANE	LANE	GRAVEL	LANES
CLOSED	CLOSURES	XXXX FT	XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS	EXIT XXX	ROADWORK	ROADWORK
LANES	CLOSED	PAST	NEXT
CLOSED	X MILE	SH XXXX	FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL	X LANES	TRAFFIC	LANES
DRIVEWAY	CLOSED	SIGNAL	SHIFT

## LANE

## APPLICATION GUIDELINES

. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS. 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Romp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".

TUE - FRI

3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".

XXXX FT

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

## Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

Action to Take/ Lis	Effect on Trovel st	Location List	Warning List	** Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I—XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP	Nu.	DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE		* * Se	e Application Guidelines Note 6.	

## WORDING ALTERNATIVES

location phase is used

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate. 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- georganiate. 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) con be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary
- 7. FT and MI. MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate. 8. AT, BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

## FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

CLOSED

XXXXXXXX BLVD

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" obove.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a floshing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flosh rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12



Division Standard

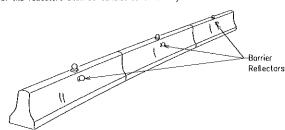
Traffic Operations

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

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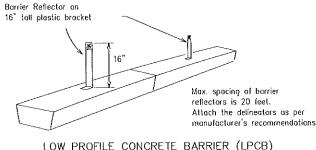
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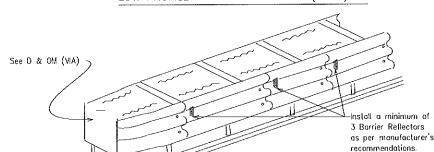
- 1. Borrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A fist of prequalified Borrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Borrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.



#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where troffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CIB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CIB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum specing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary (lexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed by the Engineer
- 11. Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



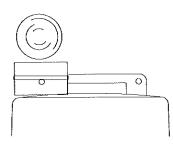


#### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

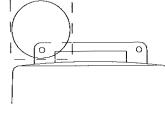
END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350. Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

#### BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Worning reflector may be round or square.Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

#### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCO.
- 2. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B or C Specting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated an this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB"
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Sleady-Burn Worning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing worning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing worning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing worning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the toper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of floshing for each light shall be 65 floshes per minute, plus or minus 10 floshes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- 7. The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

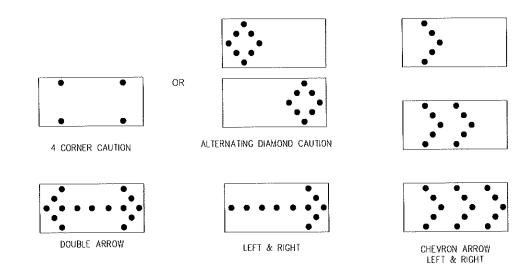
#### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A worning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed on the CY/ZTCD.
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic

- 1. The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- 3. The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.

  4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- 6. The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.7. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated tomp voltage.

The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.

- Minimum tamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
- The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
- 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron display may be used during daylight operations.11. The Floshing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, troiler or other suitable support.
- 12. A Floshing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
- 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.

  14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway.
- to bottom of panel.

	F	REQUIREMEN'	S	
L	_		MINIMUM VISIB VISIG	
}	30 x 60	13	3/4 mile	
,	48 x 96	15	l mile	

ATTENTION								
Floshing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with								
outomotic dimming devices.								

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL

Traffic

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Division

#### FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck—mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350)
- or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).

  2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

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#### GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums ore the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in topers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTCO)
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely offect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

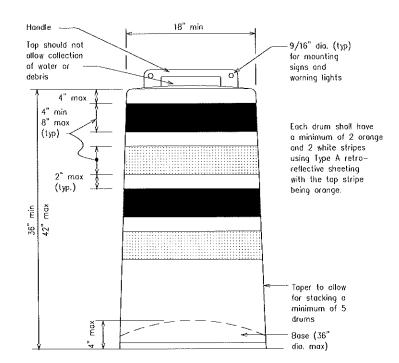
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plostic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter hales to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two laotholds of sufficient size to allow bose to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drams shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, aronge, high-density polyethylene (HOPE) or other approved material.
- Drum body shall have a maximum unballosted weight of 11 lbs.
   Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

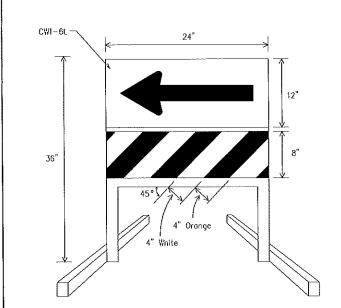
#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS—8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no detarrinating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### BALLAST

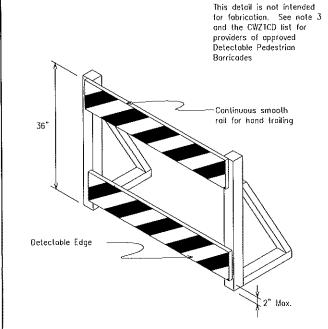
- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above povement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Boses with built—in bollast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs.
   Built—in bollast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballost on drums approved for this type of ballost on the CWZTCD list.
- the ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that
  would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the
  drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.





#### DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

- The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional guidance to drivers is necessary.
   If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used.
- If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.
- 3. The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One—Direction Large Arrow (CWI-6) sign in the size shown with a black arrow on a background of Type B or type C Orange retroreflective sheeting above a roil with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4" white and orange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per DMS 8300.
- 4. Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be
- 5. Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List.
  Ballost shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with
- the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.

  2. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cane shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
- 3. Detectable pedestrian borricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.4. Tope, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades may use 8" nominal barricade roils as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24"

Vertical Panel

mount with diagonals
sloping down towards

trovel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

## SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B or Type C Orange_{FL} sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS—8300, "Sign Face Materiat," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately largued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the autside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

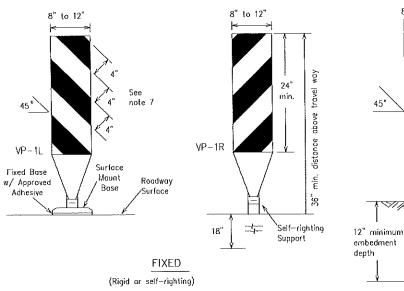
Traffic Operations Division Standard

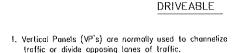
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(8)-14

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Rigid

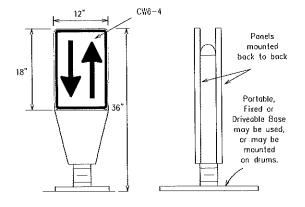
Support

8" to 12"

18/1/8/1/8-

- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used of the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Pavernent Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two—way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
   Self-righting supports are available with partable base.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
   See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical ponel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



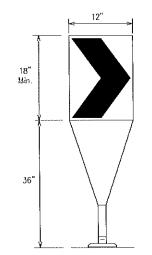
note 7

PORTABLE

(Rigid or self-righting)

- Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the povement with on adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- The OTLD may be used in combination with 42" cones or VPs.
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLO shall be orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLO shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



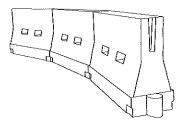
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveoble Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be aronge with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on lapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chewrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

#### CHEVRONS

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCO).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self—righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed else—where in the plans. These devices shall conform to the IMUTCO and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall yeigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- Povement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final povement surfaces, including povement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveoble bases shall not be permitted on final povement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are crashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as borricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballosted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 croshworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballosted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with povement markings.
- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCO list.
- 4. Water ballosted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging toper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the toper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballosted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long cones and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed *	Formula	D	esirable er Lengt * *		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
^		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	205	225'	245	35'	70'	
40	7 60	265'	295	320'	40'	80'	
45		450'	495'	540	45'	90'	
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	
55	L=WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	
60	1 -412	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	
65	]	650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	
70	1	700'	770'	840	70'	140'	
75		750'	825'	900'	75'	150'	
80	]	800	880'	960'	80,	160'	

** Toper lengths have been rounded off, L=Length of Toper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF
CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND
MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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Traffic Operations Division Standard

Suggested Maximum

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

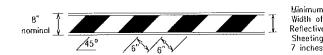
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#### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Troffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all troffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slape downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- 4. Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Worning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fosteners.
- 9. Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

Barricades shall NOT be used as a sign support.

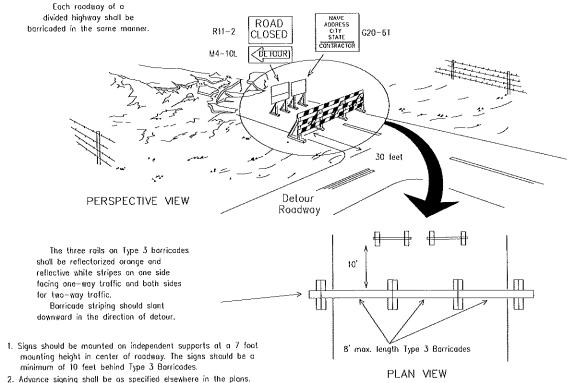


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

4' min 8' max Stiffener

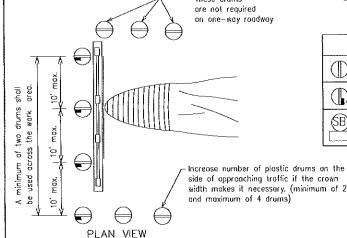
> Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

Typical Plastic Drum PERSPECTIVE VIEW These drums are not required



1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted.

2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for

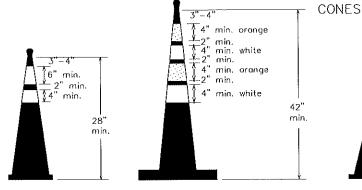
safety as required in the plans. 3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the

shoulder width is less than 4 feet. 4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be omitted if drums are used.

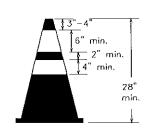
5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.

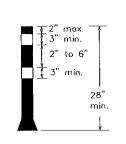
#### LEGEND Plastic drum Instic drum with sleady burn light vellow worning reflector Steady burn warning light or yellow warning reflector

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS



Two-Piece cones





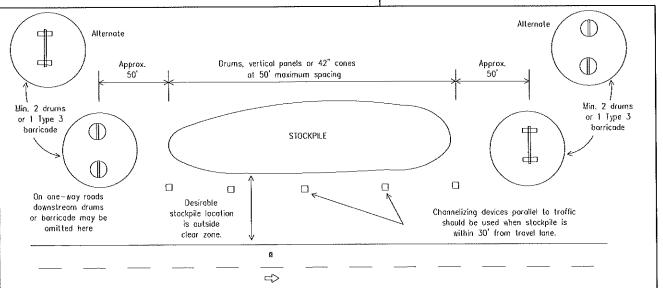
Tubular Marker

One-Piece cones

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of

30 lbs. including base.



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly arange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.

2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.

3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to old in retrieving the device.

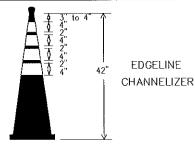
4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and arange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.

5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.

6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone

7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size

THIS DEVICE SHALL NOT BE USED ON PROJECTS LET AFTER MARCH 2014.



1. This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane. It is not intended to be used in transitions or topers.

2. This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic (opposing or otherwise) or worn of objects.

3. This device is based on a 42 inch, two-piece cone with an alternate striping pattern: four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted.

4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.

SHEET 10 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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#### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### **GENERAL**

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing payement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 2. Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(SIPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WTH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is normitted.
- All work zone povement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Deportmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PRFFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated povement markings (fail back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

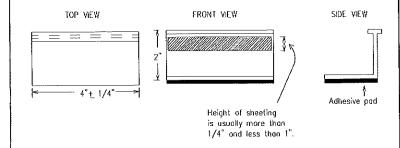
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone payement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low—beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion
  or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway
  shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Povement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of povement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type povement may be used.
- Blost cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing povement markings and markers will be paid for directly in occordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer

#### Temporary Flexible—Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE—REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary (lexible—reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tob manufacturers.
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new povements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised payement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement morkers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hat applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW — (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE — (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION	NS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other povement markings can be found at the Moterial Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



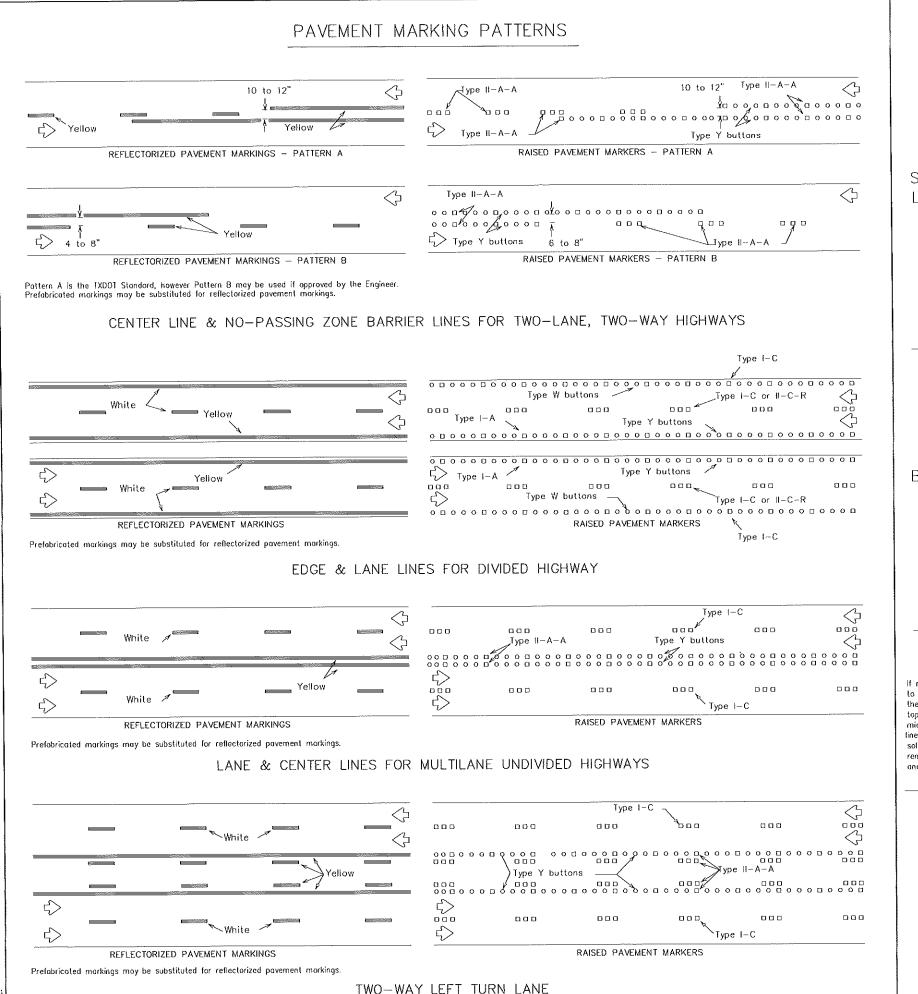
Traffic Operations Division Standard

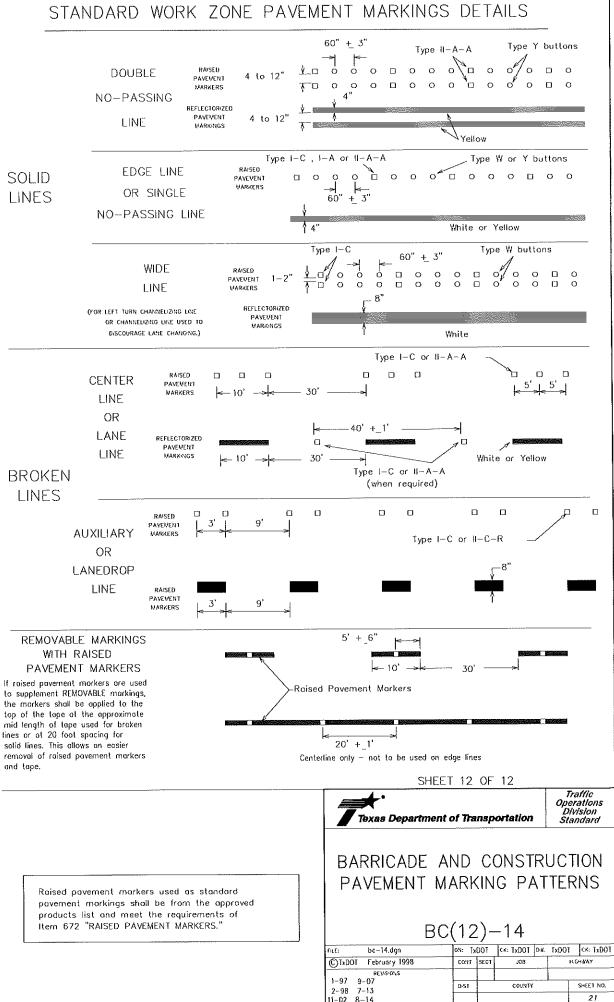
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-14

ON: Tx	DOT	CK: TxDOT	o₩.	TxDOT	ck: IxDOI
CONT		409		н:	GH NAY
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DiST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
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	CONT	DiST	DIST COUNTY	DIST CONSTA	DIST COMMIX

DATE:





WORK AHEAD ♡10 END CW20-1D 48" X 48" WORK ROAD WORK END (Flags-See note 1) AHEAD G20-2 48" X 24" (See note 2) ROAD WORK DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty kind is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conversion of this standard to other farmats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. (Flags-See note 1) 48" X 24" (See note 2) WORK for 50 mph or less 3x for over 50 mph AHEAD CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) 10' Inactive ≺Min. Work vehicles work vehicle or other equipment necessary for the (See Note 7) 50 50 work operation, such as trucks, moveable cranes, etc., shall remain in areas separated from Channelizing devices may be omitted if the lones of troffic by channelizing devices at all times. work area is a minimum of 30' from the Min. nearest traveled way. (See notes 4 & 5) (See notes 4 & 5) (See notes 4 & 5) 000 ROAD WORK ROAD END AHEAD **ROAD WORK** WORK AHEAD G20-2 48" X 24" CW20-1D 48" X 48" END ROAD (See note 2) CW20-1D 48" X 48" 少10 ROAD WORK  $\Diamond$ WORK ♡10 (Flogs-See note 1) AHEAD (Flags-See note 1) G20-2 48" X 24" (See note 2) CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-See note 1) TCP (2-1c)TCP(2-1b)TCP (2-10)WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER WORK SPACE NEAR SHOULDER WORK SPACE ON SHOULDER Conventional Roads Conventional Roads Conventional Roads

Type 3 Barricade

Heavy Work Vehicle

Troiler Mounted Flashing Arrow Boord

Sign

Flag

LEGEND

Channelizing Devices

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)

Troffic Flow

Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula		Minimun Desirable Der Leng **		Spaci	elizing	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Langitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	ws ²	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35	$L = \frac{WS}{60}$	205	225'	245	35'	70'	160'	120'
40		265	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'
50	1	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L=WS	550'	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60		600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	<b>√</b>	1	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
		TYPICAL US	AGE	

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from nearest traveled way.
- I. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and freeways.
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the
- right—af—way line and not parked on the poved shoulder.

  8. CW21—5. "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20—11
- CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

Texas Department of Transportation

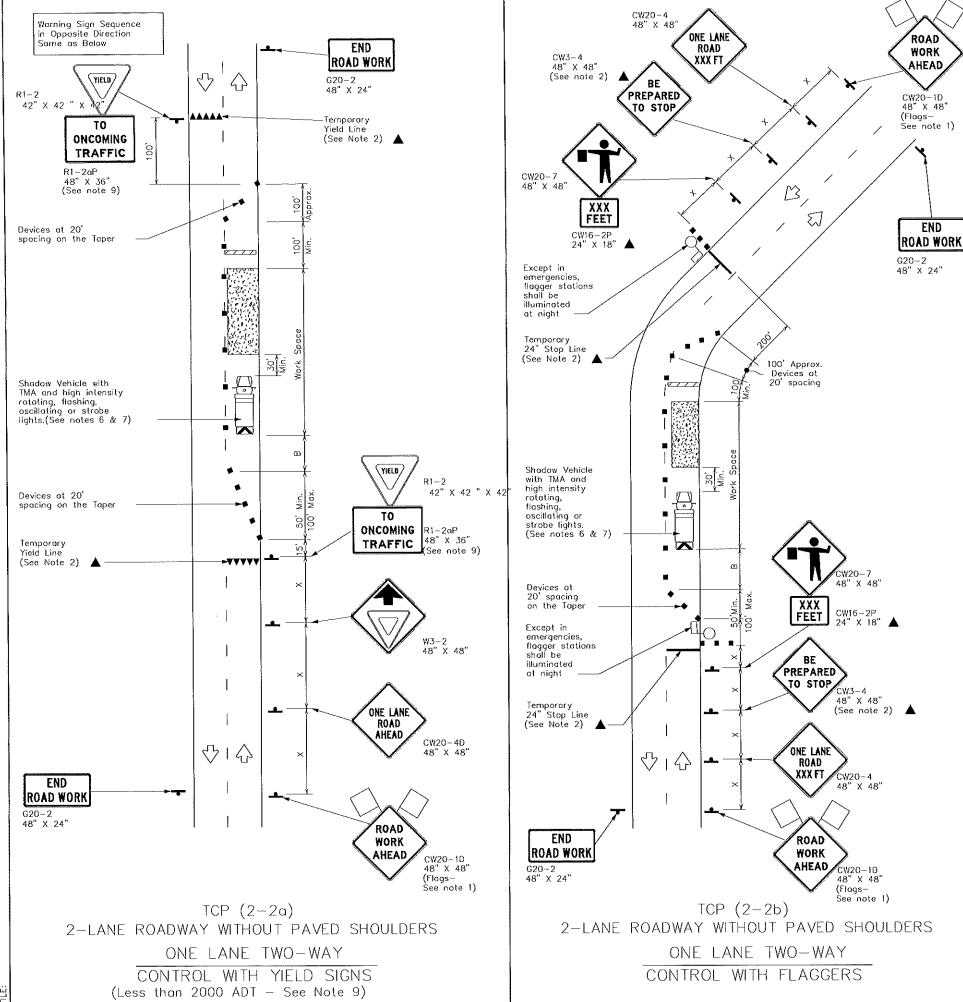
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
CONVENTIONAL ROAD
SHOULDER WORK

TCP(2-1)-18

DATE: FILE:





Type 3 Barricade

Type 3 Barricade

Heavy Work Vehicle

Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)

Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board

Sign

Flag

Flag

Flag

Traffic Flow

Flagger

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable		Spaci Chons	Maximum ng of elizing ices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space "R"	Stopping Sight Distance	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"	
30	. 2	150	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90,	200'
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225	245	35'	70'	160'	120'	250'
40	60	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	305
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	360'
50	1	500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	425'
55	L=WS	550'	605	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'	495'
60	1 - 113	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600,	350'	570'
65	]	650'	715	780'	65'	130'	700'	410	645
70	]	700'	770	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	730'
75	1	750'	825	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'	820'

* Conventional Roads Only

** Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

	TYPICAL USAGE						
I MUSILE I I		SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY			
	1	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>				

#### GENERAL NOTES

1, Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- ROAD XXX FT sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.

  4. Flaggers should use two—way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic.

5. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.

- 6. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### TCP (2-2a)

- 8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.
- The R1-20P "YELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

#### TCP (2-2b)

- 10.Channelizing devices on the center line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 11.11 the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles. (See table above).
- 12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
ONE-LANE TWO-WAY
TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP(2-2)-18

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DATE

by TxDOT for a damages resul No warranty of any kind is made formats or for incorrect results or Engineering Practice Act". of this standard to other standard is governed by no responsibility for the

#### CURB RAMPS

- 1. Install a curb ramp or blended transition at each pedestrian street crossing
- 2. All slopes shown are maximum allowable. Cross stopes of 1.5% and lesser running should be used. Adjust curb ramp length or grade of approach sidewalks as directed.
- 3. Maximum allowable cross slope on sidewalk and curb ramp surfaces is 2%.
- 4. The minimum sidewalk width is 5'. Where the sidewalk is adjacent to the back of curb, o 6' sidewalk width is desirable. Where a 5' sidewalk cannot be provided due to site constraints, sidewalk width may be reduced to 4' for short distances. 5'x 5' passing areas at intervals not to exceed 200' are required.
- 5. Turning Spaces shall be 5'x 5' minimum. Cross stope shall be maximum 2%.
- 6. Clear space at the bottom of curb ramps shall be a minimum of 4'x 4' wholly contained within the crosswolk and wholly outside the parallel vehicular travel path.
- 7. Provide flared sides where the pedestrian circulation path crosses the curb ramp Flored sides shall be sloped at 10% maximum, measured parallel to the curb. Returned curbs may be used only where pedestrians would not normally walk across the ramp, either because the adjacent surface is planted, substantially obstructed, or otherwise protected.
- 8. Additional information on curb ramp location, design, light reflective value and texture may be found in the latest draft of the Proposed Guidelines for Pedestrian Facilities in the Public Right of Way (PROWAG) as published by the U.S. Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board (Access Board).
- 9. To serve as a pedestrian refuge area, the median should be a minimum of 6' wide, measured from back of curbs. Medians should be designed to provide accessible passage over or through them.
- 10. Small channelization islands, which do not provide a minimum 5'x 5' landing at the top of curb ramps, shall be cut through level with the surface of the street.
- 11. Crosswalk dimensions, crosswalk markings and stop bar locations shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans. At intersections where crosswalk markings are not required, curb ramps shall align with theoretical crosswalks unless otherwise directed.
- 12. Provide curb ramps to connect the pedestrion access route at each pedestrian street crossing. Handrails are not required on curb ramps.
- 13. Curb ramps and landings shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item 531
- 14. Place concrete at a minimum depth of 5" for ramps, flores and landings, unless otherwise directed.
- 15. Furnish and install No. 3 reinforcing steel bars at 18" o.c. both ways, unless otherwise directed.
- 16. Provide a smooth transition where the curb ramps connect to the street.
- 17. Curbs shown on sheet 1 within the limits of payment are considered part of the curb ramp for payment, whether it is concrete curb, gutter, or combined curb and gutter.
- 18. Existing features that comply with applicable standards may remain in place unless otherwise shown on the plans

#### DETECTABLE WARNING MATERIAL

- 19. Curb ramps must contain a detectable warning surface that consists of roised truncated domes complying with PROWAG. The surface must controst visually with adjoining surfaces, including side flores. Furnish and install on approved cast-in-place dark brown or dark red detectable warning surface material adjacent to uncolored concrete, unless specified elsewhere in the plans.
- 20. Detectable Worning Materials must meet TxDOT Departmental Materials Specification DMS 4350 and be listed on the Material Producer List. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.
- 21. Detectable warning surfaces must be firm, stable and slip resistant.
- 22. Detectable warning surfaces shall be a minimum of 24 inches in depth in the direction of pedestrian travel, and extend the full width of the curb ramp or landing where the pedestrian access route enters the street.
- 23. Detectable warning surfaces shall be located so that the edge nearest the curb line is at the back of curb and neither end of that edge is greater than 5 feet from the back of curb. Detectable worning surfaces may be curved along the corner radius.
- 24. Shaded areas on Sheet 1 of 4 indicate the approximate location for the detectable warning surface for each curb ramp type.

#### DETECTABLE WARNING PAYERS (IF USED)

- 25. Furnish detectable worning pover units meeting all requirements of ASTM C-936, C-33. Lay in a two by two unit basket weave pattern or as directed.
- 26. Lay full-size units first followed by closure units consisting of at least 25 percent (25%) of a full unit. Cut detectable warning payer units using a power saw.

#### SIDEWALKS

- 27. Provide clear ground space at operable parts, including pedestrian push buttons. Operable parts shall be placed within unobstructed reach range specified in PROWAG section R406
- 28. Place traffic signal or illumination poles, ground boxes, controller boxes, signs, drainage facilities and other items so as not to obstruct the pedestrian access route or clear ground space.
- 29. Street grades and cross slopes shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 30. Changes in level greater than 1/4 inch are not permitted.
- 31. The least possible grade should be used to maximize accessibility. The running slope of sidewolks and crosswalks within the public right of way may follow the grade of the parallel roadway. Where a continuous grade greater than five percent (5%) must be provided, handrails may be desirable to improve accessibility. Handrails may also be needed to protect pedestrians from potentially hozardous conditions. If provided, handrails shall comply with PROWAG R409.
- 32. Handrail extensions shall not protrude into the usable landing area or into intersecting
- 33. Driveways and turnouts shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item "Intersections, Driveways and Turnouts". Sidewalks shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item, "Sidewalks".
- 34. Sidewalk details are shown elsewhere in the plans.

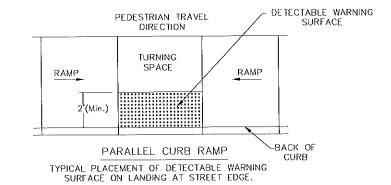
DETECTABLE WARNING PAVER PREFABRICATED DETECTABLE WITH TRUNCATED DOMES SIDE FLARE ≃ •== # = == -NO.3 REBAR AT 18" (MAX) ON-CENTER BOTH WAYS OR AS DIRECTED (MIN.) 5" DEPTH EXCLUSIVE OF DETECTABLE WARNING

CLASS A CONCRETE - SHALL

CONFORM TO APPLICABLE SPECIFICATIONS

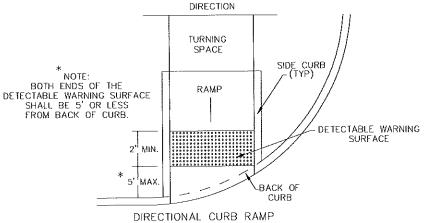
SECTION VIEW DETAIL CURB RAMP AT DETECTIBLE WARNINGS

#### DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE DETAILS



PEDESTRIAN TRAVEL DIRECTION TURNING SPACE DETECTABLE WARNING RAME SURFACE SIDE FLARE 2 (MIN.) BACK OF PERPENDICULAR CURB RAMP TYPICAL PLACEMENT OF DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE ON SLOPING RAMP RUN.

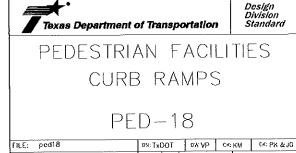
pedestrian routes.



PEDESTRIAN TRAVEL

TYPICAL PLACEMENT OF DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE ON SLOPING RAMP RUN.

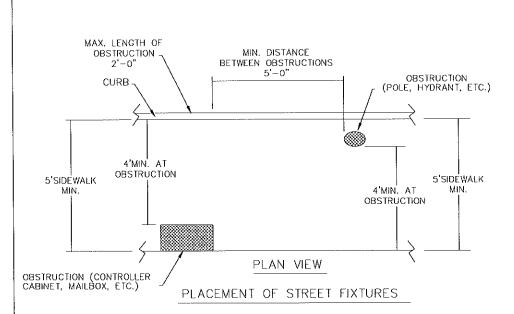
SHEET 2 OF 4



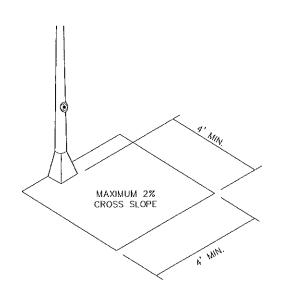
© TxDOT: MARCH, 2002 CONT SECT HIGHWAY £09, REVISED 08,2005 REVISED 06,2012 REVISED 01,2018 D:51 SHEET NO. 25

CAFE PROTECTED ZONE 4" MAX. POST PROJECTION PROTECTED ZONE 4" MAX, WALL PROJECTION 27" CANE DETECTABLE PROTECTED ZONE

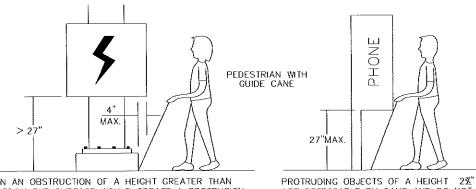
NOTE: IN PEDESTRIAN CIRCULATION AREA, MAXIMUM 4" PROJECTION FOR POST OR WALL MOUNTED OBJECTS BETWEEN 27" AND 80" ABOVE THE SURFACE.



NOTE: ITEMS NOT INTENDED FOR PUBLIC USE. MINIMUM 4' X 4' CLEAR GROUND SPACE REQUIRED AT PUBLIC USE FIXTURES.



CLEAR SPACE ADJACENT TO PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON



WHEN AN OBSTRUCTION OF A HEIGHT GREATER THAN 27" FROM THE SURFACE WOULD CREATE A PROTRUSION OF MORE THAN 4" INTO THE PEDESTRIAN CIRCULATION AREA, CONSTRUCT ADDITIONAL CURB OR FOUNDATION AT THE BOTTOM TO PROVIDE A MAXIMUM 4" OVERHANG.

ARE DETECTABLE BY CANE AND DO NOT REQUIRE ADDITIONAL TREATMENT.

DETECTION BARRIER FOR VERTICAL CLEARANCE <80"

SHEET 3 OF 4



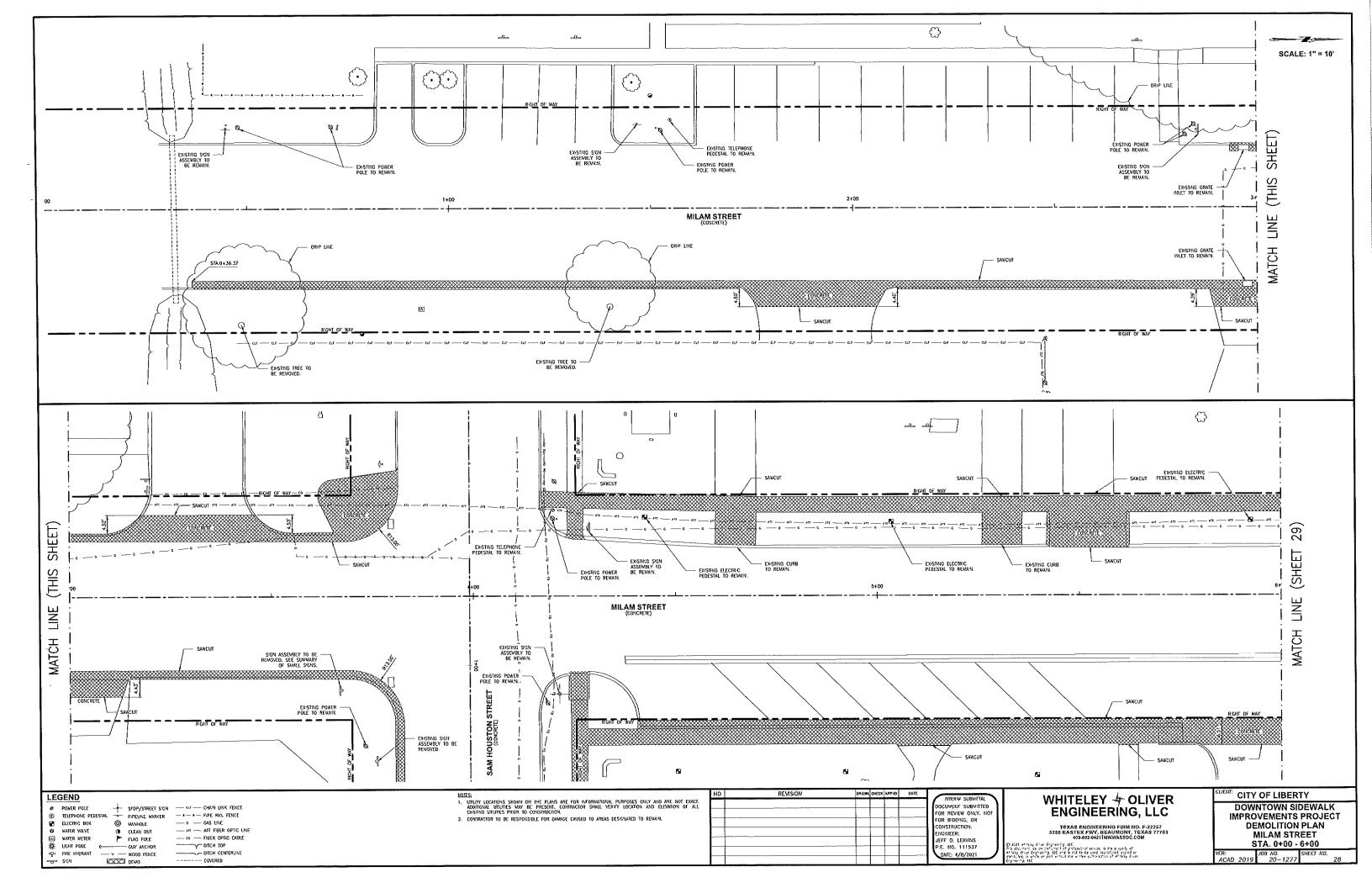
PFD-18

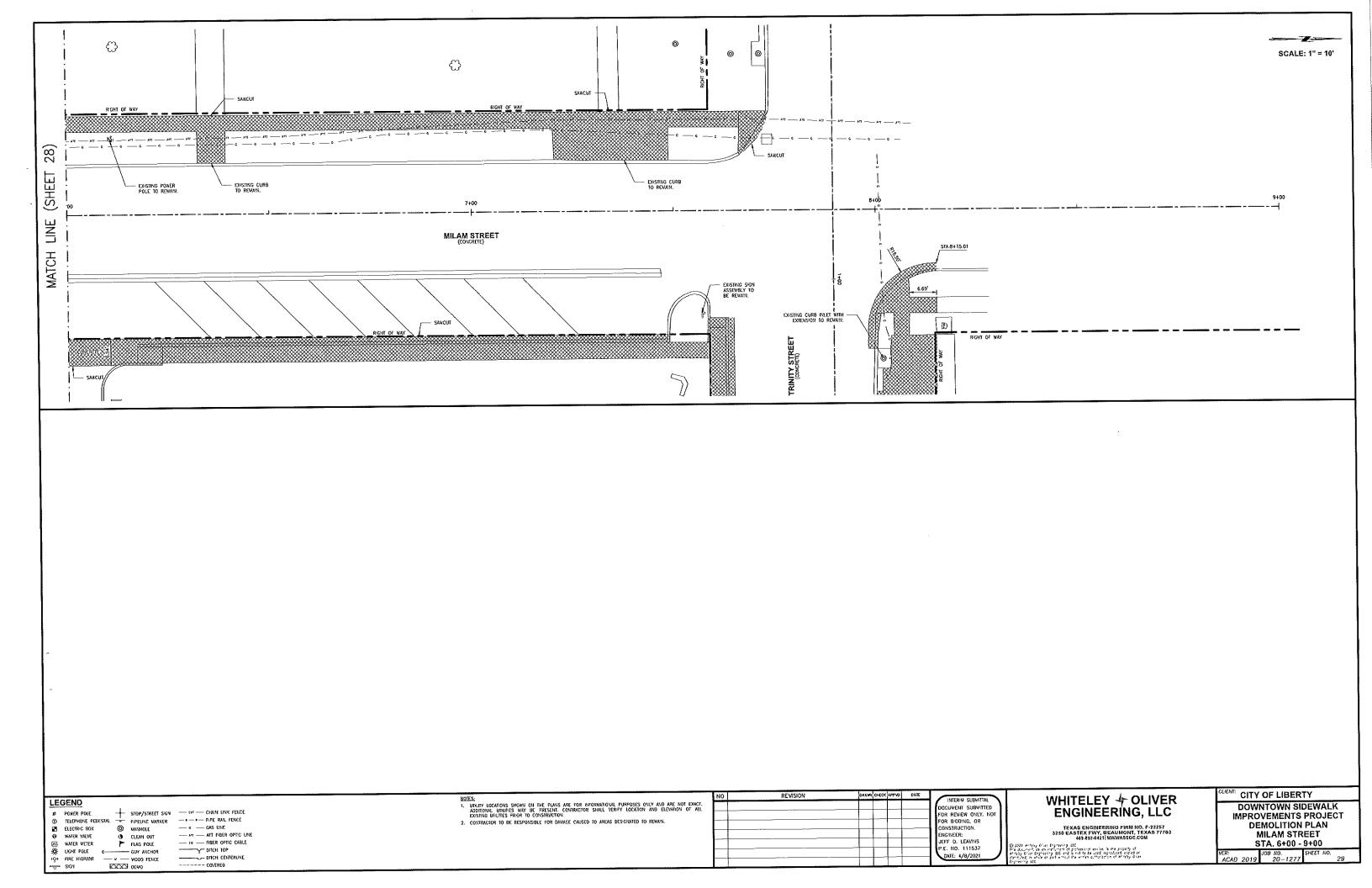
CURB RAMPS

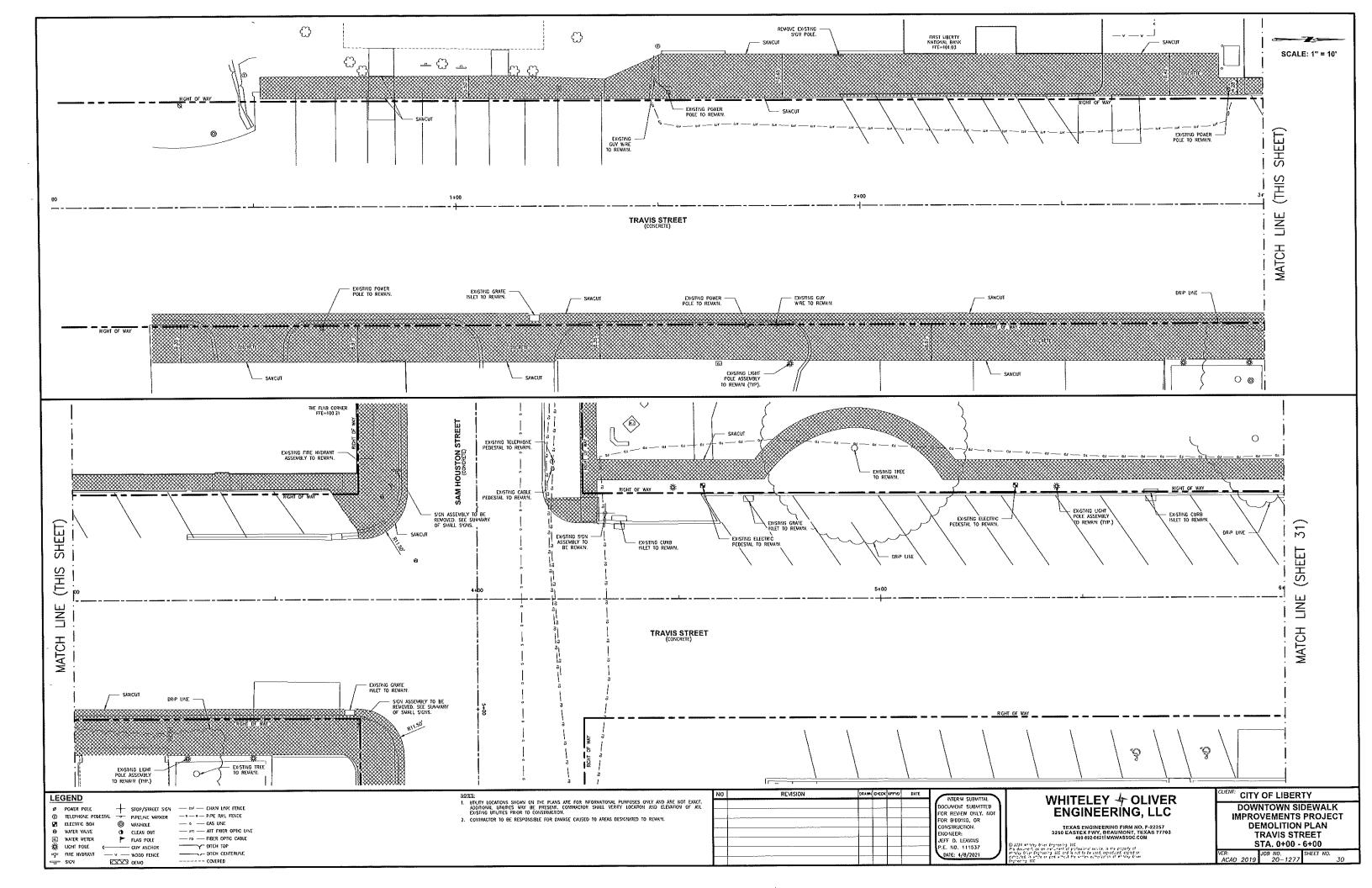
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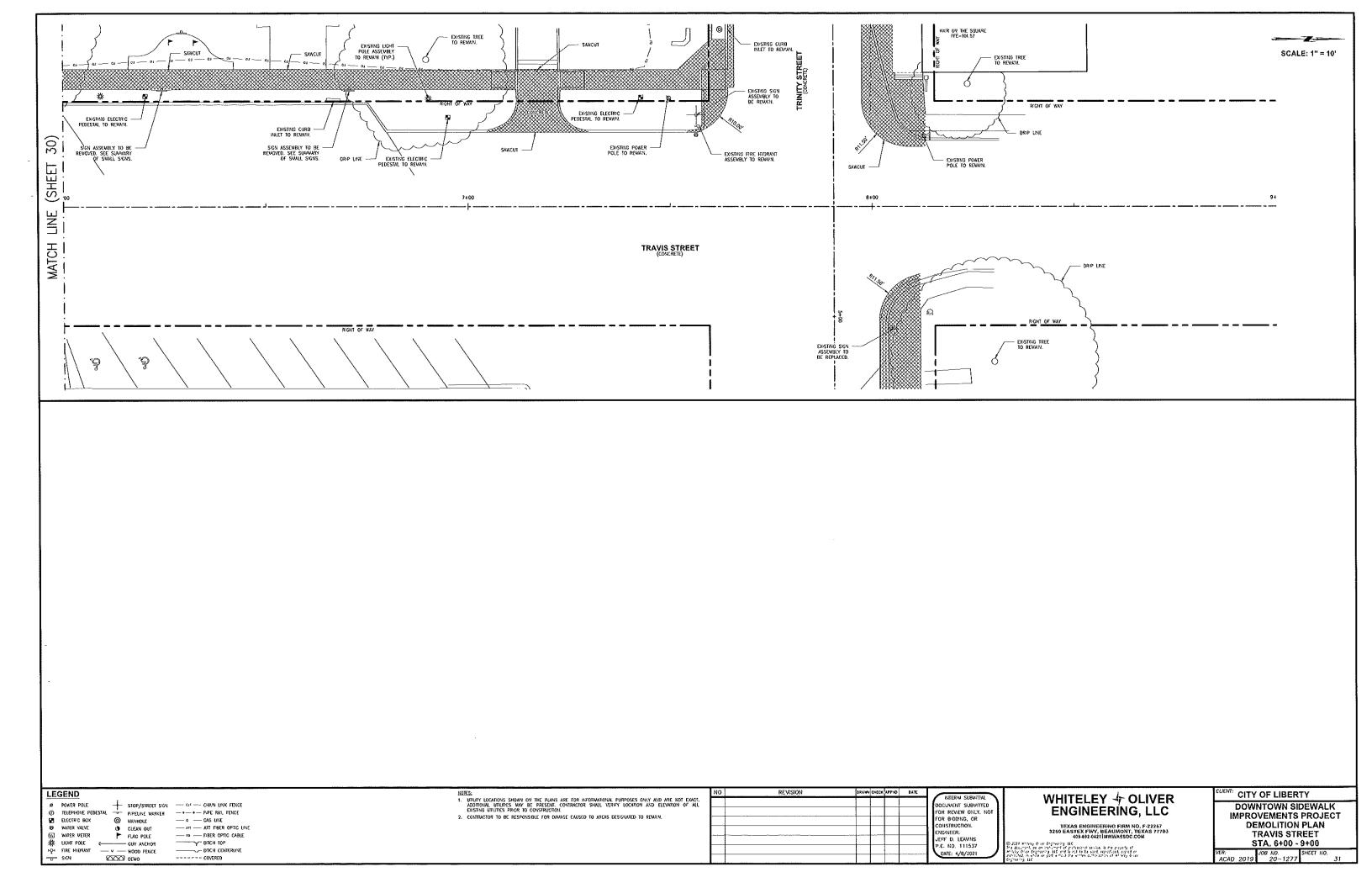
* WHERE DRIVEWAYS CROSS THE PEDESTRIAN ROUTE, SIDES SHALL BE FLARED AT 10% MAX SLOPE.

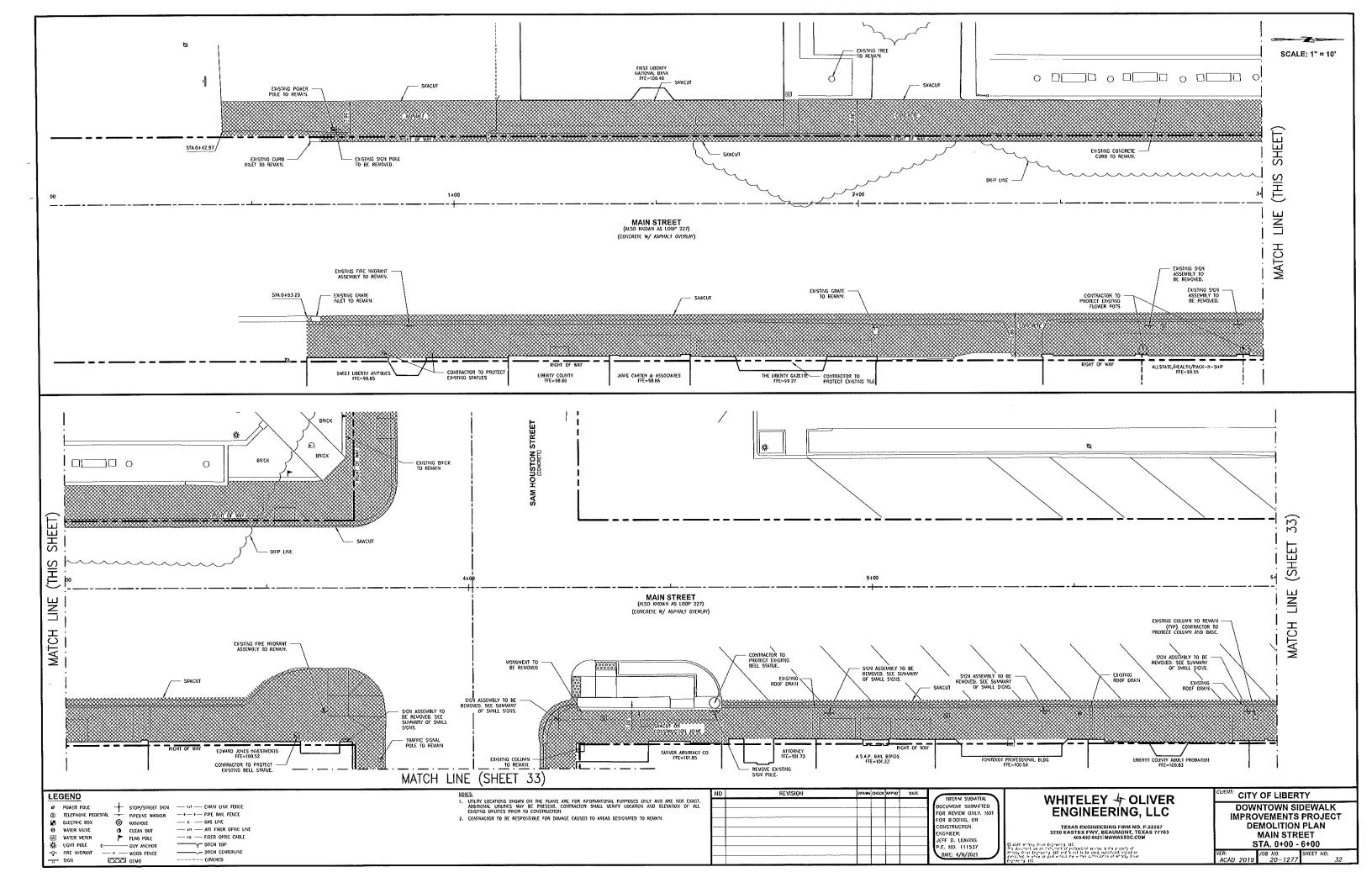
* * IF CURB HEIGHT IS CREATER THAN 6 INCHES, USE GRADE LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 5% HANDRAIL AND DETECTABLE WARNING ARE NOT REQUIRED.

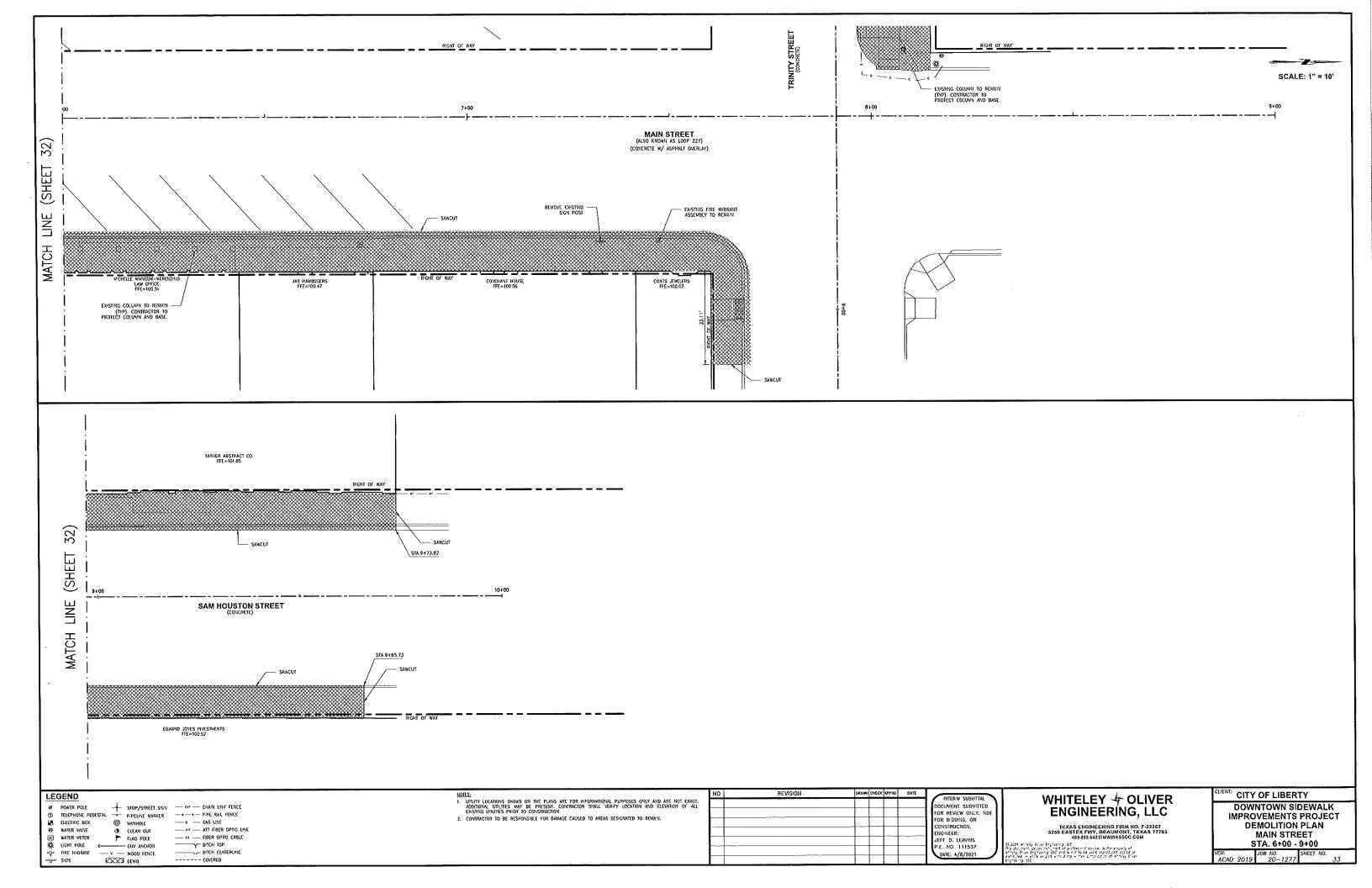


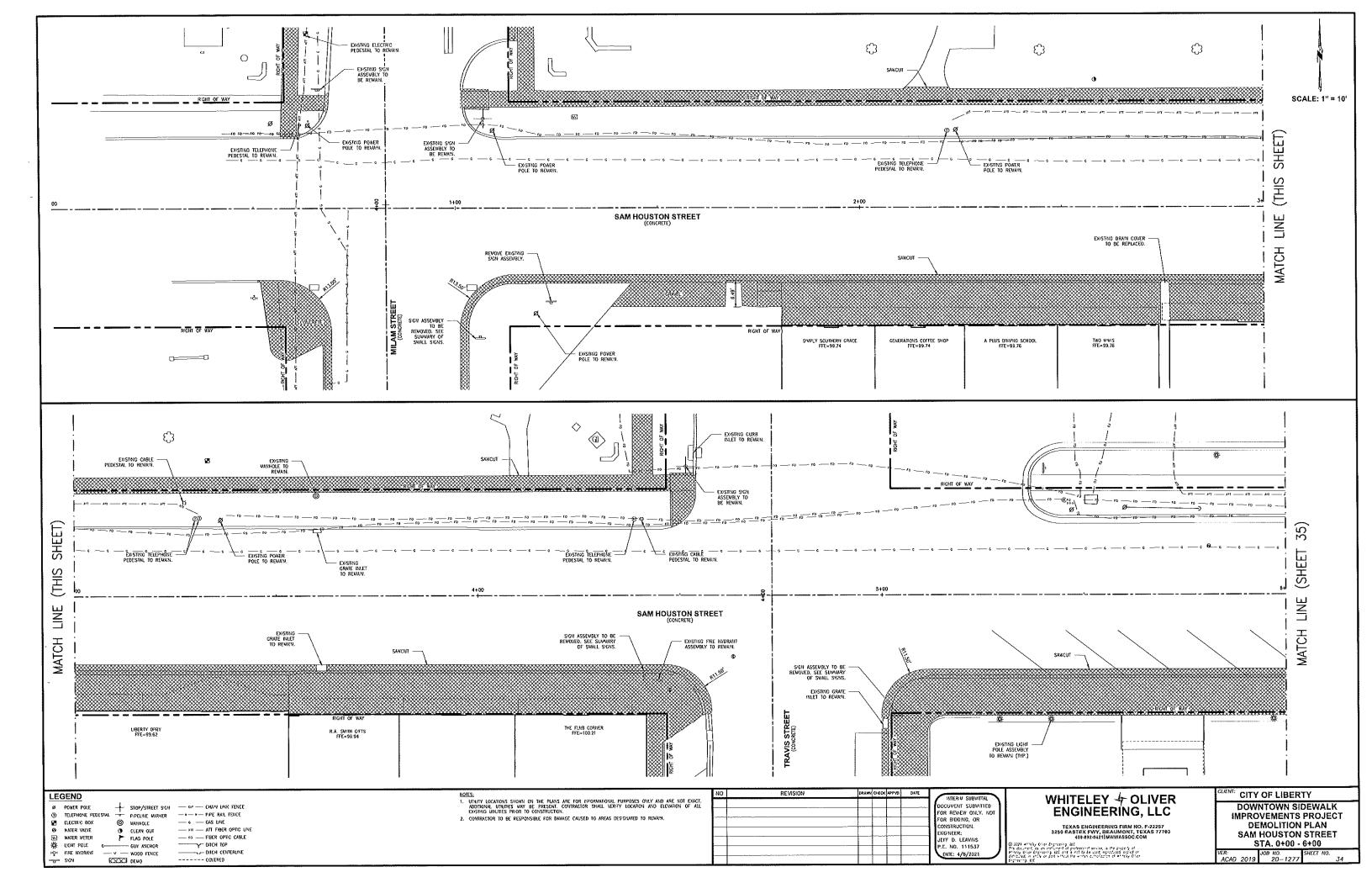


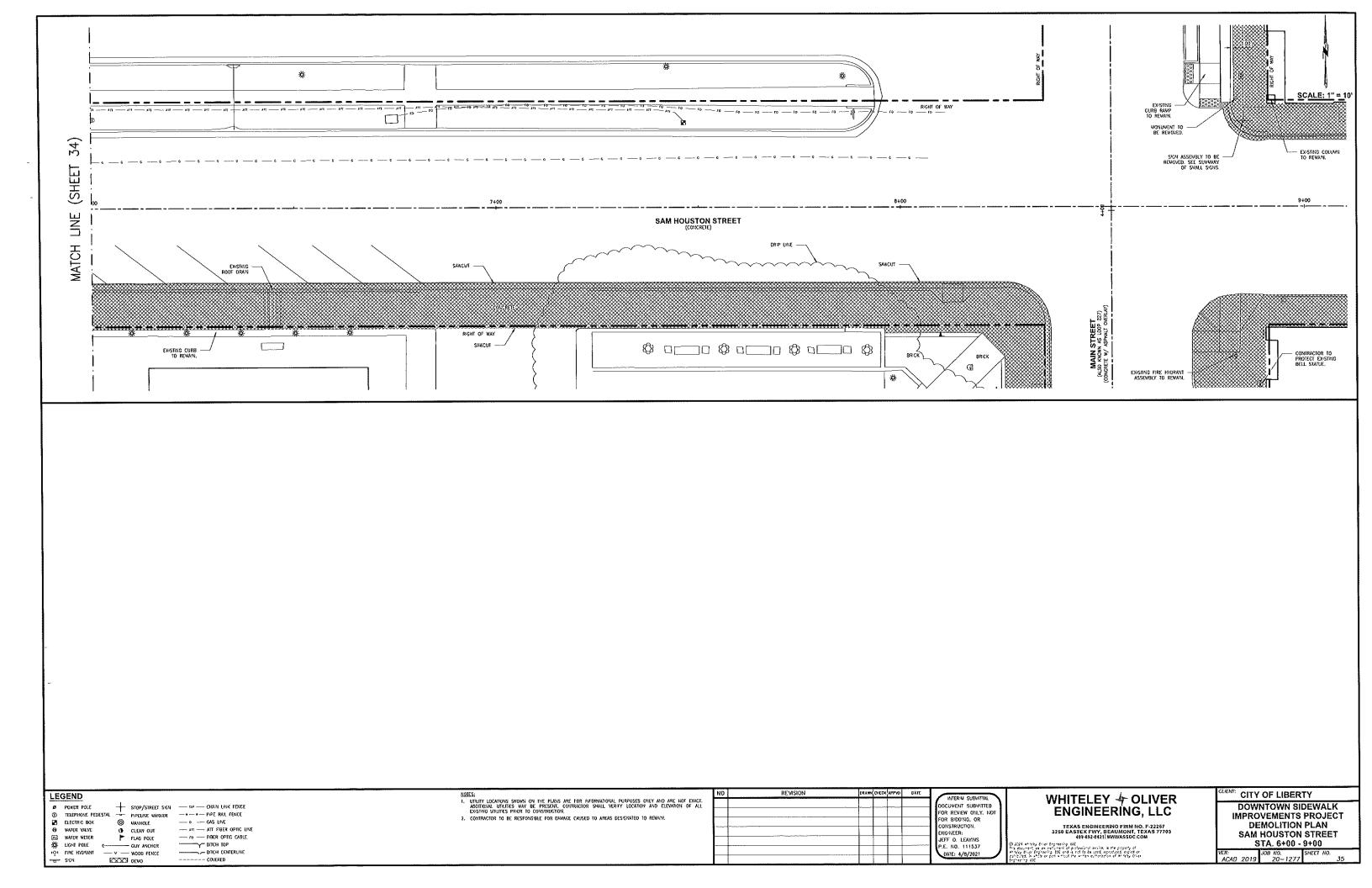


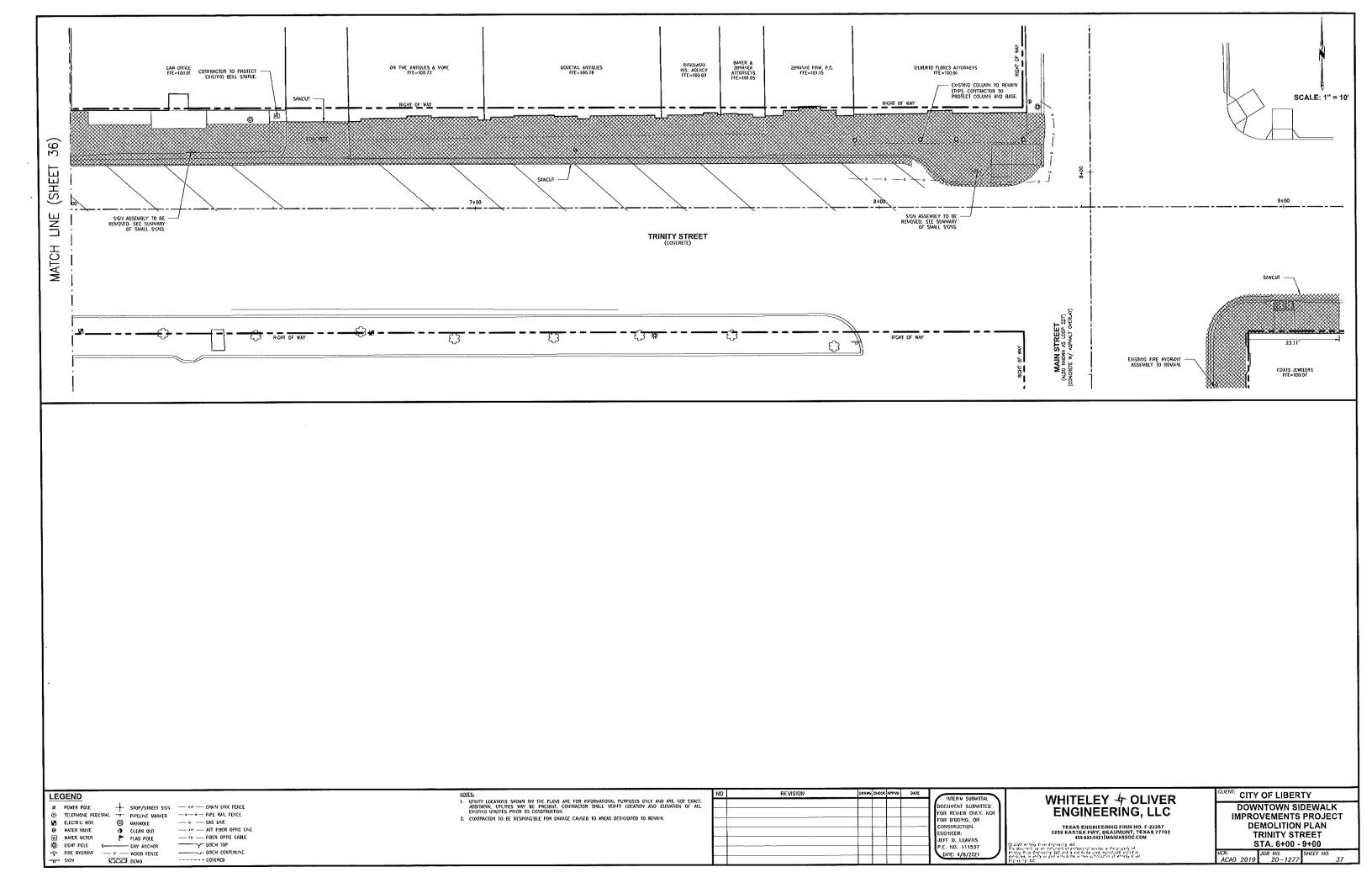


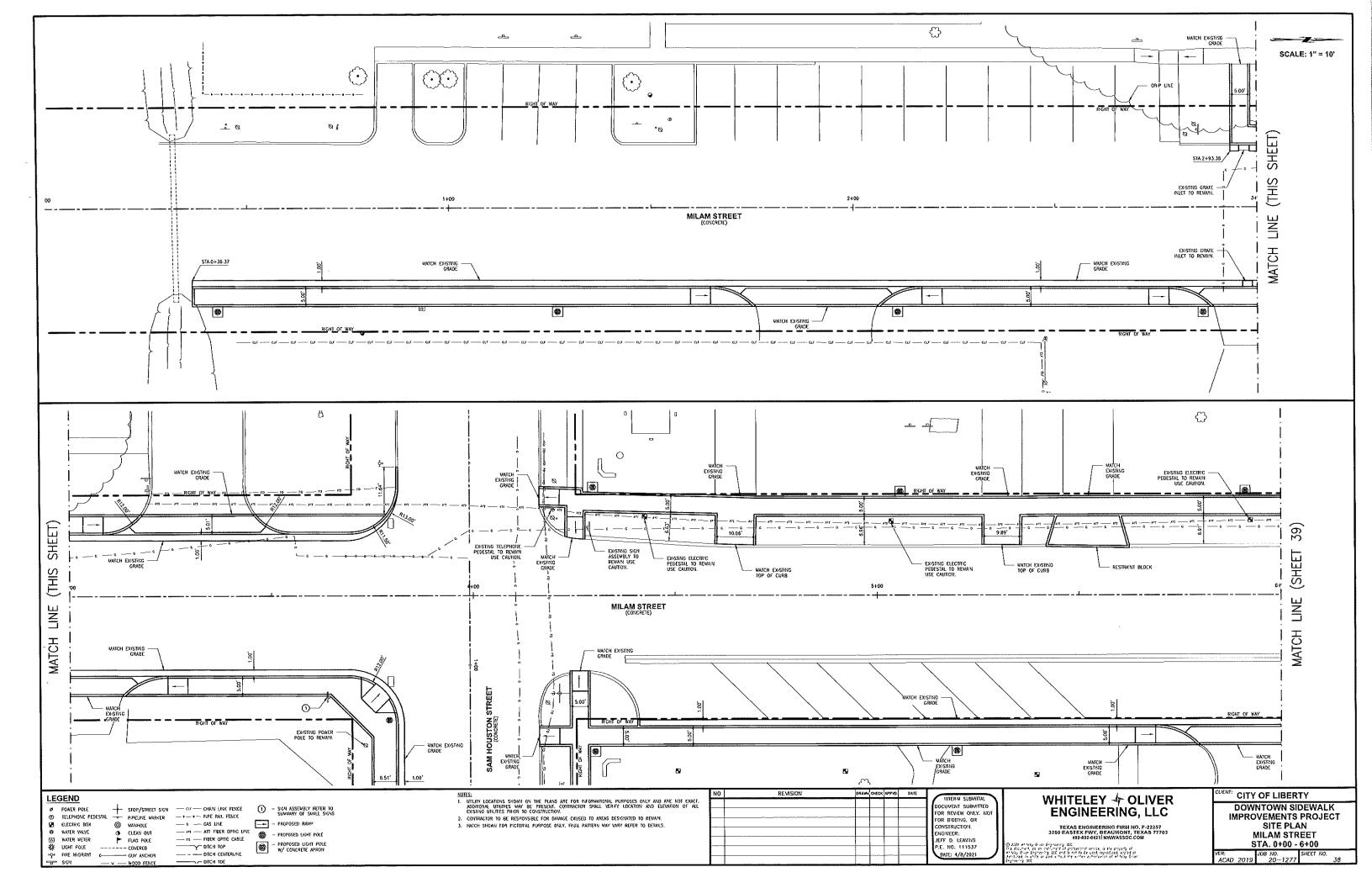


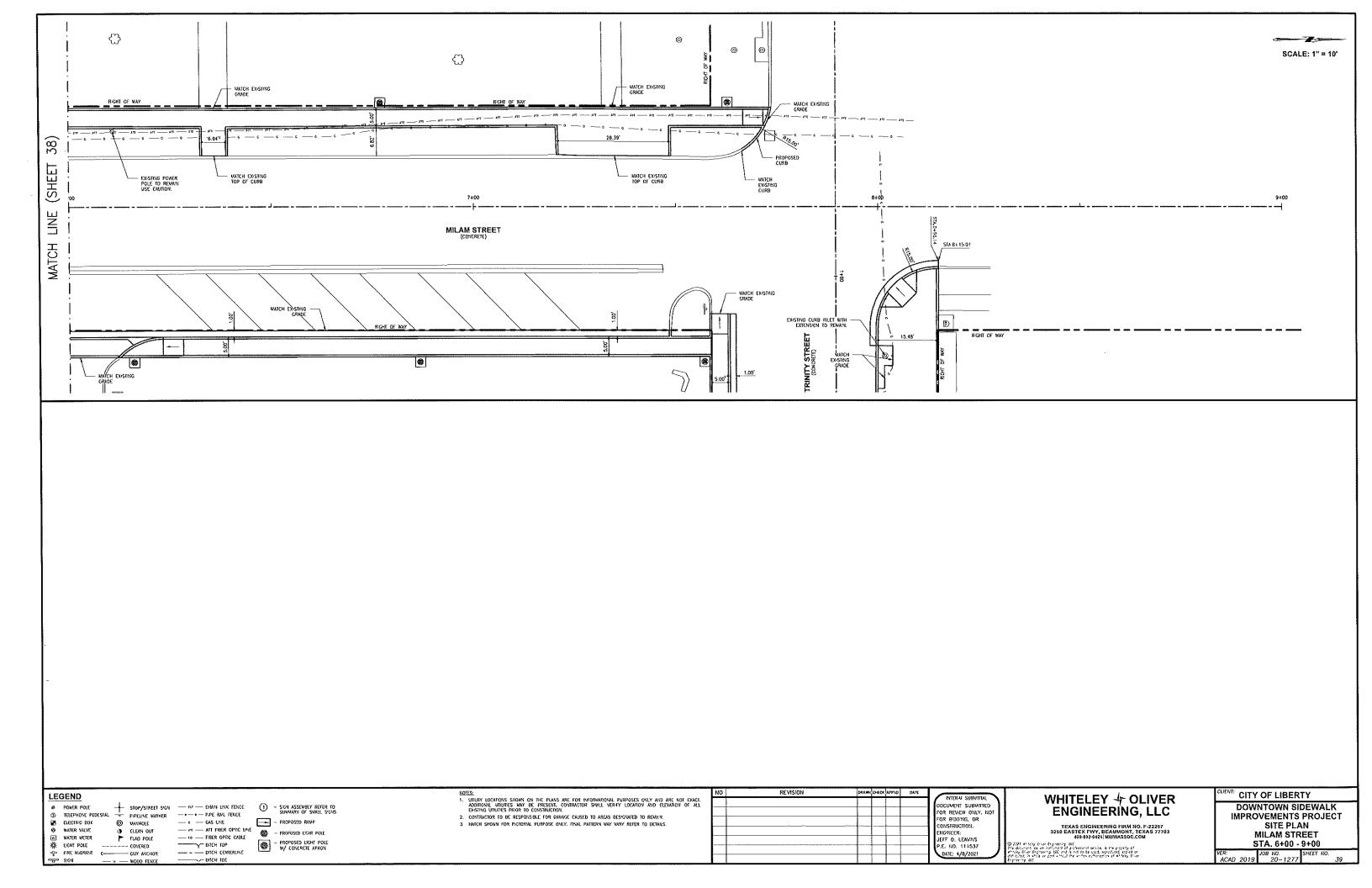


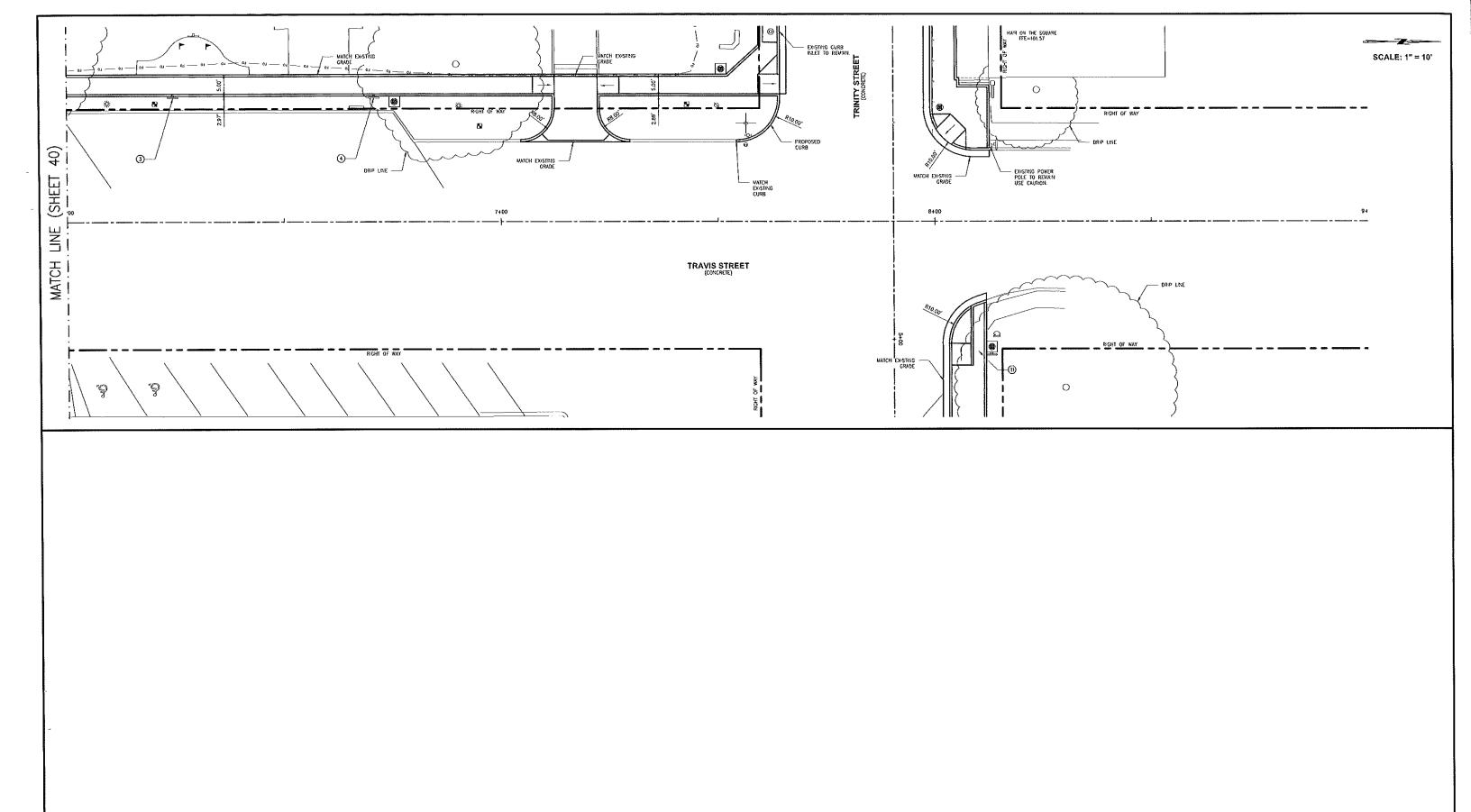












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							FOR BIDDING, OR
							CONSTRUCTION.
							ENGINEER: JEFF D. LEAVINS
			<u> </u>				P.E. NO. 111537
1							DATE: 4/8/2021

WHITELEY & OLIVER ENGINEERING, LLC

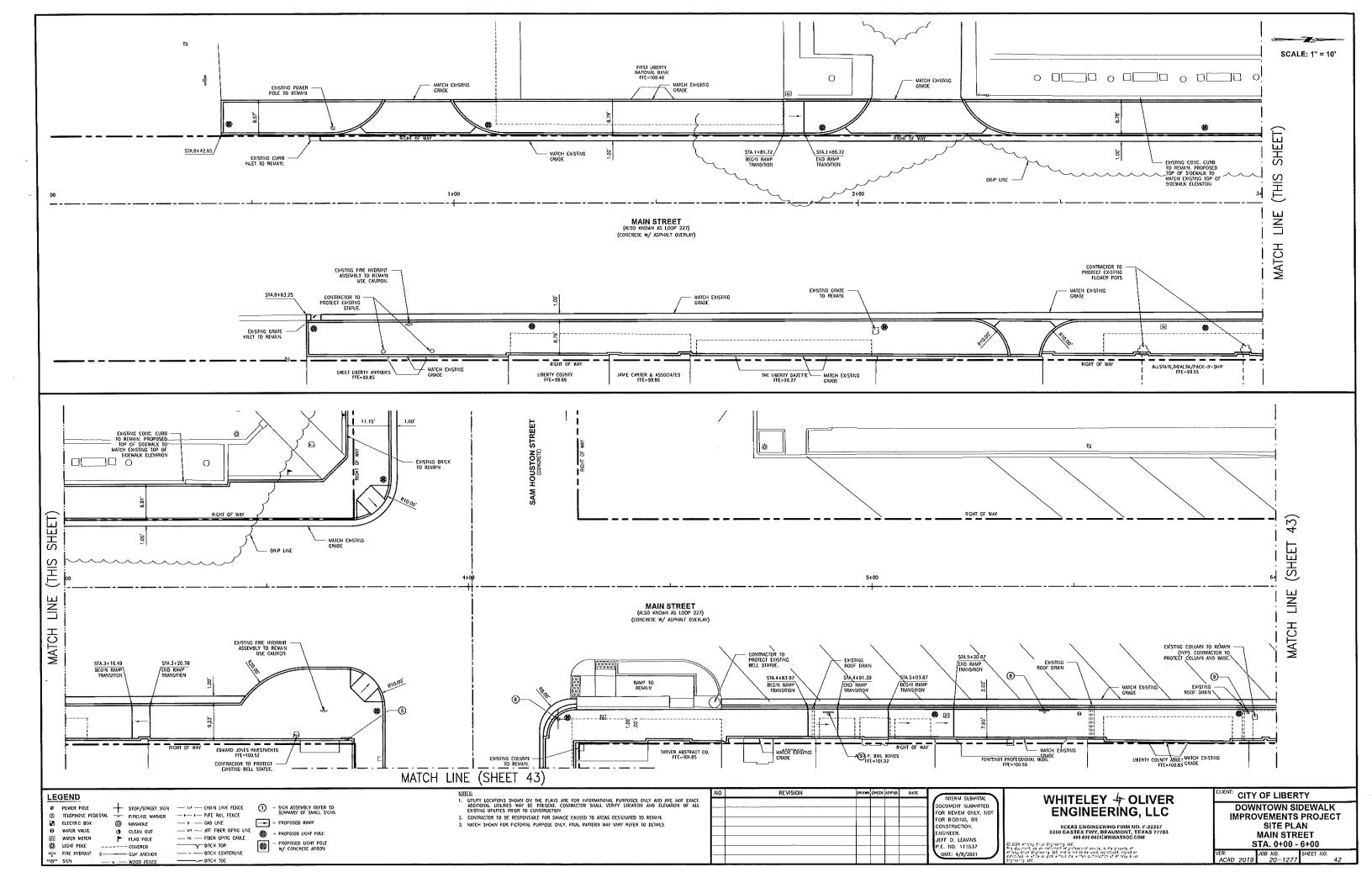
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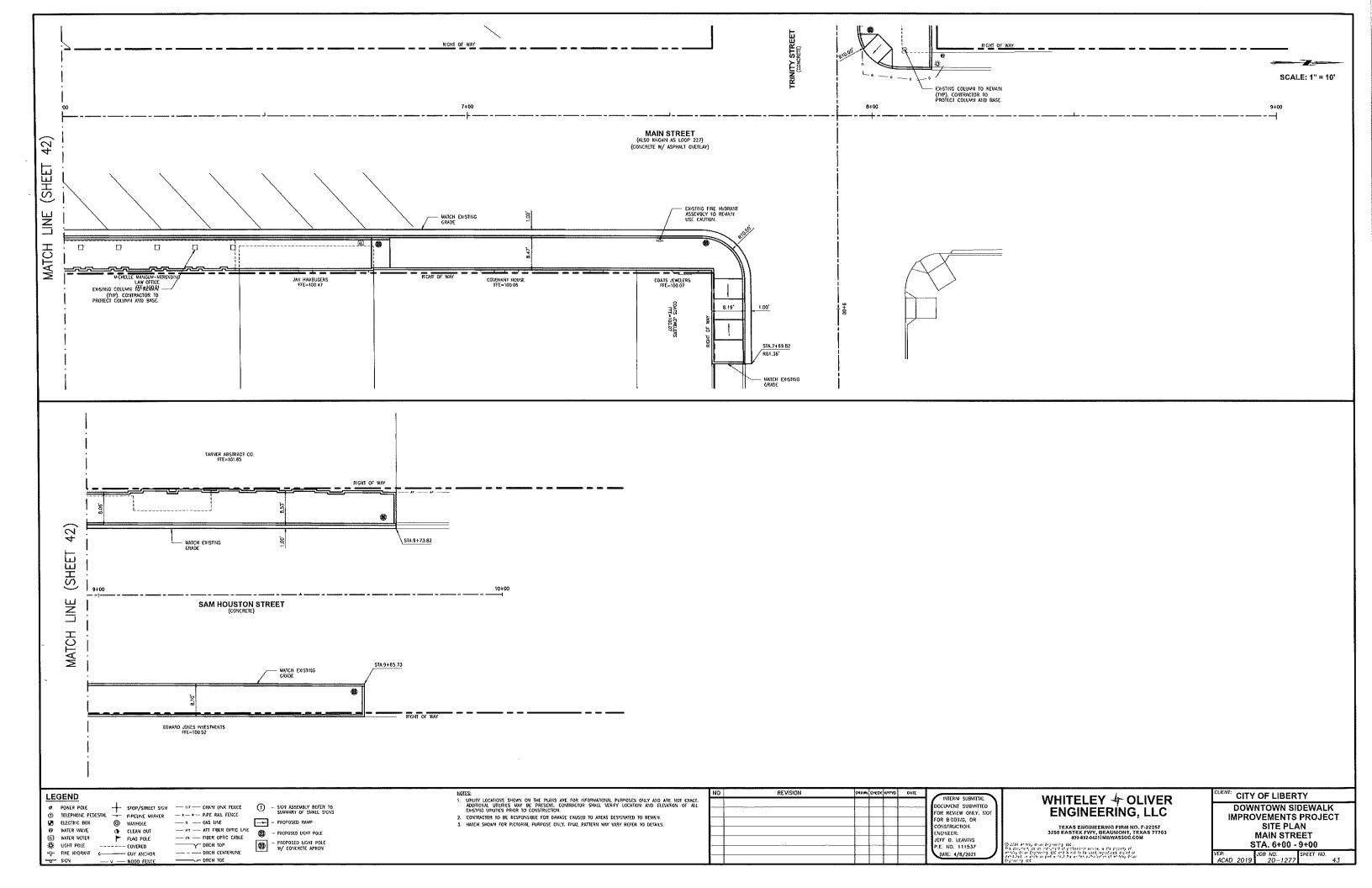
DOWNTOWN SIDEWALK
IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT
SITE PLAN
TRAVIS STREET

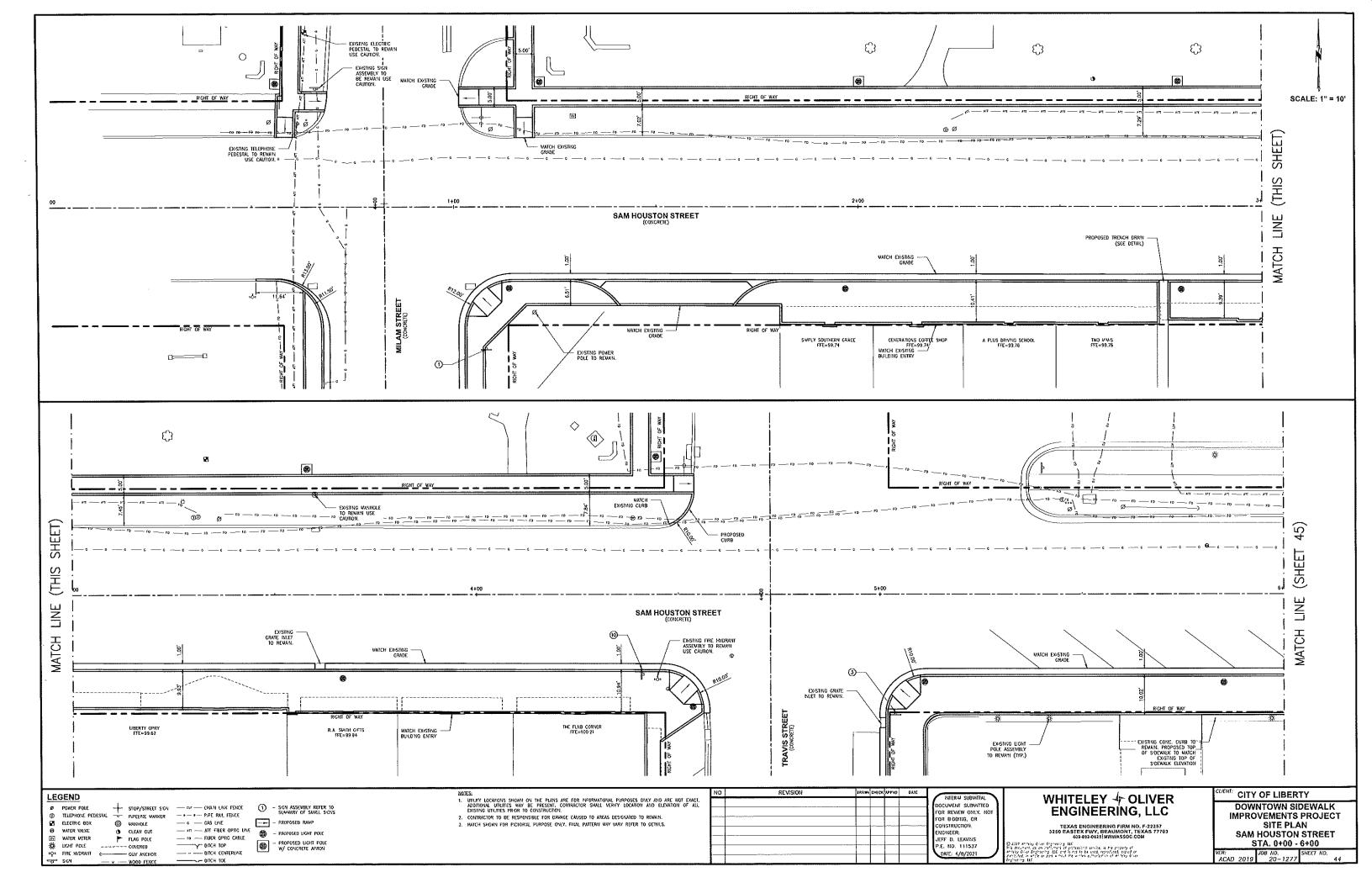
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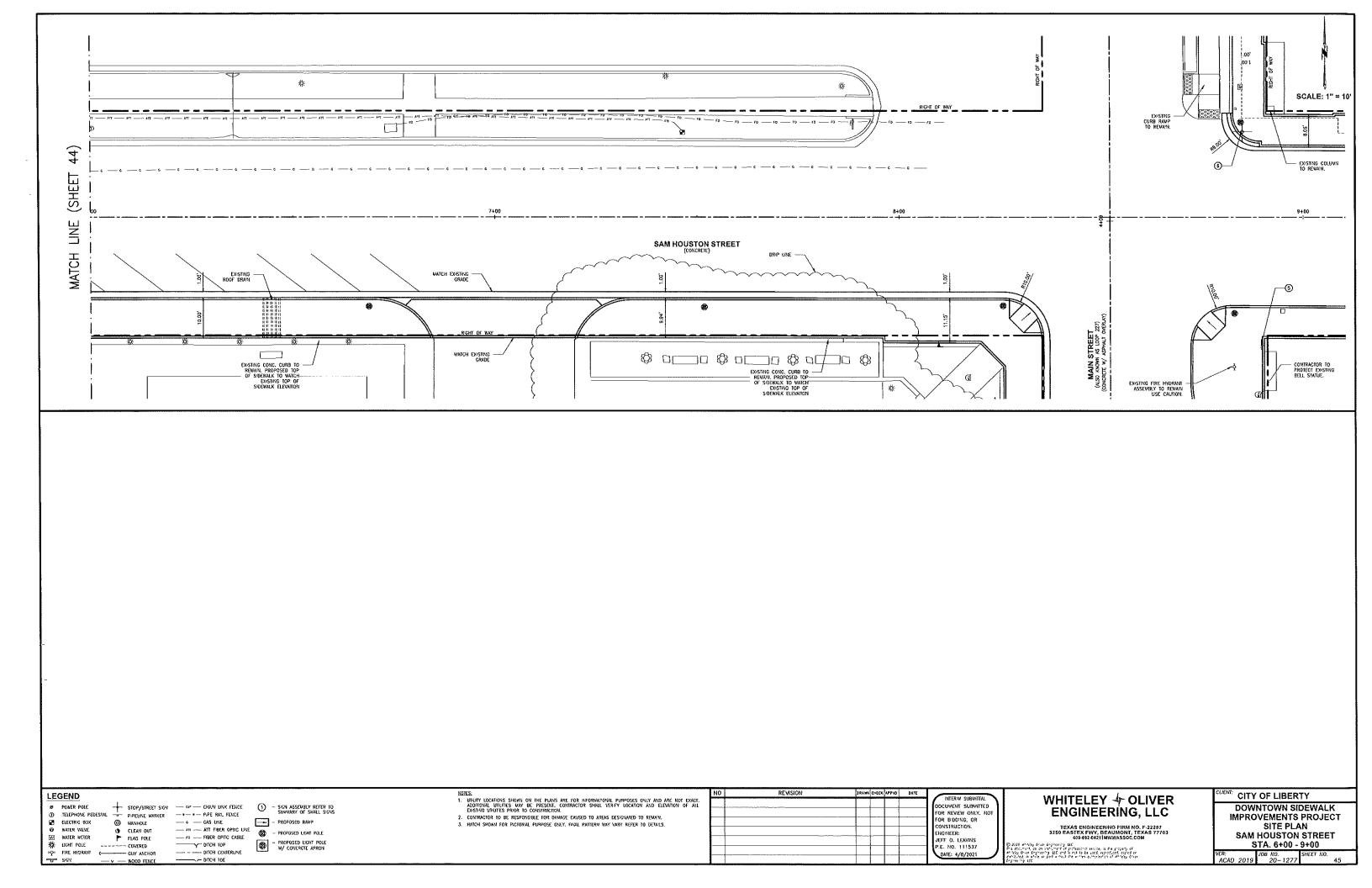
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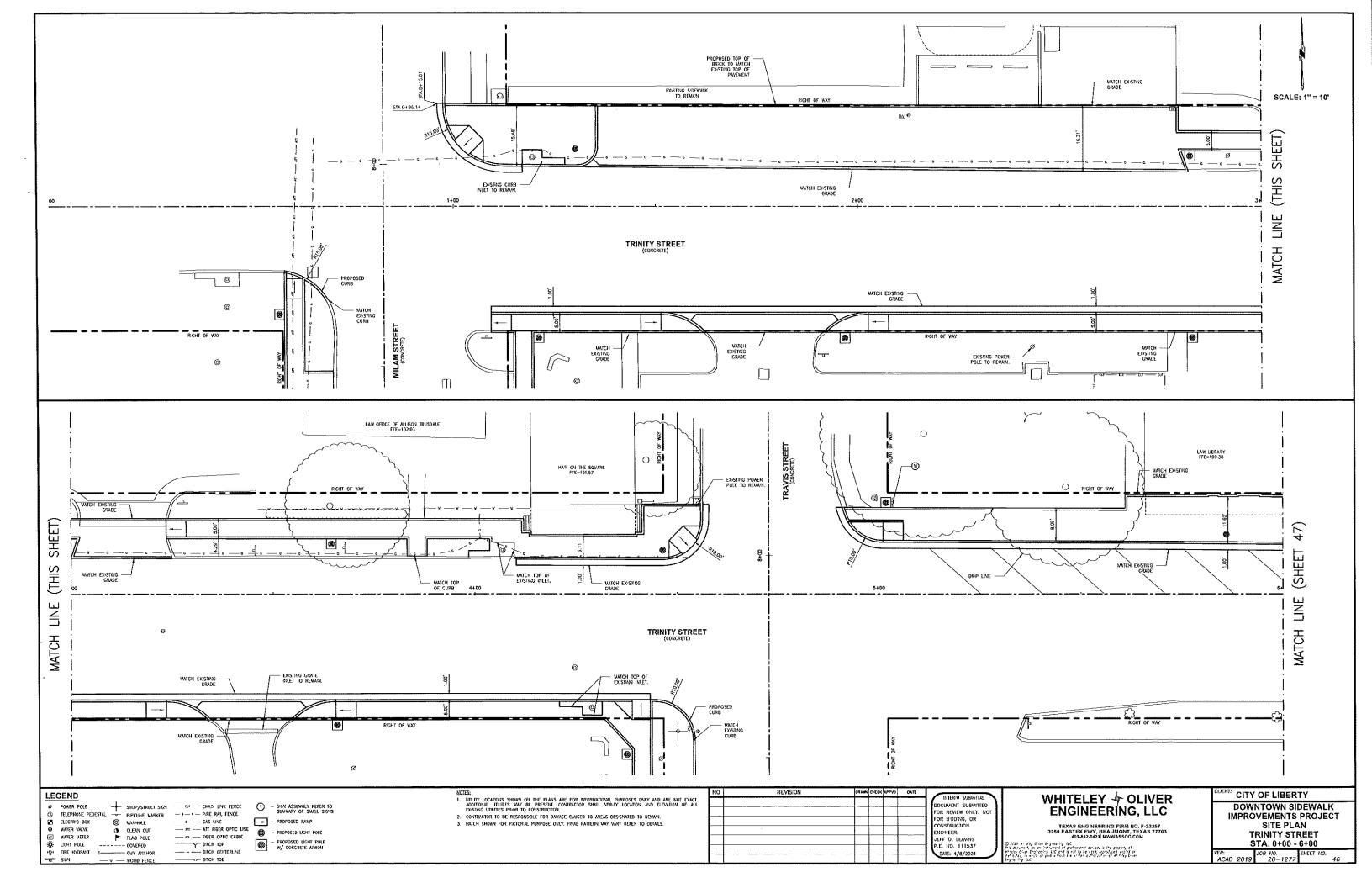
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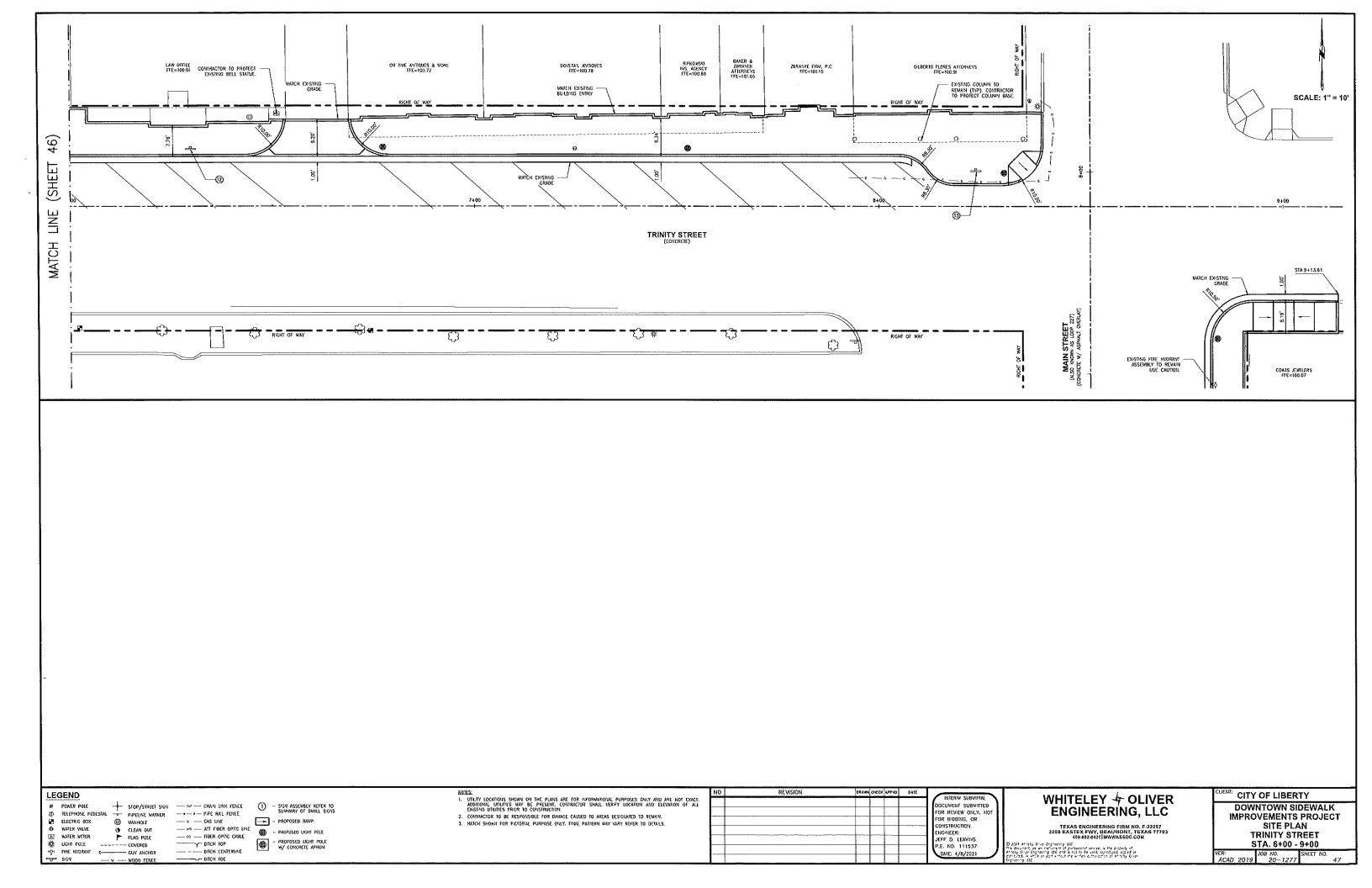


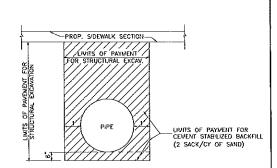




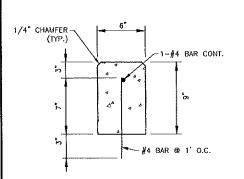








#### **STRUCTURAL EXCAVATION & BACKFILL UNDER PAVEMENT**



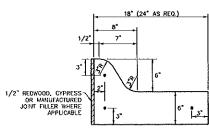
#### **RESTRAINT BLOCK**

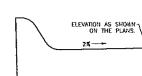
NOTES:

1. OVIT CHANFER ALONG BUILDING LINE.

2. PROVIDE \( \frac{1}{2}\)" RADIUS GROOVE JOINT \( \mathbf{0} \) 6' MAX. SPACING.

3. CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS \( A. \)





#### **TYPE II CURB AND GUTTER** 6" HEIGHT

#### CURB AND GUTTER GENERAL HOTES

- 1. ALL MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 529, "CONCRETE CURB, OUTTER, AND COUBBRED CURB AND GUTTER."

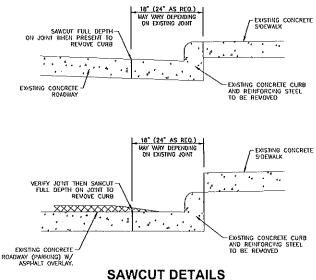
  2. CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS A.

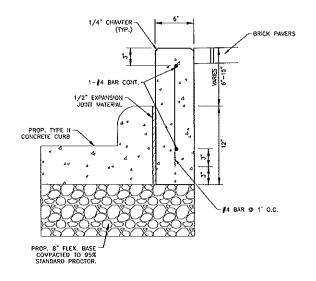
  3. REINFORCING BARS SHALL BE INO.4.

  4. ROUND EXPOSED SHARP IDGES WITH A ROUNDANS TOOL, TO A WINNUW RADUS OF 1/4NICH.

  5. ALL EXSTRING CURBS AND DRIVEWARTS TO BE REMOVED SHALL BE SANED OR REMOVED AT EXISTING JOHNS.

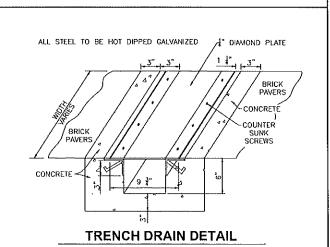
  6. EXPANSION AND CONTRACTION JOHNS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO MATCH PAYEVENT JOHNS IN ALL CURBS AND BUTTERS ADJACENT TO JOHNS AND ADJACENT JOHNS AND ADJACENT TO JOHNS AND ADJACENT

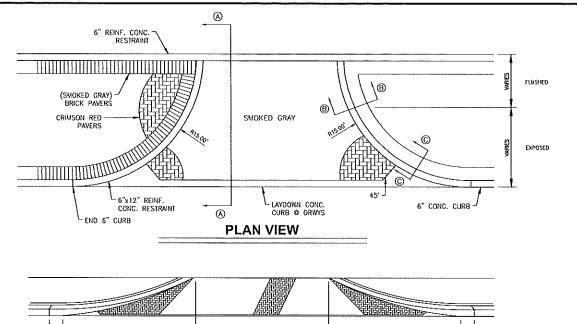




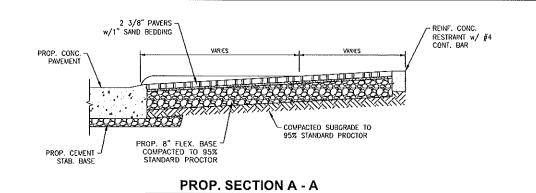
#### MODIFIED RESTRAINT BLOCK **ADJACENT TO CURB**

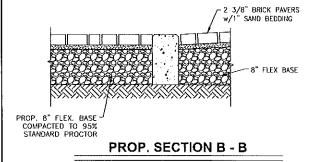
PROVIDE 1 RADIUS GROOVE JOINT 6 6 WAX. SPACING.
 CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS A.

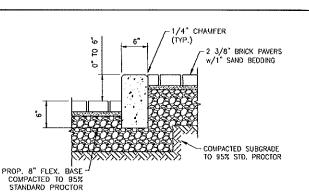




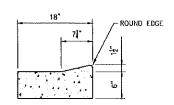






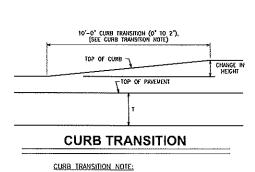


PROP. SECTION CC



TYP. DETAIL OF LAYDOWN CURB

## SOLDIER COURSE - HERRING BONE PATTERN CRIMSON RED SMOKED GRAY (TYP.) (TYP.) PROPOSED RESTRAIN - PROPOSED RESTRAIN **PROPOSED BRICK PAVER PATTERN**



FIELD CONDITIONS WAY REQUIRE A LONGER OR SHORTER TRANSITION, AND SHALL BE SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN THE PLANS,OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

INTERIM SUBMITTAL DOCUMENT SUBMITTED FOR REVIEW ONLY, NOT FOR BIDDING, OR CONSTRUCTION. ENGINEER: JEFF D. LEAVINS P.E. NO. 111537 DATE: 4/8/2021

## WHITELEY + OLIVER ENGINEERING, LLC

2021 While, Over Engineering 110.

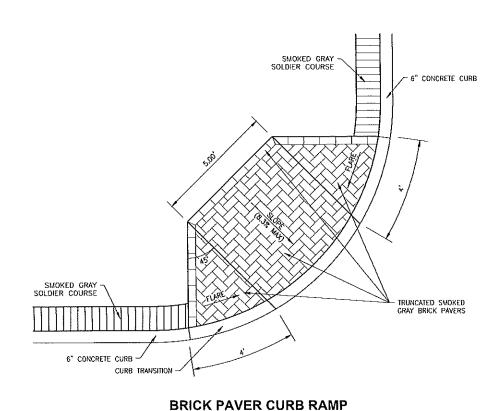
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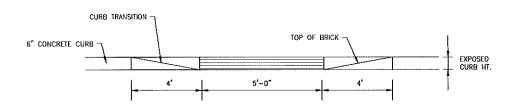
DOWNTOWN SIDEWALK **IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT** 

#### **MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS**

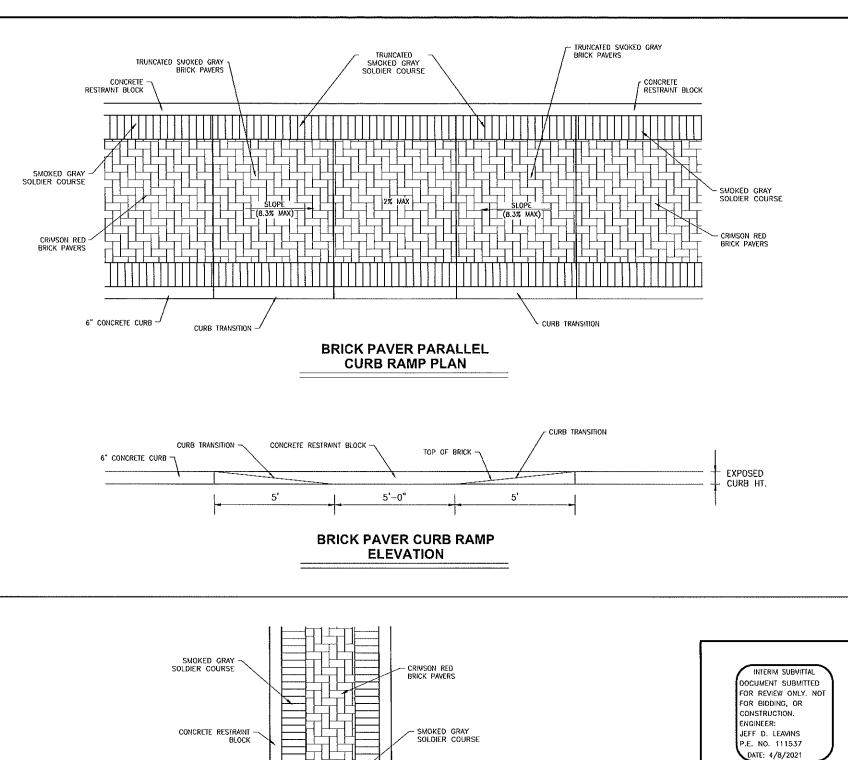
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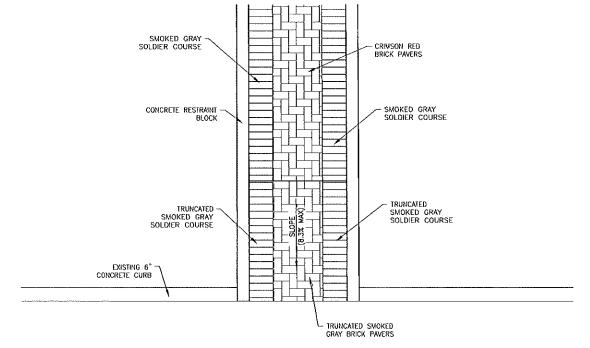


W/ IN RADIUS PLAN



BRICK PAVER CURB RAMP W/ IN RADIUS ELEVATION





BRICK PAVER PERPENDICULAR CURB RAMP PLAN

WHITELEY + OLIVER ENGINEERING, LLC

TEXAS ENGINEERING FIRM NO. F-22267 3250 EASTEX FWY, BEAUMONT, TEXAS 77703 499-892-0421 MWYMASSOC.COM

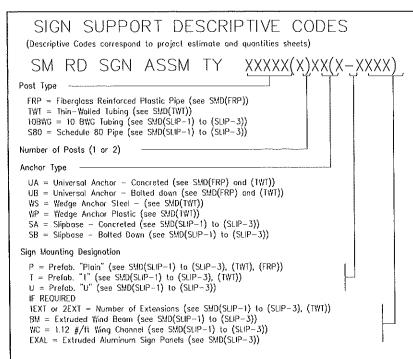
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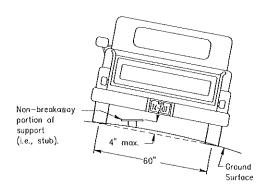
DOWNTOWN SIDEWALK IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT

MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

DR BY: THC	CK BY: SAW	APP BY: J	DL
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DATE: APR. 2021	N.T.S.	49	
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## REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chard (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

diameter

Not Acceptable

7.5 ft max -

7.0 ft min 4

Not Acceptable

### SIGN LOCATION

PAVED SHOULDERS

BEHIND BARRIER

2 (1 min**

Trove

Lane

Poved

Shoulder

### HIGHWAY INTERSECTION AHEAD 7.5 ft max Travel 7.0 ft min Lone Paved Shoulder

LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

Guard

Roit

BEHIND GUARDRAIL

3713 RO49

AHEAD

7.5 ft mox

7.0 ft min

**Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

EAST

J<u>3713</u>

When the shoulder is 6 ft, or less in width, the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the trayel lone.

5 ft min**

Travel

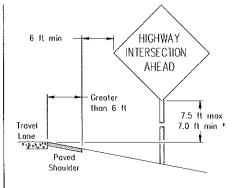
Lane

LOW

Paved

Shoulder

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES



GREATER THAN 6 FT, WIDE

HIGHWAY

AHEAD

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min

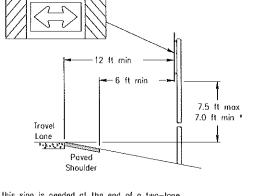
INTERSECTION

Concrete

Barrier

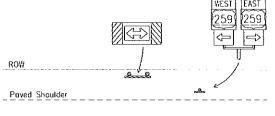
BEHIND CONCRETE BARRIER

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft. from the edge of the shoulder



T-INTERSECTION

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.



- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

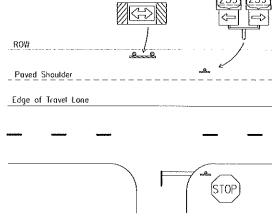
# Edge of Travel Lone

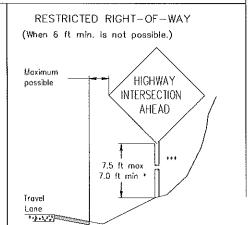
- * Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation
- (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the

The maximum values may be increased when directed by the Engineer.

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is:





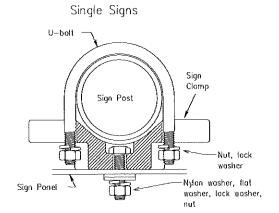
Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other

Payed

Shoulder

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lone as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme slope.



diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp ore 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

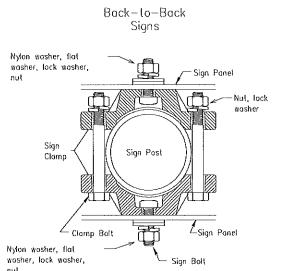
No more than 2 sign

within a 7 ft, circle.

posts should be located

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp or the universal clamp.



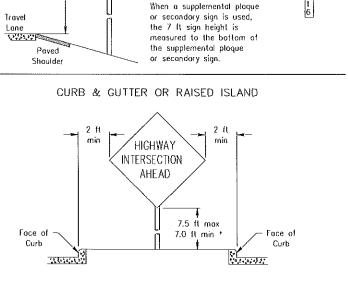
Acceptable

7 ft.

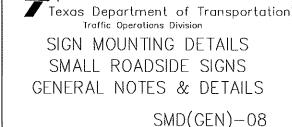
diameter

circle

O. D	Approximate Bolt Length			
Pipe Diometer	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp		
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"		
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"		
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"		

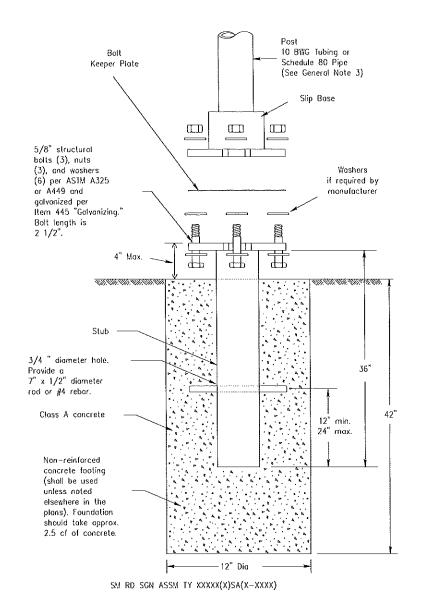


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### TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



#### NOTE

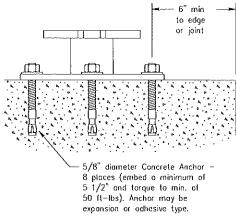
There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System.

Please reference the Moterial Producer List for approved slip base systems.

http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm_ The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations.

Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

#### CONCRETE ANCHOR



SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8" diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively

#### GENERAL NOTES:

- Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric—resistance welded steel lubing or pipe Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength

70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Woll thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoaled) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

ersal mangulal slipbase system components. The webs http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

#### ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

#### Foundation

- Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor—driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- Plumb the slub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
   The triangular slipbose system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any
  - e trongolor alphoae ayatem is mutitoricetional ono is ocsiç rection

#### Suppor

- Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lone) when slip plate is below the edge of povement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and straight.
- Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.

Texas Department of Transportation
Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

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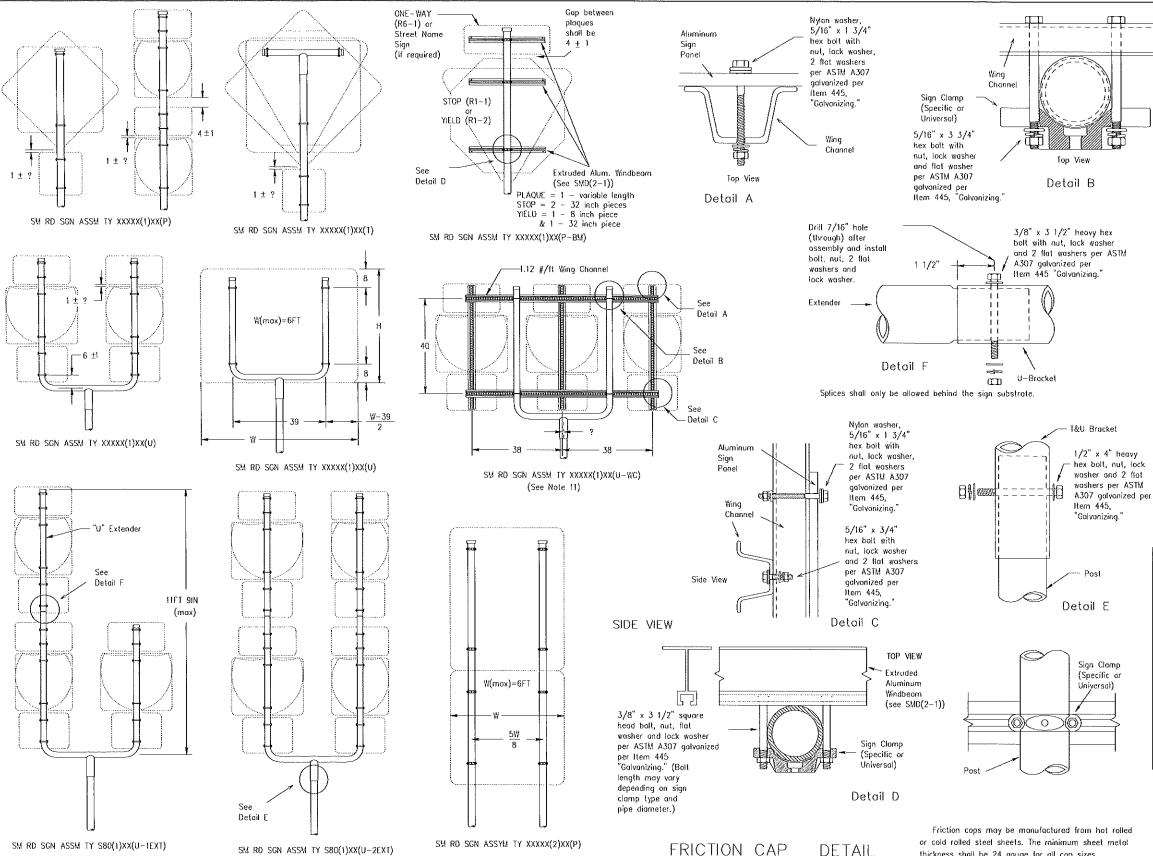


- 0.25 H

-- 0.2W

W(max)=8FT

0.6\



±.05"

Pipe 0.D.

-.025"+<u>.</u>010"

Pipe 0.D.

+.025"+,010"

Skirt

Variation

Rolled Crimp to

engage pipe O.D.

Depth

All dimensions are in enalish

unless detailed otherwise,

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(1)

(* - See Note 12)

or cold rolled steel sheets. The minimum sheet metal thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes.

The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and have no lendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

Cops shall have an electrodenosited continu of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT #		MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- 2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.

  3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown.
- Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
- Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of
- greater height.

  7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently
- when impacted by an errant vehicle.

  8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASIM A 123.
- 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing.
- 10. Additional route morkers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the iaximum allowable amount per Note 1.
- Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Cops.
- 13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the

	REQUIRED SUPPORT	***************************************
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
Regulatory	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-8M)
Regu	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
:	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(1)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
Warning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(1)
	Large Arrow sign (WI-6 & WI-7)	TY IOBWG(I)XX(T)
_		1



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

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